# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1881. NO. 185.



10 PER CENT DISCOUNT ON ALL OVERCOATS AT THE GOLDEN EAGLE,

Southwest Corner Fifth and Pine.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

DAN'L C. YOUNG, MANAGER.



HALE'S HONEY —OF— HOREHOUND & TAR!

The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS, *LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.*

The Honey of the Plant *Horehound* SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm *Abies Balsamea* CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. *PRICES:--50c. and $1.* Large Size Cheapest.

*C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New York.*

TRADE MARK.

CAUTION!

The wonderful achievements and success of **Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar** has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and *dangerous* mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain **"Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar"** *by its full name;* and also observe the above **EXACT** Trade-Mark device on the wrapper enclosing each bottle, *without which none is genuine.*

For Sale by all Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

DRY GOODS JOBBERS,

WASHINGTON AVE. AND FIFTH ST.,

St. Louis, - - - - - - Missouri.

THE FIRM OF

L. P. EWALD & CO.

Withdraws from business on this date, to be succeeded by the

EWALD IRON COMPANY,

Who will continue under the same management as heretofore.

L. P. EWALD & CO.

St. Louis, December 31, 1880.

EWALD IRON COMPANY,

Successors to L. P. Ewald & Co., and D. Hillman & Sons,

Owners and operators of TENNESSEE ROLLING WORKS, Lyon County, Ky. TENNESSEE IRON HOUSE, St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis Office and Warehouse, 519 North Main Street.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

Has just opened an elegant importation of Fine Goods, all New Styles, consisting of Jewel Cases in Russia Leather and Old Gold, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Ivory Nail Toilets, Shaving Cases, Pocketbooks, Court Plaster Cases, Odor and Card Cases in polished Olive wood. Puff Boxes, Lubins, Atkinson's and Pinaud Perfumes, Hair Brushes and Combs in Ivory and Shell. The most Elegant assortment of Fine Toilet Articles in the City.

Citizens and visitors invited to call and examine.

Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

M. W. ALEXANDER.


## TEXAN TOPICS.

### Atrocious Murder—Robbing a Stage—Gen. Auger.

GALVESTON, January 4.—A News special from San Antonio, Texas, says a most atrocious murder was committed in a wood-choppers' camp, four miles east of the city. Bruno Hilago refusing to loan his horses to Juan Ray, who desired to go to San Rosa, Mexico, the latter felled him with an axe, and, getting a gun, shot him and struck him over the head with the butt, then picked up the axe and literally chopped him to pieces. A Sheriff's posse discovered Ray yesterday hiding in the brush and captured him.

STAGE ROBBED.

On Saturday night the San Antonio and Laredo stage was stopped three miles south of Medina by two masked men, who, after pilfering the mailbags, relieved the passengers of all valuables. It is supposed the men were covered by others in the brush, owing to their utter recklessness and confidence.

General E. C. Auger, the new commander of the Department of Texas, has arrived.

### The Telegraph War.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, January 4.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company yesterday notified the Western Union Telegraph Company to remove its wires from that line of road between this city and New York.

### A Rich Ice Crop.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

QUINCY, ILL., January 4.—One hundred and seventy-five thousand tons of ice, averaging thirteen inches thick, is being packed here.

## Last Edition.

## 1881'S FIRST HORROR.

### Nine Persons Burned to Death in a Tenement House.

### Severe Injuries Sustained by Several Others.

### Exciting and Graphic Scenes of Horror at the Holocaust.

### A Babe and Two Children Thrown From the Window to Their Mother.

### Jumping From the Upper Stories for Life—A Terrible Calamity.

### List of the Dead and Injured—How the Flames Spread Death in Their Rapid Flight.

**Details of the Holocaust.**

NEW YORK, January 4.—At 8:15 this morning a fire broke out in a tenement in the rear of James Doyle's liquor store, 35 Madison street. It started at the bottom of the stairs that furnished the only exit for the tenants in a four-story building, except a fire escape attached to the building outside, and in less than five minutes swept through the stairway to the roof, cutting off the escape of a score of persons. The flames soon found vent also through the two lower stories and thus barred egress by the fire escape. The tenants, panic-stricken, made

A RUSH FOR THE ROOF,

but the scuttle was firmly hooked and would not yield. The ascending flames drove the people back within their rooms. The wildest confusion followed. Men and women threw their children from windows and jumped after them through the flames that swept across the yard, and set their clothing ablaze. When the firemen obtained the mastery, the dead bodies of nine persons who had been burned were taken out from the building.

Several were injured in their efforts to escape, and were sent to the hospital. The following is a list of the dead:

Ellen Sheridan, forty-three years; Katie Sheridan, fourteen; Maggie Sheridan, five; Martin Sheridan, three; John Walsh, thirteen; Thomas Cassidy, six; Charles Cassidy, eight; a girl named Egan, age two, and Mrs. Sheridan, age unknown. Several persons were injured, among them James Cassidy, Mary Egan, and Charles Walsh.

The scene of the calamity, the like of which has not occurred in the city since the tenement house fire in Cannon street a year ago, and the Turner Hall disaster about the same time.

THE TENEMENT

is approached through a narrow alley hardly wide enough to allow the passage of a portly man between the two tall tenements, Nos. 35 and 33 Madison street. In the front house of 35 is Doyle's liquor store; its back door opens directly upon the narrow hallway in the rear tenement, where the fire obtained its start. Plumbers were at work at the foot of the stairs thawing out the frozen water pipes, and for this purpose used gasoline. The vessel was by some means upset, and, becoming ignited, there was an explosion which blew in the door of the saloon. In an instant

BLACK SMOKE

rolled up the long stairway, drawn onward by the draught caused by the open window in the top story. There was a momentary hush as the frightened plumbers hurried into the yard. A man sitting by the bar-room stove slammed the hall door on the advancing fire. Immediately there was a wild rush overhead and the sound of breaking glass, and the air was filled with the wails of the imprisoned men and women,

SHRIEKS OF FRIGHTENED CHILDREN

and the cries for help of the barkeeper and plumbers, who ran through the street to the near-by police station. Very soon the clang of fire bells filled the street and the narrow alley became filled with firemen and police, struggling to bring help to the imprisoned and burning tenants. They came too late. The fire, finding vent through the open doors and windows of the untenanted ground floor of the house and through the door, had seized upon the shutters, window-frames and the wooden floors of the balcony outside,

LICKING THEM UP

like so much tissue paper, and reaching upwards towards the floors where the frightened men and women huddled together afraid to venture out on the fire-escape that was itself aflame, while the flames within the house were plainly visible through ill-fitting doors, these being fast consumed. Eight families occupied the house, two on each floor. On the second floor the Egans and Muldoons had at the first alarm escaped through the window. Mrs. Mary Egan, a widow, and her four grown children Margaret, Thomas, Joseph and John, reached the ground in safety by

A QUICK JUMP,

Mrs. Muldoon, who is over eighty years old, was less fortunate. Seizing her two grand-children, Annie, aged ten, and Kate aged seven, she sprang from the fire escape, but in the fall sprained or broke her leg and crawled away with difficulty. On the third floor Mr. Regan, who lived alone, escaped with his neighbors, the McKenna family, likewise by jumping. James, age nine, and Hugh, age five,

WERE THROWN THROUGH THE WINDOW

by Charles McKenna, their eldest brother, aged fifteen. The mother was sweeping in the yard when the fire broke out. She rushed to the stairway, but was met by a solid sheet of flame and, realizing the danger of her children, roused them by shouting before they knew of their danger, "JUMP, CHARLES; THROW THEM DOWN!"

The agonized mother cried and stretched out her arms to receive them. As three little heads looked over the window sill beside their brother, the mother appealed to him to throw the children to her and to jump himself, while the baby, frightened by the cries of the others, who were alarmed at the smoke which was filling the room, cried with its little arms outstretched.

"MAMA! MAMA!"

the baby cried. The boy quickly measured the distance to the ground from his third story perch. Taking the baby up first, he tossed it out and it fell into the arms of its mother, who caught the other children as they were sent to her one by one, and finally broke the fall of Charles as he leaped, and all escaped unhurt.

On the fourth floor lived Cassidy and another family of Egans. On the fifth and topmost story Mrs. Ellen Sheridan was at breakfast with four children. The men of these families, as of all the others in the house, had gone to work. Mrs. Sheridan at the first alarm gathered together the children, and sought escape by the stairs, but the fire had possession of them. There was no succor from the street and she sought the scuttle in the roof, but it was immovable. She shrank back from the leap to the yard five stories below, and, closing the door of the apartment to keep out the rapidly advancing flames, herself and children

WERE SUFFOCATED

by the smoke rapidly filling the room. The Cassidy family, unable to escape to the roof, flung themselves from the windows. Two of the children, Charles and Thomas, aged six and eight, remained in the room and were burned to death. The Egan family also

LEAPED TO THE YARD

except a child two years old, that was suffocated. Mary Egan in the fall was badly injured. Officer Thos. Barrett took two children from the second story by means of the fire escape, but the flames soon sent him to the ground with burned hands, a demoralized beard and scorched face.

The calamity was completed within a half hour. In a short time the nine bodies of the dead were removed to the police station and the saloon, now with pipes entirely thawed, resumed business.

The bodies presented

A HORRID SPECTACLE,

the flames evidently in some cases having anticipated the smoke in the work of death. Young McKenna wrapped his little brothers and sisters in sheets and blankets before dropping them to his mother and the firemen in the yard.

HE SAVED HIMSELF

by seizing a clothes line stretched between the two houses and going hand over hand beyond the line of flame. He dropped into the arms of those waiting to receive him.

A youth named Donegan through the adjoining house had reached the door of the burning building and with an axe demolished the scuttle. Katy Sheridan with a child in her arms endeavored to escape.

HER CLOTHING WAS ABLAZE.

As the girl nearly reached the top she extended her arm to Donegan, who grasped it, but the flesh peeled from the bone and the girl and child fell back to the flames, pieces of charred flesh remaining in the hands of Donegan. Three children of the Egan family may recover. John D. Reagan was saved by leaping from a window in his room to a window of the house opposite. Mary Muldoon saved her three grand-children by wrapping them in bed clothing and dropping them into the arms of the people in the yard. She herself then leaped and had her ankle sprained.

ANOTHER VICTIM

of the fire was found this afternoon, making the total dead ten. This addition to the number is the babe of Mrs. Cassidy, which was discovered wrapped in a blanket and clasped to the breast of its dead mother. Timothy Harrington, plumber, is arrested. His hands are burned. He charges the whole disaster to the carelessness of a boy helper named McGloan, who has disappeared. Their employer Mr. Patten, is also arrested. The inquest will be held next week.

## A WIFE'S LOVE.

### She Becomes Insane at the Loss of Her Husband.

BURLINGTON, PA., January 4.—The wife of George Ware, one of the men killed at Bristol, Pa., two weeks ago, by the Cincinnati Express on the Pennsylvania road, has become insane. The body of Ware will be sent to England. He had been married when killed three weeks.

### Indications.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley threatening weather and rain or snow during the day, followed in western portions by clearing weather and falling barometer, northerly winds, becoming variable, and nearly stationary temperature. For Lower Lake Region northeast to southeast winds, falling barometer, cloudy weather and light snow and light changes in temperature. For Upper Lake Region and Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, rising temperature and winds generally from south to west. Partly cloudy weather and stationary or slowly falling barometer.

### Union Pacific Roads.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 4.—The annual report of the Government Directors of the Union Pacific Road has been published, showing the gross earnings for 1880 to have been $25,000,000, an increase over 1879 of about $3,000,000. The report says unless more liberal terms can be made with the Pullman Car Company, those cars will be taken off and their places supplied. The consolidation of the Pacific roads is recommended.

### A Fatal Sleigh Ride.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PARKERVILLE, N. J., January 4.—Mrs. Mary Chadwick, a widow, went out sleighing yesterday with her brother. Another sleigh, carelessly driven by a drunken man named Herring, struck hers, killing one of the horses attached to it. The lady was so severely injured that she survived but a few minutes.

### A Daring Sneak Thief.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BROOKLYN, January 4.—A sneak-thief entered the house of Mr. Wm. C. Sheldon, 44 Remsen street, last evening, while the family was at dinner, and stole jewelry, diamonds and watches worth upwards of $5,000.

### River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., January 4.—No arrivals or departures. Commonwealth loading for Vicksburg. No ice running in the Ohio. Snow last night, rain and sleet this forenoon.

EVANSVILLE, IND., January 4.—River stationary; six feet one inch. Wind north. Thermometer 27°. Snowing hard; five inches snow fell last night.

MEMPHIS, January 4.—River falling. No arrivals or departures. Cloudy and cool.

### Marine.

LONDON, January 4.—The Alsatia and Bristol, from New York, and Milanese, from Boston, arrived out.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Arrived: Steamship Schiedam, from Rotterdam.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Arrived: Bolivia, from Glasgow.

## DEPOT DELUSIONS.

### How the Company Asked and Got "Permission to Spend Millions."

### A Letter From President William Taussig to Councilman Henry Overstolz.

### The Representations on Which the Council Bestowed Valuable Privileges.

The POST-DISPATCH published a letter the other day to which the name of Mr. William Taussig was attached. It related to the alleged Union Depot and was promptly repudiated by the gentleman. The POST-DISPATCH publishes another letter to-day to which the name of Mr. William Taussig is attached and offers in advance the opinion that the reputed author will not question its genuineness. The letter is as follows:

MR. TAUSSIG'S LETTER.

UNION DEPOT COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, July 6, 1871,

Hon. Henry Overstolz, Chairman of the Committee on Streets and Alleys:

DEAR SIR—Herewith I beg to transmit to you five plats numbered respectively from 1 to 5, each of which represents one of the localities which have been under consideration by our company for the erection of a Union Depot thereon. I would also say that none of these localities have definitely been fixed upon and that the location, in fact the carrying out of the enterprise altogether is dependant upon the liberality of the city in granting the use of the streets, without which any enterprise of the kind becomes wholly impossible.

The company asks nothing but the permission to spend millions on the erection of a general public improvement without any desire to trespass on any public or private rights or privileges.

Yours respectfully,

WM. TAUSSIG, President.

BEFORE THE COUNCIL.

This letter goes back to the inception of the Union Depot scheme and is not the only thing of interest in connection with the early stages of the movement which culminated in giving St. Louis the collection of leaky sheds on Eleventh and Poplar streets. It was addressed to Mr. Overstolz as chairman of a Council committee of which George Bain was an active working member. The letter was followed by a conference between the committee and the company's representatives, at which Mayor Brown and other members of the Council were present. Mr. Taussig and his associates laid before this gathering five plans for a Union Depot. One of these, which contemplated a site near the one at present occupied, provided for grand structures covering some six entire blocks.

The Councilmen looked and listened, and were so well satisfied with the designs of the company that, after viewing four of the five plans, George Bain abruptly exclaimed that he had seen enough to do him. Forthwith the following resolution was drawn up and a unanimous vote given in favor of it by the Councilmen present at the conference:

ENDORSED IN ADVANCE.

WHEREAS, A company has been formed for the purpose of establishing a Union Passenger Depot in this city, and whereas the carrying out of this enterprise will be of great benefit to the city and is eminently deserving of the hearty and liberal co-operation of the city; and whereas, the Union Depot Company has by its president filed with the clerk of the City Council five plats, showing as many localities, in which said company contemplate to erect a depot; therefore, be it

Resolved by the City Council of St. Louis, That in the opinion of this body the enterprise should be encouraged and [illegible] by liberal legislation, and that as soon as said Depot Company shall make application to this Council for the use of such streets and alleys as may be covered by their depot buildings and tracks, such ordinance will be passed as will enable said company to carry out this most important enterprise.

WHAT IT ALL MEANS.

There are two deductions [illegible] from this early history of the Union Depot movement. Either the preprietors were dealing out what is vulgarly called "taffy" in enormous doses to representatives of the people of St. Louis, or else they were paving the way to their local inferno with good intentions. Everything points to the latter, for from the records it appears that in their own councils the depot builders contemplated something different from the present paltry makeshift.

At one of the earliest meetings of the company, indeed, before it had become a corporation, the following was unanimously agreed upon as

THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

1. The company to be organized on a basis of $5,000,000, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| First mortgage, 7 per cent gold bonds, free of tax | $2,000,000 |
| Three millions capital stock | 3,000,000 |
| Total | $5,000,000 |

From which it is expected to realize:

| | |
|---|---|
| Two millions of bonds at, say | $1,700,000 |
| Three millions capital (assuming that only one-third be called) | 1,000,000 |
| Total | $2,7000,000 |

Which will cover the following estimated cost:

| | |
|---|---|
| Real estate | $ 739,000 |
| Tunnel (according to engineer's estimates) | 615,000 |
| Depot building (engineer's estimate) | $1,000,000 |
| Interest on bonds during construction | 100,000 |
| Contingencies | 235,000 |
| Total | $2,700,000 |

A GOOD BEGINNING.

By this it will be seen that the company contemplated nothing less than the immediate expenditure of a million dollars for the building, nearly as much more being provided for the purchase of the site. The cost of the building was the estimate made by engineers, Col. Tom Scott having furnished two of his best officers to draw the plans. That the company expected to expend fully this amount on the building there can be no doubt, for $100,000 additional was to be set apart to pay the interest on the capital invested during the construction and nearly a quarter of a million was provided to make up wherever the estimate might fall short.

As an earnest of their intentions the representatives of the road and the individual capitalists subscribed for the following amounts of stock immediately after the plan of organization was adopted:

THE FIRST STOCKHOLDERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ohio and Mississippi | $100,000 |
| Toledo, Wabash and Western | 250,000 |
| St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute | 100,000 |
| Indianapolis and St. Louis | 50,000 |
| North Missouri | 100,000 |
| Illinois and St. Louis Bridge Co. | 100,000 |
| Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis | 250,000 |
| Pennsylvania Company | 200,000 |
| Iron Mountain | 50,000 |
| Chicago and Alton | 50,000 |
| J. B. Eads | 5,000 |
| James H. Smith | 5,000 |
| Andrew Carnegie | 10,000 |
| Thomas A. Scott | 5,000 |
| Wm. Taussig | 10,000 |
| J. H. Britton | 5,000 |
| A. N. Christy | 100,000 |
| L. P. Parsons | 100,000 |
| D. Torrance | 5,000 |

OFFICERS.

The company then proceeded to organize with William Taussig as president, D. Torrance as vice-president, J. H. Britton treasurer. The directors chosen were D. Torrance, E. W. Windward, W. R. McKeen, Thomas Allen, J. B. Eads, Thomas A. Scott, J. J. Mitchell, A. Boody and William Taussig.

It may not be entirely germane, but it is interesting to know how the company expected to reimburse its stockholders for this outlay of $2,700,000. That such was anticipated is very plain from the financial scheme adopted for the management of the depot. It was as follows:

THE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

The amount necessary to pay the annual interest on the bonds and the premium thereon (say $155,000); also eight per cent interest on the paid up capital ($80,000); also the costs and expenses of maintenance (say $50,000), and a sufficient amount to provide a sinking fund of not less than $50,000 per annum, which shall be used by the trustees first to reduce by lot annually the bonded indebtedness until it is paid off and thereafter to return ratably to each shareholder 90 per cent of his stock investment, and when this is accomplished, the depot and its business shall ever thereafter be subject only to such assessment as will be required to pay its maintenance, taxes and working expenses, with eight per cent per annum on the remaining ten per cent of stock, which shall be preserved for the purpose of holding intact the corporate organization and franchises of the company, shall be assessed pro rata against all the roads using the depot and tunnel.

A FIRST CLASS DEPOT.

Interesting also in this connection is the resolution the adoption of which led to the conference with the city authorities spoken of above. It was as follows: Unanimously resolved, that,

WHEREAS, the examination of the proposed locations for a Union Passenger Depot in the city of St. Louis has developed difficulties that can only be overcome by the friendly action of the city of St. Louis, in the changing of grades of streets or vacating the same for short distances, and perhaps require the modification of existing general laws under which the depot corporation is created; and, whereas, it is desirable to unite all the roads east and west of the river in order that a first-class depot may be provided for St. Louis, therefore,

Resolved, That a special committee of five be appointed to confer with the authorities of St. Louis, with the officers of the several lines of railroads west of the river that terminate in St. Louis and such other parties as said committee may deem needful, in order to ascertain whether the facilities and united action can be obtained. Said committee to have the power to call the board together whenever they are prepared to submit a report for the consideration of the board.

This committee consisted of Thomas A. Scott, of the Pennsylvania road; A. Boody, of the Wabash; D. Torrance, of the Ohio and Mississippi; J. B. Eads, Thomas Allen and William Taussig.

There have been changes since then and rings within rings, which finally whittled down the great expectations to the present dismal reality of a Union Depot.

## CHIEF GALL.

### The Uncapapa Indian Defeated and Taken Prisoner.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FT. BUFORD, D. T., January 4.—Word has been received here from Poplar Creek Agency that a short but decisive engagement took place during the afternoon of the second between the Uncapapa Indians, who had been reported daily to come into Buford and surrender, and part of Maj. Ilges' command, consisting of Companies F, G, C, B and A of the Fifth Infantry, and Company F of the Fifteenth Cavalry. None of the troops were killed. Chief Gall with 300 of his followers were taken prisoners, and 300 horses and 40 guns captured. Sixty Indian lodges were destroyed. One Indian was killed during the fight and two wounded. Maj. Ilges will follow the rest of the hostiles for about two days and then return to Buford with his prisoners.

## YOUTHFUL DESPERADOES.

### A Lad of Fourteen Murders a Boy of Fifteen.

PHILADELPHIA, January 4.—A lad named John B. Evans, fifteen years old, was fatally stabbed last night at Fourth and Redwood streets by Martin Dorf, aged fourteen. Dorf had been sent to a bakery for bread, and was accosted on the street corner by Evans, who struck him in the face and knocked him in the gutter. Dorf says he struck Evans in self-defense, but denies he used a knife. When Evans was struck he ran to a drug store but dropped dead on the threshold. An examination of the wound showed a pocket knife had severed the artery above the breast bone. Dorf says Evans invariably tormented him when he met him on the street.

## BREWERY DESTROYED.

### A $45,000 Blaze in Alleghany City This Morning.

PITTSBURG, January 4.—The brewery of F. L. Ober & Bros., Alleghany City, having a capacity of 12,000 barrels of beer annually, was destroyed by fire at about 7 o'clock this morning. The fire started in the west end of the building and burned so fiercely and rapidly that when the engines arrived it was beyond control. Loss $45,000, on which there is an insurance of $17,000. Origin unknown.

### Senator Cockrell Sure of Re-election.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., January 4.—The Senatorial question is at rest. No opponent to Senator Cockrell has appeared and everything is solid for him. Friday night has been agreed upon as the time to caucus in the Senatorship.

The Supreme Court met this morning and commenced the call of the dockets.

### Gotham Gleanings.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 4.—The Truth newspaper published long, senseless letters from its own editor and Jayne, the Government detective, acknowledging the Morey letter to have been a forgery.

Charles M. Harland has been arrested on suspicion of robbing his uncle, Ethu Sperry, of bonds and money to the amount of $42,000.

### The Wells Habeas Corpus.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Judge Moran brought the Joel Henry Wells habeas corpus case to an end to-day by giving the gentleman twenty days in which to substantiate some of his alleged delusions, letting him out on $2,000 bonds.

### MY LITTLE SAINT.

A window where I sat one cloudy morn
Grew suddenly bright, as if it faced the East,
And day's new glory in the sky was born.
I looked to see a marvel; at the least,
Some gorgeous pageant on the public way,—
Of chariots, haply wending from the feast,
Belated, flashing on the morning gray
Their glint of gold and silver trappings: nay,
Two children, babes in years, yet looking old,
Pallid and hunger-sick, stood on the cold
Blue flagging, scarcely bluer than their feet,
Each held a little basket up and each
Cried, "Watercress! just gathered, fresh and sweet."
But one drew near, with softly hesitant speech,
Thrust back her poor starved hair, and whispered, "Buy
Of Barbara, please,—she's hungrier than I."
And as she turned I saw (my riddle read)
A golden glory round her innocent head.
HELEN BARRON BOSTWICK.

### CATTLE KING HITTSON.

**The Sudden Death of a Famous Frontier Stock Grower.**

From the New York Sun.

That John Hittson would die with his boots on was confidently predicted by everybody who knew the great Colorado cattle king. But old cattle buyers in the city who knew him in his early days could hardly credit the dispatch that came yesterday, announcing that the heroic frontiersman had actually come to his end by being thrown from that luxurious vehicle of civilization, a carriage. There were bigger stock growers on the plains than Hittson. Col. Richard King, on his ranch on the Santa Gertrudes River, Texas, kept 65,000 cattle. Mellin Kennedy built a board fence thirty-one miles long across the neck of a peninsula projecting into the Gulf of Mexico, and had 30,000 head of cattle and thousands of horses and sheep in the 240,000 acre enclosure. Hittson in his palmiest days never had over 40,000 head of cattle, but he was better known to all cattle men than any of the rest.

John Hittson was born in the woods of Tennessee fifty years ago, and his early years were spent in felling timber, pulling stumps, and breaking ground for crops of corn and wheat. Before he was twenty-five he began to grow discontented with his outlook, and he sought for some escape from a long life of struggle against poverty. The Mexican war had opened up Texas and the adjacent country for settlement, and Hittson made up his mind to go thither to seek to better his fortunes. He sold his Tennessee farm, bought sixty Texas cows and nine brood mares, and struck out into the wilderness beyond the Brazos River. He employed men as fearless as himself to help him, and established his ranch in a country filled with hostile Indians and predatory bands of Mexican outlaws. For the next fifteen years his life was a continual warfare, and his reputation for bold and daring deeds became known far and wide. He was a man of commanding presence, a splendid horseman, and a dead shot. No Comanche who got within range of the long, muzzle-loading rifle that Hittson took with him from Tennessee ever returned to his camp fire. When Hittson opened fire on them from a breech-loader, one of the first repeating rifles ever seen on the frontier, and gave them a dozen shots a minute, his enemies were more than ever convinced that they were dealing with a superhuman being. He carved out a grazing place in this hostile country and maintained it against great odds in repeated attacks. As civilization approached he moved further on to the frontier and grazed his cattle up the Pecos Valley into New Mexico. His fortunes in this time had many changes. The bands of cattle thieves and Indians would sometimes attack and kill his cow-boys and drive away the herds, but Hittson would rally a force, run down, and shoot or hang the thieves and gather up his cattle again. At other times Indians would successfully drive away his cattle, and, again, severe winters, disease, or bad markets would nearly ruin him. But at the end of eighteen years from the time he started out Hittson had forty thousand head of cattle, fifty thousand acres of land, and a long bank account. For the past dozen years he experienced more bad than good fortune. Ten years ago he quit the Pecos country, in New Mexico, and bought 20,000 acres of land fifty miles east of Denver, Colorado. His purchase lay along the only streams in that section of country, and the 200,000 acres of adjoining land belonging to the Government were valueless except as a grazing ground for Hittson's cattle. He stocked the ranche with 10,000 to 12,000 head of cattle and 400 or 500 ponies, and employed about 200 men. All this property, his house, and all its belongings amounting in value to $500,000 or more, was invested in his wife. The assigning of the property was made necessary by the series of costly litigations in which he had become involved over cattle of disputed ownership that he had bought.

Mr. Hittson was in the prime of manhood at the time of his death. He was six feet one inch tall, straight, lithe and sinewy. He was a blonde in complexion and wore his light-colored hair long. He had a finely-cut face, the striking feature of which was the firm, square-set jaws, which stamped him as a man of resolution. His eyes were a clear, steely blue, ordinarily pleasant in expression, but flashing fire when he was aroused. Mr. Hittson was usually a genial, companionable man, but when excited by liquor, as he not infrequently was in his later years, he was a dangerous man to cross. He always carried a pair of heavy pistols, and they were used in a twinkling when his passion was up. His cowboys liked him but feared him, and his long battles with the Mexicans on the Texas frontier made the herders of that race give him a wide berth. His lifetime on the frontier made him a sort of law unto himself, and courts and juries were to him slow means of administering justice. He believed in dealing with offenders on the spots without any waste of time.

As a host on his big ranch Hittson was a royal entertainer, and no one who has been his guest will ever forget his generous, almost lavish hospitality. Other particulars of his death, than that he was thrown from a carriage by a runaway horse on Christmas day, have not been received by his friends in this city.

**A Possible Adjunct to the Rogues' Gallery.**

From the London Globe, December 17.

Every one is familiar with the furrowed impression of a finger-mark; but it is not so generally known that the character of the print varies considerably for each individual. Indeed, a person can be readily and faithfully identified by the marks of his thumbs when other physical peculiarities are at fault. Had the finger-marks of the genuine Roger Tichborne been by any possibility preserved among the archives of that noble and notorious family, the interminable question of his identity with the person called the "Claimant" might have been solved in a moment, and the time and money and judicial eloquence wasted on it might have been saved. The slender young Roger with the melancholy eyes might grow into the adipose elderly party now recovering his original agility on the wholesome regimen of Dartmoor Prison; but the wavy lines of Roger's thumb would never alter into the likeness of the Claimant's. The personal development of a generation seems to make little or no change in the pattern of the epidermis. In general the print of a man's finger differs from that of a woman's and a Hindoo's from a European's, but individual differences are so marked, even in the same family, that it would be unsafe to pronounce any given signature to be that of a male or a female, a Hindoo or an Englishman. It is in this individuality of the impression that its value as a true sign manual lies, because this property prevents it being forged. For more than twenty years the method has been used with great success in India by Mr. W. I. Herschell, who now suggests its adoption in the English army to prevent desertion, and in the English prisons to identify the criminals. Mr. Herschel tried it first on the Indian government pensioners (and for Orientals, who seem so much alike to the European eye, there is a special advantage in employing it); then he tried it in several registration offices, where it "put a summary stop to the very idea of either personation or repudiation," and lifted the cloud of superstition which always hangs over such offices in India. Finally, he introduced it into the gaol, by making each prisoner sign with his finger; and any official visitor could thereafter satisfy himself in an instant of the identity of the man before him, by simply getting him to make his finger sign.

### PUNISHMENT OF CRIME.

**Henry Bergh's Vigorous Call for the Whipping Post.**

From the New York Herald.

No man should commit crime. If a man cannot exist among us without committing murder, kill him; get him out of the way as soon as possible. What did we recently see in the Tombs? A man who was imprisoned for a most atrocious murder, whose heart was black as his skin, was fairly besieged by beautiful women, who fed him on luxuries, made his cell a bower of flowers and fruit, and did all in their power to make him imagine that he was a saint and a hero. This maudlin nonsense should stop. Why, kind-hearted, honest poor men were starving while this vile miscreant was being pampered in luxury. I have been sixteen years in the criminal courts looking after the welfare of what are called the lower animals, but I have a greater respect for them than I ever had before. I had an opportunity of comparing them with some of the base and miserable samples of humanity that I have met in these courts. Animals never commit such acts as some of these horrible miscreants commit. A great deal has been said about penal institutions being reformed. I would abolish all of them except the higher grade of prisons for the incarceration of the worst criminals, and I would set up whipping posts everywhere to scourge the minor offenders. And to make sure that the lash would be put on feelingly, so that politics could not creep in to help the offender, I would offer a prize or reward for a steam machine that would have no mercy and could not be bribed. Criminals are pampered in such manner and given such comfortable quarters in the Tombs and on the island, and have so much better food and are so much better lodged than thousands of poor working people are, that they commit all the minor crimes in order to be sent to these comfortable hotels. When will this nonsense stop? We should have the bastinado here. It is a charming style of whipping, and makes the recipient cry out lustily that he will not do so any more, and he generally keeps his word. When I was in the East I asked my dragoman if these men kept their promises not to do so any more, and he looked at me with almost incredible surprise as he responded, "Oh, yes, they always keep their word; they are quite contented." We want a good deal of that contentment here. The idea of a whipping lowering a man in his own estimation is a farcical one. How much estimation has a man for himself when he preys on society? No; a whipping is the best kind of moral suasion you can give a criminal. Some want to take the confirmed criminal by the hand as soon as he comes out of prison and do something for him—perhaps give him an office, perhaps send him to Congress; but they should not do that. For many bad men are already in office. The best thing you can do to a man who has served a term in prison is to get him sent off where he is not known and let him try life anew; there is no chance for him where he is known, and any attempted reformation based on the supposition that there is, is false and injurious.

### THE LATE BLANQUI.

**Wonderful Career of An Industrious French Conspirator.**

From the New York Evening Post.

Louis Auguste Blanqui was a brother of the more noted economist Jerome Adolphe Blanqui, and was born in 1805 at Nice, when that city was undergoing changes of allegiance and opinion between Italy and France. He was a born revolutionist, and has remained true at least to his opinions to the end of his days. At the age of twenty-five he had already taken arms against the Orleanist Charles X., and received therefor the famous decoration of July. When the government of Louis Philippe had been restored his advocacy of every extreme political opinion became manifest in contributions he made to the French press and is not unjustly accused of having been more instrumental than any other in fomenting the troubles of 1848.

In 1835 he had already been arrested, tried and sentenced to a fine of 200 francs, but at his sentence he posed in this, as on the many subsequent occasions when he suffered imprisonment and exile as a martyr, and received allegiance thereby from the more violent districts of France. Only a few years after this first arrest he was sent to prison for two years and fined 3,000 francs for supposed complicity in the infernal devises against the life of Louis Philippe by Joseph Fieschi and his accomplices. Before the full term of his imprisonment had expired he was amnestied, but was no sooner released than he renewed his attempts against the monarchy by hand and tongue. In 1839 he was at the bottom of an insurrection with Barbes and others, and when discovered was condemned to death. This penalty, however, he escaped, his sentence having been commuted to perpetual imprisonment, which in France meant only imprisonment until a change of government took place. Here he remained until Louis Philippe was deposed, and the anarchists of '48 released him and wished to place him at the head of affairs. He then organized after the revolution of February, the Central Republican Society, which menaced seriously the previsional government. Shortly after this he organized another attempt against the constituent assembly, but was this time driven from his course by his own party, whose violence and restlessness did not allow him to complete a victory. After this he was again obliged to endure a "martyrdom" and was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in Belle Isle, where he remained until 1859. Scarcely had he been free for three years when he was again imprisoned after the commune of 1871. His last release, only a year or so ago, was the cause of great rejoicing in the south of France. He began anew his revolutionary career and promised when returned to the legislative assembly to create a fresh disturbance in the country. Little, however, has been heard of him since the refusal of the Chambers to ratify his election.

### SKIMMINGS.

If some of the children's dolls were made cross-eyed and freckled they would be more lifelike.

When a married woman buys a pug dog for a low price she gets a bargain and her husband gets something to boot.

Of a miserly man somebody wrote: "His head gave way, but his hand never did. His brain softened, but his heart couldn't."

"Would you like to look through the big telescope?" asked one girl of another. "No, I'd a great deal rather look through a keyhole."

Krupp, the cannon maker, has gone to work making railroad iron. Probably his guns were not fatal enough to suit his taste for slaughter.

Eucalyptus leaves sprinkled in a bed will make fleas flee. It is merely a question whether one would prefer fleas or eucalyptus leaves in his bed.

Look upwards in the city and see the network of wires. Then you will understand why it is natural that there should be so many rumors in the air.

Beaconsfield ascribes his success to women. Adam laid all his trouble to the same source. Adam, we are ashamed of you. Beaconsfield, you are a gentleman.

Sarah Bernhardt says she will always remember with sentiments of profound gratitude the cordiality of her reception in Boston. "I like ze people, I like ze place and I like ze manners; but ze been—non!"

"I say, Clem," cried two disputing darkies, appealing for decision to a sable umpire, "which word is right—dizactly or dezactly?" The sable umpire reflected a moment and and then, with a look of wisdom, said, "I can't tell perzactly."

### AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

**The Last New Year's Reception of the Hayes Family.**

From a Washington Letter to New York Times.

But let us look at Mrs. Hayes as she stands by the stalwart form of the President. A noble looking woman of medium height, almost handsome, who has not lost on the life-way any of the riches of womanhood. Just, as the earth is most brilliant in Autumn, all the garnered stores of middle age crown her head. The black hair of the brunette still binds her temples in satin bands. Her taste in dress is purely artistic. A heavy cream-white corded silk, embroidered in pearls, a steel comb in her hair, a cameo set with diamonds—the only jewel. Not a particle of color to be seen anywhere. If the manners of Schuyler Colfax are remembered in his palmiest days, it is only necessary to recall them as applicable to Mrs. Hayes. Serene and thorough contentment shines through every lineament of the smiling face, as though to say, "Heaven may do for the saints, but this poor earth is good enough for me."

The Red Room is a stately apartment. It was adorned with graceful palms, and a solitary basket of white camelias ornamented the side-table. An old-fashioned hickory fire crackled on the hearth, while opposite the flames might be seen the $2 000-screen which the ladies of Philadelphia presented to Mrs. Hayes. In this room, with the beautiful screen for a background, stood Secretary Evarts, surrounded by a brilliant gathering of men in gaudy uniforms and gold lace. As if to carry out the comparison, the women's plumage was as grave as that of forest wrens. Taller than the tallest, except his own son at his side, stood Sir Edward Thornton, Dean of the Diplomatic Corps. In this Red Room alone there was enough gold lace and furbelows to dazzle the eyes of 40,000,000 people. Lady Thornton was clothed in black satin, even to bonnet and boots. Not a thread of color relieved her somber toilet, and for jewelry, there was none. Her daughters were no more conspicuous than herself. She had a languid air, which seemed to say, "I wish this everlasting bore was over." Secretary Evarts was talking French, or some other foreign language that he would not dare to inflict on the citizens of New York. Queer sounds issued from his mouth, as though his sharp lawyer's tongue was loosening at the roots. A large number of the Misses Evarts stood around, looking like duplicates of the same pattern—all blondes, all in gray. They were attended by a few of the handsome spouts from the State Department, to whose skirts, Gen. Beale would say, "clings the odor of royalty."

Secretary Evarts says that every country with which the United States has diplomatic relations was represented. As this was the last New Year's appearance of the slowly dying Administration, all that has made a part of it assembled for the last display. The cream of the District Police, stalwart in stature, were disposed about the rooms, arrayed in army blue and brass buttons. It hardly seemed that so many were necessary unless a serious emergency was anticipated; but they stood, sentry-like, on each side of the broad doors. At last the stately play began by the entrance of Sir Edward Thornton, preceded by the Secretary of State. Then followed the representatives of France, Germany, and the different nations, according to a code established among themselves. They were presented by Col. Casey, an Army officer as well as Commissioner of Public Buildings and Grounds, to the President and Mrs. Hayes, and by the latter to such of her guests as she desired particularly to honor. As the last diplomat disappeared into the room beyond, Chief Justice Waite came forward with his beautiful daughter on his arm. She was gorgeously attired in an exquisite costume of black, embroidered in all the brilliant colors of the butter-fly. The Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, with their ladies, were in the train, and Worth's superb toilets were the rule. Following the Judges came one of the most distinguished looking men of all. He has the stately height and bearing one would ascribe to an Emperor, but his fine handsome face is carved in bronze. The President took his hand between his two palms as if he would atone for the blight he threw upon him in giving him the office of Marshal, and withholding from him those honors that have heretofore been enjoyed by his predecessors, for it should not be forgotten that the Marshal of the District of Columbia, prior to Mr. Hayes' Administration, was the recognized Master of Ceremonies at the White House upon all occasions of ceremony. Marshal Frederick Douglass was the individual whom the President thus warmly greeted, a black man who can make the world forget his color. Senators and members next made their appearance. Mr. McDonald, of Indiana, came with his future bride upon his arm. Senator Bruce and his graceful wife followed. Mrs. Bruce wore purple satin, so trying to the complexion of the white race, but harmonizing with the rich cream color of her skin. Members, Senators and Judges of the lower courts stretched out an almost endless train.

**New York's Capitol.**

New York Special to Chicago Times.

A World special from Albany says: The cracked roof of the new capitol is not the greatest danger which threatens life and property growing out of the erection of this huge structure. The whole superstructure, with the hill it stands on, will probably sooner or later slide off into the Hudson River, carrying death and destruction to every person and thing in its course. The new capitol in a house built upon the sand—and quicksand at that. The underlying rock here is what is known as Hudson River shale. Above this are sand, gravel, and claybed. In digging for the foundation of the new capitol the workmen came upon quicksand, and in order to have any kind of solidity at the base of the mammoth structure a floor of cement was laid equal in extent to the whole size of the building and from five to ten feet deep. Close examination will convince the most skeptical that it is only a question of time about the new capitol moving from its present site and depositing itself in the Hudson. Even now the entire hill upon which it rests is evidently in motion toward the river, and of course no excavation or fixture could be made permanent on such a foundation. This sliding effect may be hastened at any time by a severe storm wetting the material deeply and giving it a greatly increased weight, besides loosening its attachment to the more solid mass below, the shale.

**John McCullough's Goodness.**

New York Correspondence Chicago Times.

The attaches of Haverly's Fifth Avenue Theater are in a state of delirious admiration for John McCullough. During that actor's engagement at the house spoken of, one of the stage hands, in manipulating the lightning for the play of "Brutus," had several of his fingers blown off, and sustained a number of other injuries, through an explosion produced by his own carelessness. Mr. McCullough, although not called upon to do anything of the sort, promptly came to the man's assistance with a $100 greenback, and subsequently raised among the different members of his company the sum of $35 more. The unfortunate man has been lying at the point of death for some time past, but is now slowly recovering. This kindness on the part of McCullough is related as one of the many unostentatious acts of charity which he is constantly responsible for. At the close of his engagement at the Fifth Avenue Theater, from the scrub-women to the ushers, he presented all with at least $10 apiece, whether they did anything for him or not. Consequently they swear by him, and say with a mysterious accent, which means much: "Just you wait. Bymeby that feller'll come back here agin. Then we'll whoop it up for him, you bet!"

**A Remarkable Marriage.**

Logansport (Ind.) Special to Chicago Times.

About two months ago the seventeen-year-old daughter of George Bell, constable, found herself in a delicate predicament, owing to her indiscretions with a Pan-Handle brakeman, named George Calloway, and whom she had loved well but unwisely. At this discovery the boy was arrested and bound over to court. On the way to jail, however, the wily youth succeeded in eluding the officer, and escaped from the city, from which day he has never been seen here. After this little episode a New York police paper published an illustration of the escape, and also gave a somewhat touching account of the girl's wrongs. Among those who read the article and viewed the picture was one Solomon C. Phillips, a rich widower, who lives away out in Iowa. Somehow or other the story struck a tender chord in his soul, and with true manly feeling he determined to find out something more of her, and if she proved as worthy of his love and pity as the article had led him to believe, to make her his wife. Accordingly he wrote her a letter, stating the feeling toward her that had stolen over him upon reading of her sad case, and asking her to correspond with him. Miss Bell was greatly puzzled at receiving such a strange missive, and went to her parents for advice. After much discussion and the calling in of some confidential friends, it was decided to write to the postmaster at Phillips' place of residence and learn whether or not the gentleman was what he claimed for himself. An answer soon came saying Phillips was of the standing and character named, that he owned considerable property, and was altogether a very fine fellow. This statement settled the mind of Miss Bell in the matter, and she replied to the gentleman's letter. To this an answer came, and was in turn acknowledged by the girl, until at last Phillips asked for her heart and her hand. This was accepted and the Iowan came on here and met the object of his affection. A warm attachment at once sprang up between the couple and they were married. The ceremony was performed on Thursday evening last, but the romance of the case was kept from the public for the time being, owing to the urgent request of the parents of the girl. The case is certainly most remarkable, and one that will naturally attract widespread attention. It is understood the couple will take up their abode at the old home of Phillips in the State of Iowa, where they will no doubt live long and happily together. The fatherless child, that proved at once a curse and a blessing, is alive and as fat and saucy as can be. It will be taken with the couple to their western home, and given every needed attention.

### A DYING ARTIST'S VISION.

**Rising From His Pillow to Paint and Falling Dead Before the Canvas.**

From the New York Sun.

John Pope, pupil of Couture, associate of the National Academy, one of the founders of the Artist's Fund Society, and an enthusiast in his profession, died at his home in Fourth avenue on Wednesday night, believing that at last, after forty years of labor, he had found the secret of perfected art. A man more thoroughly enraptured with his calling never lived. He painted while daylight lasted, and then he spent the evening in producing the crayon drawings so much admired in the exhibitions at the Academy of Design. Though as a portrait painter he excelled, the dream of his life was to produce srong figure pictures, in which the background of landscape would form as effective a part as the figures themselves. This was his ruling passion in life, and as he neared the end the passion grew stronger.

On Wednesday evening, as he lay back on his pillows, very weak and ill with hemorrhage of the lungs, his wife, who, with their two children, was watching at his side, was startled by his suddenly rising in bed and crying feverishly:

"Quick! give me my palette and brush. I must paint. Don't attempt to stop me now, for at last I see all. I can do it now, for I have just discovered the art through the influence of visions of exquisitely graduated music. It is plain as day at last!"

His wife, alarmed at his excitement, made a weak attempt to dissuade him, but as opposition only increased his excitement and it was evident that his end was very near, she humored him. His paints, brushes and canvas were brought to him, and his tearful relatives arranged the coverings of the bed so that they would look more like the drapery of his studio. He began his work with a haste amounting almost to frenzy.

"At last, at last," he cried. "I have found the beauty which all my life and over all the world I have been struggling for."

He painted faster and faster, evidently believing that the canvas would show the beauty that he conceived, although it was in truth a sad realization of the conception. It was late in the day when he began his deathbed picture. It grew darker and darker as he went on and his sorrowing family sat around him powerless to ease his last moments. At last it grew so dark that even he in his excitement noticed it.

"Let us go to the studio," he cried suddenly.

"No, no; not to-night. Wait until to-morrow."

"We must go to the studio," he exclaimed, making an effort to rise to his feet. The tax upon his strength was too great; without another word he fell back on his pillows, dead.

Henry A. Loop, the artist whose painting, the "Echo," attracted attention in the Centennial Art Gallery, said last evening: "I knew John Pope for twenty years, and a more honest, earnest, and devoted student of art I never met. When he studied in Paris with Couture, William M. Hunt was his colleague, and they returned to Boston together. Pope, after a short season there, went to New York, where he has lived ever since. He was a singularly quiet man, worshipped his family, and was much loved in return. He constantly improved, his last portraits comparing most favorably with those of Baker. Though he did not exhibit lavishly, he will unquestionably be missed in the Academy, where his delightfully executed little crayons were always surrounded by an enthusiastic host of connoisseurs.

Mr. Pope was sixty years old. He had been ill only a week.

**Aaron Burr's Old Home.**

From the New York Sun, 1st.

The Provost mansion, in the town of Pelham, near the bridge over East Chester Creek, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night, together with the furniture, paintings, statuary and many ancient relics which were highly prized. The mansion was very large, two and a half stories high, with massive columns of the Corinthian order along the front. It is said to have been occupied at one time by Aaron Burr. The present Provost family holds the land upon which the mansion stood under a patent granted to their ancestors by the English crown. One of the ancestors and former occupants of the mansion defended Savannah successfully against an attack of Count de Grasse, commanding the French fleet. Another of the family was the Governor of Nova Scotia, and his portrait is on the wall of the Parliament House of that province. Two other brothers were officers in the British army. To the memory of one of the ancestors of the present family a tablet was erected in St. Paul's Church, East Chester; but after the war with Great Britain, the patriotic feeling of the people in Westchester County became so manifest that the wardens and vestrymen of the church were obliged to remove the tablet from the inside of the edifice to a less conspicuous place outside, where it still remains. The occupants of the mansion up to the time of its destruction were George A. Provost and his wife, the daughter of the Dean of Carlisle, and two maiden sisters, who own considerable land in Albany, Greene and Ulster counties by virtue of patents granted in colonial times.

**An Era of Princely Giving.**

From the Chicago Standard, Dec. 30.

The late Mr. James E. Brown, of Kittanning, Penn., has left to various benevolent institutions the magnificent sum of $1,680,000. This is to be used for home and foreign missions, education, etc. Mrs. Stone, of Massachusetts, has recently distributed over $600,000 for similar purposes. During the past twelve months $500,000 have been given to our two Baptist educational institutions at Rochester, N. Y. The Congregational Theological Seminary in this city has just received $50,000 from one source, and we learn that $100,000 have been conditionally pledged. The Presbyterian Theological Seminary here is reported to have received $100,000 quite lately. We might multiply these instances indefinitely, but these of themselves are sufficient to justify what is implied in the caption of our article—that this is an era of princely giving.

### WILL.

There is no chance, no destiny, no fate,
Can circumvent or hinder or control
The firm resolve of a determined soul.
Gifts count for nothing; will alone is great,
All things give way before it, soon or late.
What obstacle can stay the mighty force
Of the sea-seeking river in its course,
Or cause the ascending orb of day to wait?

Each will-born soul must win what it deserves.
Let the fool prate of luck. The fortunate
Is he whose earnest purpose never swerves,
Whose slightest action, or inaction, serves
The one great aim.
Why, even Death stands still
And waits an hour sometimes for such a will.

ELLA WHEELER.

### DIED TOGETHER.

**Pathetic Incident of the Wreck of the Ship Eric.**

From the San Francisco Alta California.

Henry Wasson, formerly chief officer of the Ship Eric the Red, who has arrived from the other side of the Pacific, tells a thrilling story, the main points of which are as follows: On the night of September 16 the Eric sighted Cape Otway light, and every one on board was confident that the voyage would soon be at an end and were looking forward to be at Melbourne on the morrow. The light breeze which prevailed was just sufficient to give the ship headway. At midnight the second officer called the captain on deck and reported that a heavy fog had settled over the land, which was scarcely visible. Orders were given at about 1:30 a. m. to wear ship, but there was not sufficient wind to accomplish the maneuver. The vessel refused to go round. The light, which had up to this time been invisible, suddenly shone out and made visible to all the perilous situation they were in. A long narrow ridge of cruel rocks runs out some few miles from the cape. It was between this ridge and the high, precipitous coast that the vessel lay, slowly drifting to her doom. The only passengers were a gentleman named Gould and his wife. They had been married at Bath but a few weeks previous to the vessel's departure from New York. Mrs. Gould had developed incipient consumption, and by the advice of the doctors had undertaken a sea voyage with a view to combat the dire malady. The young couple had enjoyed themselves during the trip and were eagerly looking forward to the termination of the voyage. The vessel was now rapidly drifting to destruction and no power on earth could avert her breaking on the reef. Capt. Doane and his officers stood on the poop, giving orders to the crew to get the boats out. Two of them were launched, but the current carried them among the breakers, where they were immediately smashed to pieces. At 3 a. m., just as daylight broke, the ill-fated ship with one bound struck upon the reef. The shock took six of her crew who were clustered on the forecastle head right off their feet, and a succeeding sea sweeping over the ship carried them with it. Mr. and Mrs. Gould were with the survivors on the poop. With tearful countenances and looks of horror they saw their end approaching. The captain exhorted them to allow him to have them lashed to a spar, but either through fear, or a hope of being saved through some other method, they steadily refused. The ship was now grinding and crashing among the breakers. The sharp rocks were playing havoc with the timbers, and the huge waves rolling in shore would lift her again and again only to bring them nearer to destruction. Blue lights and rockets were burned, but the light-keepers state that, owing to the heavy fog, they never saw them. Morning came at last; the breeze had freshened to a gale, but still a pall of mist hung over the land. At 4 p. m. the house on deck got loose, and upon it the Captain, Mrs. Gould and sixteen others embarked. One heavy sea lifted it off the deck, and they found themselves adrift on the ocean. Their fate was, however, not yet decided. The sea was washing over the frail house. One huge wave swept Mr. and Mrs. Gould and three sailors into the yawning gulf. It was impossible to save them. Ropes there were none and they disappeared almost immediately. When last seen they were clinging to each other. The next morning the mounted troopers engaged in searching the seashore for the dead found the bodies, interlocked in each other's arms. United in life, they were not divided in death. Their stiff embrace rendering it impossible to separate them, they were buried in one coffin. The bodies of five of the crew were found at various points along the coast bearing marks of bruises from contact with the rocks. The survivors, after remaining on the deck-house for twenty hours, were picked up by the steamer Dawn on her passage from Adelaide to Melbourne. They were kindly received by the United States Consul and clothing provided for them.

**Lord Houghton on "Endymion."**

London Telegram to the New York World.

Lord Houghton in his "Notes on 'Endymion,'" which appears to-day in the Fortnightly for January, condemns Lord Beaconsfield for invariably making the representatives of literature in his novels ridiculous and offensive. His caricature of Thackeray, in particular, Lord Houghton pronounces as at once "false and feeble." Contrary to public expectation, but in conformity with the character of Lord Houghton, as all know who know him, the comments are decidedly kindly in tone, and there is no approach in them to personalities of any kind. The newest point which Lord Houghton makes is that the character of Baron Sergius, generally supposed to have been drawn from Baron Brunnow, is a portrait of a real person, of whom Lord Houghton discreetly speaks as a "mysterious German gentleman who years ago lived in Buckingham Palace and had private interviews whenever he desired with the highest personages of the realm." This mysterious German gentleman was Baron Stockmar, the guide, philosopher and friend of Prince Albert and the intermediary between the royal household in England and the Queen's most trusted counsellor, the late King Leopold I. of Belgium.

**Turkeys in Ancient Greece.**

From the London World.

The books will tell you that the turkey was unknown to ancient naturalists, and even to the Old World before the discovery of America. And that it was first imported into France in the reign of Francis I., and into England in that of Henry VIII. Don't you believe it. I would back the author of the sweet Monte Cristo and the superb D'Artagnan to be in possession of more wonderful knowledge than all the books in the world. What does he say? He says first of all—what is true of other delightful creatures besides turkeys—that the female is always smaller and more delicate than the male. So she is, God bless her! And he adds that turkeys were known of the Greeks, who called them *Meleagrides*, because Meleager, King of Macedonia, introduced them into Greece in the year of the world 3559. But there are a great many learned ones (myself among the number) who look on this statement with suspicion. Nevertheless Monte Cristo-D'Artagnan declares that Pliny (l. 37, c. ii.) unmistakably describes the turkey. Moreover, he states that in one of the lost tragedies of Sophocles there is a chorus of turkeys who wept over the death of Meleager.

**Edwin Booth's London Rival.**

From the New York Times.

Henry Irving, or, to give his full name, John Henry Brodribb Irving, with whom Edwin Booth is now dividing theatrical attention in London, is five years younger than his American rival, not being forty-three until the 6th of the coming February. Born near Glastonbury, Somerset, he was educated at Dr. Pinches' school, London, and made his first appearance at the theater at Sunderland when he was but eighteen. He came out next at Edinburgh, playing there nearly three years. He then appeared at Glasgow, and afterwards at Manchester, where he was acting when Booth was filling an engagement in 1862. He remembered Booth distinctly at the time, though Booth has no remembrance of him or of his being in the Manchester company. He continued there until the spring of 1865, when, after taking a farewell benefit at the Free Trade Hall, he went to Liverpool. Having been engaged to play at Manchester with Kate Terry in "Hunted Down" by Dion Boucicault, author of the piece, his engagement secured him one in the metropolis. He made his London bow in the character of Doricourt in Mrs. Cowley's "Belle's Stratagem," at the St. James', when he was twenty-nine years old. At the same house he personated Rawdon Scudamore, the gambler, in Boucicault's new piece, and was so successful in that and other parts, like Bob Gassett, Redburn, Compton Kerr, Robert Macaire, and Bill Sikes, that he got the name of Villain Irving. He subsequently won a reputation as a comedian by representing Harry Dornton, Charles Surface, Young Marlowe, Sir Anthony Absolute, Petruchio, and particularly Chevenix, in Byron's "Uncle Dick's Darling." He continued to play in London and the provinces, and in 1870 increased his fame by doing Digby Grant in that city in Albery's comedy of "The Two Roses" for 300 consecutive nights. His Matthias, in "The Bells," founded on Erckmann-Chatrian's novel, "The Polish Jew," was signally successful at the Lyceum, where he also rendered Charles I., Eugene Aram and Richelieu. The late H. L. Bateman, then manager of that theater, is credited with discovering Irving's talent for tragedy, and with giving him a national reputation. He very adroitly manipulated the actor, who had hitherto been known almost entirely as a comedian and melodramatist. Irving's Hamlet, first produced October 31, 1874, created a commotion, many critics condemning it roundly. Whether it is good is still a question, though there is no doubt of its originality. Since then many London play-goers have come to regard him as an industrious Shaksperean artist, while many others contend that his forte is melodrama. Those who do not admire him at all in Shakspeare are enthusiastic about his double character of Lesurques and Dubosc in "The Lyons Mail," and his personation of Vanderdecken, in Will's and Fitzgerald's ideal drama of the same name.

### THE BOER REBELLION.

**A Useless Struggle by the Boers Against British Rule.**

From the Buffalo Courier.

The rumor of a rebellion in the Transvaal may produce a sensation in England, but the rebellion itself must be fruitless. The only formidable rival to English power in Southern Africa was Cetewayo, and the strength of the Zulus is utterly broken. The reduction of the Basutos to submission is only a question of time; and when the Boers submitted to the English yoke in 1877 they threw away the only opportunity for making good their independence. By stubborn resistance and by an alliance with the neighboring savage tribes, they might have made a stand. Now they must act as rebels if they act at all, and they will assuredly be put down. Of course Gladstone's government would not have annexed the Transvaal, as it would not have undertaken the conquest of Zululand; but it must accept the results of Beaconsfield's iniquities and make the best of them. It is constrained to a policy of conquest.

Cape Colony was originally a Dutch dependency, which the English seized during the Napoleonic wars in order to keep it from falling into the hands of the French. But by the terms of the peace of 1814 the English retained the colony. The descendents of the Dutch settlers, the Boers, have always regarded their new masters with distrust, and they eventually withdrew into the rich northern wilderness across the Vaal, where in 1858 they set up a republic with a regular constitution. Their independence was duly acknowledged by England, and there was little disposition to disturb them manifested until it was discovered that the home which they had chosen was one of the most richly endowed spots in the world. It is a fertile land more than 6,000 feet above the level of the sea, presenting prospects of rolling hill and valley covered with thick vegetation and watered by pure streams. In the storehouses of these hills and valleys are found iron, tin, lead, copper, gold, silver, porcelain-clay, alum, marble, saltpetre, coal and diamonds. The products of the country are all kinds of cereals and fruits. There the Boers to the number of 30,000, with about 250,000 subject Kaffirs, lived in a rude but happy way. They had farm houses scattered sparsely through the land, and a part of the soil was cultivated, but the great occupation of the people was hunting, and the game was of a royal kind, such as elephants, lions, tigers, giraffes and the various creatures seldom found in abundance outside of Jules Verne's novels. Diamonds were discovered in the valley of the Vaal river in 1870, and an influx of English adventurers followed. From that date, it is probable, the sentiment sprang up at the Cape that a country with diamond fields and gold fields within its borders, to say nothing of its lesser advantages, was altogether too valuable to remain in the hands of the Boers. We have seen the same feeling at work on our western borders and know its power. But we break faith with savages and invade reservations set apart for utter barbarism. The English contemplated injustice to partly civilized people, and planned the absorption of a regular republic with a president and a legislative assembly. The Transvaal was annexed April 12, 1877, by Sir Theophilus Shepstone, the royal commissioner who was sent out with authority to deal with the independence of the Boers as he pleased. After a diligent study of the situation he had come to the conclusion that annexation, and not honesty, was the best policy. The object of the annexation was not merely the acquisition of rich territory, but the destruction of a young republic. The pretext was that the Transvaal Government was getting into debt and exhibiting a lamentable disposition to quarrel with the natives, especially the Zulus. In behalf of general peace and harmony it was proclaimed that Great Britain would assume the management of the affairs of the republic. The absurdity of this plea is shown by the fact that the men who made it were even then planning an aggressive movement against their ally, Cetewayo, whom they sustained in his dispute with the Boers; and the Zulu war followed. The result of the annexation which was to insure tranquility has been an era of unbroken strife.

The Boers were divided among themselves at the time of the dissolution of the republic, but they were patriotic enough to enter a protest against the consummation of the outrage and they have never since shown the slightest spirit of loyalty to the British crown. On the contrary, they have proved turbulent and discontented subjects; and at last report declares that they have assembled in arms, 5,000 strong, and proclaimed the republic.

Their cause is a good one, but we are afraid there is little prospect of its triumph. The future of South Africa seems to be settled, and it must develop slowly under the safe but narrow system of a confederation of English colonies. There is now little hope for the quick and magnificent results of republicanism and nationality.

**New York Under Electricity.**

Olive Logan's Letter to the Chicago Times.

Any contemporaneous "used-up man"—and heaven knows there are many such—who longs for a new sensation should certainly pray for some ancestral ghost to be endowed with life again, and to be permitted to revisit the glimpses of the moon one of these nights in New York. Of all the gay scenes you can possibly imagine, this one of night in New York in the holiday season is beyond compare the most enchanting. The electric lights which are now illuminating Broadway and Twenty-third street are immeasurably more brilliant than those used on the Avenue de l'Opera in Paris. The masts which sustain them aloft are three times as high as the Paris lamp-posts, and even at that distance the brilliance is almost blinding. I have seen the electric lights of London, Paris and Madrid, and I must by all odds give the preference for steady splendor to the New York light. I give only the testimony of an onlooker, without any knowledge or any concern in respect to this matter in its commercial aspect. The thing that I expect to hear next is that Chicago has got hold of something which makes even the New York light turn pale.

Commissioner Le Duc has allowed the Agricultural Department to run to seed.

## RIVER NEWS.

CAPT. A. T. GILMORE returns to Louisville this evening.

THE Commonwealth leaves for Vicksburg to-morrow evening.

CAPT. A. J. BRANCH, of St. Louis and Evansville, is in New Orleans.

THE Red Cloud arrived at New Orleans just from White River. She had stormy weather all the way.

GEO. W. REA, formerly of St. Louis, commands the Yazoo Valley in the Red River and New Orleans trade.

PITTSBURG, 2: Weather very mild and thawing in the sun. No immediate prospect of navigation being resumed.

R. W. DUGAN has withdrawn from the firm of Brown, Dugan & Co., machinery dealers, and will open up shortly in another location on his own account.

THE Kate Kinney is running as an independent packet between Shreveport and New Orleans, and the Ashland opposes her, making Red River business lively.

PADUCAH, 2: A gorge has taken place somewhere above here, and as a consequence but little ice is floating in the Ohio at this point. None of the packets have made any movement toward resuming their trade.

SHREVEPORT Standard of Saturday says of Red River: Yesterday morning the surface of the river was thickly covered with floating ice, a sight we have never before beheld since we came to this city, some sixteen years ago.

THE Fannie Lewis is at the bank, and safe on the Missouri side, eight miles above Bird's Point by land. The river is gorged from the mouth of the Ohio to within half a mile of the Lewis, and another gorge begins a mile above her.

CAPT. A. T. SIMPKINS has sold the Baby Mine to some party up the Hatchee River, Tenn. He is in good health, and at present located at Fulton, Tenn. He believes the Hatchie a very good steamer for a small boat, and will probably get another a little larger than the Baby Mine.

CINCINNATI Commercial, 3: Mr. James MacPherson, well known in river circles, aged about sixty years, died suddenly last night while being conveyed in an ambulance to the Cincinnati Hospital, from the counting room of this office. Capt. J. Alex. Frazer and Robt. Nelson, pilots, and Geo. Hendrickson, one of the clerks, of the James D. Parker, laid up at Memphis, are here.

BAD times still for towboats in the St. Louis trade they can't go or come. The Jay Gould passed Vicksburg at 2 o'clock yesterday morning for New Orleans. The Norton for St. Louis, more or less, left New Orleans on Sunday with four barges. The Oakland leaves Belmont to-morrow for New Orleans with seven barges and 225,000 bushels grain. Superintendent Bennett is in town, and will leave to-night for Belmont to see the Oakland off.

VICKSBURG Herald, 2: The Gold Dust got in yesterday from St. Louis and returned last night with a good trip of freight and people. The Bettie Gilbert, en route from Davis Bend to this place, grounded last evening on a bar near Bedford's Point. Capt. Smith, of the Gilbert, Jas. Bates, her engineer, and a roustabout, got into a skiff and hailed the Ed. Richardson coming up. The skiff ran too close to the Richardson, and being sucked under her guards, the party narrowly escaped death.

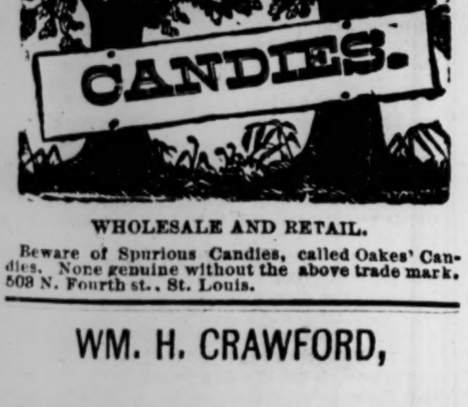
WALTER writes from Cairo: Capt. John N. Clark walked across on the ice at Greenfield's landing yesterday. The Fannie Lewis is in a firm ice harbor of open water at Thompson's landing, and did not lose a wheel or anything else. The Valley Company took their barges into the Mississippi yesterday, and the C. C. Coal Company put its boats and barges behind the incline at the Kentucky store. The Kyle and Sherlock are well fixed, and can stand a siege if necessary. One of the M. V. T. Company's barges is receiving at the warehouse, but aside from this business is suspended.

THE editor of the Memphis Avalanche is in favor of railroads. He said yesterday: Grain and meats landed at St. Louis are 400 miles further from the gulf ports than when landed at Memphis. From St. Louis to Memphis river navigation meets with obstructions in the shape of ice and shallow channels. Memphis is at the head of uninterrupted river navigation. Under these geographical conditions, how long will it be before Memphis is the great shipping port for Western products on the Mississippi River? And how long will it be before the great railroad magnates see the point?

NEW ORLEANS Times, January 2: The Kate Kinney, on her last trip up and down, did an immense amount of business. The John W. Cannon did not leave yesterday; she leaves again on her regular day, next Wednesday. Messrs. Britton & Eopler, steamboat agents, have dissolved. Both gentlemen will remain in the agency business. Capt. Truslow and crew of the Jewel arrived here yesterday, and it is learned that the boat is high and dry thirty-two miles above here with no prospect of getting off until there is a rise. She lays straight; she was blown ashore on the bar during a severe storm of wind.


**SKINNER & CO.,**

503 N. Fourth st., Sole Manufacturers of




WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Beware of Spurious Candies, called Oakes' Candies. None genuine without the above trade mark. 503 N. Fourth st., St. Louis.

**WM. H. CRAWFORD,**

**DRUGGIST,**

**800 Washington Ave.**

Fine Selection of Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Druggists' Sundries, and all Medicinal Preparations of the best quality. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully componnded by Graduates of Pharmacy. Prices the Lowest.


## WANTED—ROOMS.

A FURNISHED front room wanted in a quiet part of the city where there are no children. Bixie, this office.

BY a gentleman, a comfortably furnished room with fire and gas, near the business community. References given and required. Address H. R. C., this office.

WANTED—A comfortable room, with or without board, for two gents, in private family. Address, with terms, C. B., this office.

## BUSINESS CHANGES.

WANTED—A lady between 25 and 35, with $500 and upwards, to take an interest in a paying business, with a view to matrimony. Reference given and required. Address Guss Hyde, this office.

WILL pay $100 monthly to any one who can put $100 to $250 into a paying business. Apply to Contractor, 832 N. Eighth st., up stairs.


**The BEST of All**




VERY EASILY MANAGED, ECONOMICAL IN FUEL, AND GUARANTEED TO

**Give Perfect Satisfaction Everywhere.**

BUY

**A CHARTER OAK**

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ST. LOUIS, MO.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

**TIN-PLATE, WIRE, SHEET IRON**

—AND—

EVERY CLASS OF GOODS USED OR SOLD BY

**TIN AND STOVE DEALERS.**

*SEND FOR PRICE LISTS.*


*FREE OF CHARGE!*

*All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.*

## PERSONAL.

ARCHITECT.—P. H. MONNERON, first diploma of the School or Beaux Arts, Paris. France. 407 Walnut street.

ALL Cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 808 Locust street.

BREAD or cake baked in the English Roasting Pan are lighter and more thoroughly cooked than in the open pans.

BIRDS AND BIRD CAGES, Hartz Mountain Canaries, Love Bird Parrots, Gold Fish, Fish Globes, Aquaria, Mocking Bird Food, Bird Seed, Gravel Paper, etc. August Bohne, 625 Olive street. Removed from Fifth street.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

DYSPEPSIA AND ANY DERANGEMENT OF the digestive organs cured by Maguire's Dyspepsia Cure. At Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

FOUR sizes of the English Roasting Pan, made of best material, by Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan.

I WOULD respectfully invite those wishing cakes for the holidays before purchasing to come and examine my stock of fruit cakes; I have all sizes; no sand or grit in them. Also a fine quality of pound cake, lady cake, etc. JOHN McKINNEY, 2415 Franklin ave., and 900 Mound st.

MAGUIRE'S Curative and Injection at Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE, 222 S. Twelfth street, established 1876. Get circular and catalogue.

NEW YEAR'S CARDS from 25 cents per pack at 405 Chestnut street; immense assortment.

NOTICE—I hereby forbid any person harboring or trusting my wife Rose, as I will not pay any bills of her contracting. Fred Bielhen.

PERSONAL.—Just arrived from Paris, a large shipment of beautiful goods, our own importation, such as Toilet Sets, Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Combs, Indispensables, etc., etc., too numerous to mention. LACLEDE PHARMACY, Sixth and Chestnut Streets.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Laura De Kuevett, spiritualist, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1413 Morgan street.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Lankton, Indian Fortune-Teller, 921 North Seventh (side entrance), between Franklin avenue and Wash street.

PARTIES designing to enter a commercial college can get circulars and valuable information free. Address W. Ramsey, 704 Chestnut street.

PERSONAL.—Beautiful Mirrors, Glove Boxes, Dressing Cases, and other holiday presents, just arrived from Paris, will be sold cheap for cash, lower than anywhere else in city. For reasons inquire at Laclede Pharmacy, Sixth and Chestnut sts.

PERSONAL—New Year cards. Geo T. Betts & Co. have only 100 left of those beautiful envelope designs for parties of two or more; call immediately. Open to-night and New Year's till 10 a. m.

ROAST your turkey, goose or duck in the English Roasting Pan.

THE English Roasting Pan is superior to all others as it saves all the juice of the fowl or meats.

THE acquaintance of a nice young lady wanted by a bachelor of thirty; object, pastime and amusement; address S. A. Collins, 700 North Fourth street.

THOSE who contemplate making presents will do well to visit F. W. Dosten's jewelry store, 619 Olive street, where a fine assortment of watches, clocks, silverware and jewelry can be found; also watches, clocks and jewelry repaired and warranted.

WANTED—A full attendance at the meeting of the Journeymen Painters' Union No. 1 on Friday night, January 7, 1881, as there will be an election of officers. By order of the Union. Sam'l Hopkins, Secretary.

WANTED—A young man with some means desires the acquaintence of a lively young lady. Address "Clinton," Lock Box 64, Wichita, Kansas.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Friday afternoon on Chestnut street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first, or on Twenty-first, between Chestnut and Washington avenue, a Roman and Tuscan gold band bracelet. Finder will be liberally rewarded on leaving same at this office, or at 1119 N. Nineteenth st.

LOST—Sunday evening, between Lucas and Compton avenues, where got into a yellow car and rode to Washington avenue and Sixth street, where took a red line car north, half a double link gold necklace used as a bracelet. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to L. Whitaker, 312 N. Second street, as it is valued highly on account of its association.

LOST—On Wednesday afternoon three gold thimbles between Jaccard's, on Fourth and Locust, and Oakes', on Olive between Fourth and Fifth streets. Suitable reward will be given at 2936 Locust.

LOST—Christmas, a young man of seventeen, but looking much older, having black moustache and whiskers, wearing black pants and short coat and gray cap. Cannot speak anything but Swedish and is slightly demented and refuses to talk; any information will be gladly received at 1339 North Ninth.

LOST—About 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, in a Gravois blue bob-tail car, a lady's red pocket-book, with handle, containing about $15. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at 1034 Winter street or 17 South Fifth street, St. Louis. C. E. Mussey.

LOST OR STOLEN—At the saloon corner of Fifth and Walnut, Christmas night, a fine black overcoat. Finder will please bring it to W. E. Yoeman, Planters' House, and receive reward. No questions asked.

LOST—Friday evening en route home, my salary inclosed in envelope with my name. J. Page. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at Messrs. S. C. Davis & Co.'s.

FOUND—Purse containing small sum of money; owner can have by calling and proving same at 508 N. Fifth street.

STRAYED—From 2027 Carr street on Monday evening, December 27, one dark bay mule, 15½ hands high, shod all round. Return to above number and receive reward.

OWNER wanted for a pocket-book, gloves and watch left at my place, 821 Locust street, four weeks ago last Saturday.

LOST—A Scotch terrier bitch, 8 months old, gray in color; answers to name of "Gypsy." Finder will be rewarded by bringing her to 3503 Chesnut.

FOUND—A young Spaniel dog, the owner can recover the same by proving property and paying expenses at 2519 North Twelfth street.

## WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

WANTED—Plain sewing to do at home, or will go out. Address 836 South Eighth street.

A GOOD washer and ironer would like a place for two days in the week. Apply at 1611 Biddle.

A GOOD washer and ironer would like a place for two days in the week. Address No. 1611 Biddle street.

BY a German girl, a place for housework and nursing. Address Miss Katy, West End P. O.

COMPETENT lady book-keeper desires sit. in a wholesale house; 2706 North Ninth street.

LADY proof-reader wishes a situation; can also set type. Address A. G., this office.

POSITION in some family by a young woman; an excellent seamstress and housekeeper. Would nurse a convalescent, or travel, if desired. Address W. P., this office.

POSITION by a lady of refinement, energy and capability as housekeeper and companion in a refined home where intelligence and faithfulness will be required. Address L. L., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a girl (up stairs); will help with other work. 507 Wash street. Address A. D., this office.

SITUATION as housekeeper by a young widow; can give the best of references; fond of children, having lost her own; none but first-class persons need answer. Address Mrs. Ellen Mar, City Postoffice.

SITUATION as watchman, collector, foreman, light porter, driver of delivery wagon, or anything else. Best reference. Please Address B. R., this office.

WOULD like to take in washing at 1319 N. Tenth.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by a young widow; can give the best of references; fond of children, having lost her own; none but first-class persons need answer. Address Mrs. Ellen Mar, City Post-office.

WANTED—Plain sewing of all kinds will be done very cheap. Send postal. Will call on premises for work. Reference or security given. Mrs. J. E. Tuttle, South St. Louis.

WANTED—By an intelligent, sensible and industrious lady a position as housekeeper for a middle-aged gentleman; call or address Mrs. M., 1234 North Fourteenth street.

YOUNG girl wants a situation as housegirl for light work or nurse. C. G., this office.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BY a widower, with no children, wanted, a steady woman as housekeeper. Address A. B. C., this office.

GOOD servant girl wanted; good treatment. Apply at Mrs. Harris', 1427 Penrose avenue.

WANTED—A girl at 2204 Gamble avenue.

WANTED—A girl 12 to 15 years of age, good treatment, in family of two and child. Apply to Mrs. Davis, 2311 North Tenth street, on second floor.

A WOMAN wanted for general housework. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m., at 926 Winter st.

A WOMAN to wash by the month. Inquire at 1309 Washington ave.

AN experienced infant's nurse, with reference, who can sew and be generally useful. Willing to travel. Call at room No. 316, Windsor Flats, after 2 o'clock p. m.

GOOD girl wanted for general housework; good wages: 2901 Chestnut street.

GIRL wanted to do general housework. Good home and wages; apply at 1562 Lafayette av.

GIRL for cook and general housework at 2917 Lucas ave.

GOOD girl for general housework in a family of five grown persons; good wages paid; call immediately at 3034 Franklin ave.

GOOD tidy girl as nurse. Apply to J. Franklin's, 3001 Lafayette ave., corner Todd ave.

GIRL from 10 to 12 years old, to nurse at 1808 Olive st.

PLAIN seamstress wanted immediately at 313 South High street.

WANTED—A good girl to do house work and cook. 1809 Preston place.

WANTED—A girl from 14 to 16 to take care of children. 1809 Preston place.

WANTED—Two dish washers, 612 Pine street.

WANTED—A girl 14 years old in small family to help about the house. No washing. Girl can sleep at home. Mrs. Robt. Chapsky, 2747 Clark avenue.

WANTED—A girl, 15 or 16 years old, to assist in housework; apply at 1909 Lucas avenue.

WANTED—Woman to wash and iron. Apply at 1404 St. Ange ave

YOUNG girl to work at Webster; apply at 1008 Washington ave. at 10 a. m. to-morrow.

## FOR RENT.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms at 1132 North Sixth street

FURNISHED front room $10 per month, with or without board, at 1009 North Sixth street.

**ROOM and POWER TO RENT. Inquire of KINGSLAND & FERGUSON NO. 823 N. SECOND ST.**

801 MORGAN ST.—First-class lodging and furnished rooms.

1407 PINE—Two nicely fur. rooms, second floor front, with gas and fire; also, small rooms.

1507 PINE—Nicely furnished second-story front room for two gents; fire, gas, bath. Rent low.

1718 MORGAN STREET—Two rooms; rent low.

2323 OLIVE street, one or two handsomely furnished or unfurnished rooms en suite, gas, bath, etc.; private family; references.

2710 DAYTON street, second story, front room, with board; reference given and required.

A NICELY furnished second-story front room. 1502 Pine.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with or without board. 330 S. Fourteenth st.

FOR RENT—521 Myrtle street, ninely furnished second story front room, southern exposure, gas and fire; also small rooms.

FOR RENT—Storage room 75x125 feet, one floor of a building on North Main street. Inquire of Brown, Dugan & Co.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, southern exposure. 2735 Morgan st.

FOR RENT—Small hall room furnished (with fire), two blocks from Court-house, at $6 per month. C. LeRoy, this office.

LARGE furnished front room for one or two gents. Call at 1909 Biddle st.

NICELY furnished room in private family for two gents, who will be permanent if suited. Location east of Sixteenth street. Terms must be moderate. Address, stating terms, etc., M. P., this office.

TO rent—Small cottage house, three rooms; inquire 1301 Chambers street.

TWO neatly furnished rooms, second floor front and back, suitable for gentlemen. Address 615 S. Fourth st.

TWO nice front offices; privilege of storage; second and third floors. Apply at 114 N. Commercial street.

THREE rooms in first-class neighborhood, Stoddard Addition, second floor, all conveniences, American family, suitable for light housekeeping. Reference given and required. Address 47, this office.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An evening route on the P.-D. Apply at office at 3 p. m. Inquire for J. M. Johnston.

FOR SALE—First-class lodging house, cheap. Good stand, 213 Christy avenue.

FOR SALE—Farm of 94 acres, 18 miles west of the Court-house. J. L. Conway, 401 N. Fifth st.

FOR SALE—New furniture of five rooms, complete, for housekeeping; cheapest rent in St. Louis. Address B. B. L., this office.

FOR SALE—A nice soft coal parlor store $4. Apply 1120 Pine.

STYLISH cutter for sale cheap at 105 South Third street.

TO all wanting a small home—A small cottage of 5 rooms, all in beautiful order, for $100 cash and balance in small monthly payments of $10 to $20. Price $1,500, or will be rented for $12. Has corner lot, sheds, etc., and near street cars. C. M. Seaman, 625 Olive st., up stairs.

## BOARDING.

ROOM and board in a private house for the winter; widow lady preferred; address J. C. Williams, Postoffice.

BOARDING—1522 Olive. Delightful rooms; comforts of a nice home guaranteed; strictly private family.

PRIVATE family; second-story, well-furnished room; with or without board. Ad. E. R., th. of.

TWO young lady boarders. Ad. S. A., Post-office.

2936 LOCUST ST., with board, a large, delightful front room, furnished or unfurnished.

## WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

SITUATION wanted by a competent druggist of 8 years' experience. Will work for low wages. Good references given. Address Pharmacist, this office.

SITUATION by a boy of fifteen in some wholesale house as office boy; can give best of references as to honesty and ability; address Andrew W., this office.

WANTED—Copying to do at home. Address 836 South Eighth street.

WANTED—A situation in a wholesale boot and shoe house by a young man to learn the business. Address H. M., this office.

YOUNG man desires engagement with wholesale house, either as assistant to bookkeeper, shipping clerk, or in any capacity he can make himself useful. Halstead, this office.

A GOOD, honest boy, 14 years old, wishes a situation in a grocery; can write a fair hand. Call or address John Smith, 2606 Vineyard street.

A SITUATION by a young man of 20, to act as coachman in private family, in country or town; can milk or take care of stock; terms moderate. Address 1405 N. Seventeenth street.

A YOUNG man, German, wants employment of some kind. Business: fresco painter; is willing to work for small salary; A. B. C., this office.

A GOOD, honest boy fourteen years old wishes a situation in a grocery; can write a fair hand, can also drive a livery wagon; wages moderate. Address R. 21, this office.

A PRACTICAL machinist of long experience wants a situation. Address R. P., 822 Market street.

A MAN of experience wishes a situation as foreman in a livery or a sale stable; address L. C., this office, for three days.

AN experienced printer desires to take charge of newspaper and jobbing in a good town. Terms reasonable. Address S. H., Post-Dispatch office, St. Louis, Mo.

BOY of 13 years wants a place. Reference given. Address T. Hampton, P. O. box 2522.

BY a good jockey, a situation as a rider or stable boy. Address M. H., alias Cowboy Jim, this office.

BOY 17 wants a situation as clerk in an office; best of reference. Address Mark Herold, this office.

BY a man and wife, a situation on a farm, or a farm to work on shares. Address Parmer, this office.

BY a young man of good address as short-hand correspondent, is a good penman, and will work cheap. Address W. Glover, 2805 Laclede ave.

BY a man of family in need of work, position as watchman, foreman or to deliver goods, collector, light porter or anything else. Best reference. Please address B. R., this office, for three days.

BY a young man of good address, situation as bill clerk in a retail or wholesale business house. Will work for small wages. Address H. Lawson, 2805 Laclede avenue, city.

CRACKER baker, first class hand on sponge or sweet goods. Able to take charge. Wants work. E. F. Filer, this office.

DRUG clerk desires employment; age 26. Good references. Three years' experience. Address S. M., this office.

ENGAGEMENT with some good house to travel in in Missouri and Illinois, commencing January 1; three years' experience in the territory. Address Geo. Oldham, Jr., 1314 N. Tenth street, city

EXPERIENCED stenographer wishes a situation. Address Stenographer, this office.

FROM 4 to 6 hours' daily employment by an inteligent American, aged 24; best city refs. S. X., this office.

FROM 4 to 6 hours employment during the 24, by an intelligent man, age 23. Best references. S. X., this office.

FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper having leisure of evenings, desires a set of books to write up. C. S. Maldo, care of Letter Carrier Chas. Cobb.

GENTLEMAN speaking English and German, wants employment for a few hours a day. E. G., this office.

GOOD honest boy 15 years old, wishes a situation, who is willing to do anything. Call or address John Smith, 2606 Vineyard st.

MAN fully acquainted with city trade, wants a situation to solicit, collect, or shipping clerk. Best of references. Address S., this office.

MAN and wife want a situation in some private family for general work; woman is a good cook, man is willing to do anything; are without children. Please address Mrs. Mary B., this office.

NO. 1 cook who has worked in most all the leading hotels in this country; has an experience of near fifteen years; truly acquainted in meat and pastry, wants a situation in the city or country. Will work reasonable. Address C. L., this office.

PRACTICAL machinist of long experience wants a situation. Address Robert P., 822 Market street.

SITUATION wanted in private boarding-house or waiter in hotel. Address H. W., 2408 N. Sixteenth street.

SITUATION to run a stationary engine; sober and competent. Address E. M., P. O. box 989, Alton, Ill.

SITUATION wanted by a young, industrious and sober man, age 20 years, as porter, hostler or anything to make a living by. Not affraid of work. Address Geo. Ellis, Laclede Rolling Mill, North St. Louis.

SITUATION in a printing office by a boy of 17, has worked eight months at the business; address C. B., this office.

SITUATION by a healthy and intelligent boy of 17 who will do any kind of decent work for a small salary. Address Mark Herold, this office.

SITUATION—By a jockey as a cow-boy in Texas or Colorado. Address M. H., this office.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young man in any kind of business, understands the marking and shipping of goods; can make himself useful to his employers; speaks English and German; good recommendations. Address Lambert, this office.

STENOGRAPHIC—A practical experienced stenographer desires employment. Stenographer, this office.

SITUATION by a young man of good address for general office work; is a good penman; will work for small wages. Address H. Lanson, 2805 Laclede avenue, city.

SITUATION by a young man of good address in some office to do general work. Is an experienced seort-hand writer. Address W. Glover, 2325 Chestnut st., city.

SITUATION by a boy of 17 in a printing office; 8 months' experience. Address, stating wages. Charles B., this office.

WANTED—Addressing circulars or copying, by a good penman. Address Copy, this office.

WANTED—Employment by a sober man either as salesman in a wholesale or retail house or as stock clerk in the former; not afraid of work; anxious for work in some good house. Good references. Address J., 708 Chestnut st.

WANTED—Situation by a man with a family, son 18 years old, on a farm. Thoroughly experienced in farming. Can give No. 1 reference. Address H. D., 1840 N. Second street, St. Louis.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced bookkeeper and office clerk. F. W. Stillman, 211 N. Fifteenth st.

WANTED—Employment by a young man of twenty, good in arithmetic and understands bookkeeping. E. A. Jones, 804 N. Sixth st.

WANTED—A situation as carriage driver or hostler. Can furnish the best city reference if required. Apply at 806 North Fourth street. J. W. Johnson.

YOUNG professional man would like a set of books to post, collections to make or any work occupying only part of his time. Very reliable, and very best reference. Address F. J., this office.

YOUNG man, good penman and book-keeper, with part of the day to spare, would like to find employment for unoccupied time. Address Dixon, this office.

YOUNG man not afraid of work wants emloyment in private family; willing to do anything about the house. Ad. W. J. C., this office.

YOUNG man wants a place to work for enough to pay his expenses; address Chas., this office.

YOUNG man wants situation in private family, or as porter or waiter in hotel. Call for I. Leo B., Mielke's Hotel, 414 Market st.

YOUTH, aged 16, not afraid of work of any kind, wants situation in a lawyer's office. Ad. P. Stanley, this office.

YOUNG man 19 years old wants to learn bar-tending. Salary must pay expenses. Address D., this office.

YOUNG man, age 25, would like to hear from a plain young lady. Object fun and amusement. Address Confidential, this office.

YOUNG man desires situation as entry clerk, salesman or porter; good penman and correct at figures. Will work cheap, and do anything. W. H. Frank, 817 Washington ave.

YOUNG man who professes to possess the necessary material for making a good newspaper writer, desires a a situation in that capacity. A. B. C., this office.

YOUNG man of 20 wants a situation to learn the wholesale grocery business, is quick in figures, and not afraid of work. Must have some wages, as he has a mother and little sister to support. Address A. B., this office.

YOUNG man of good address wants a situation as shipping clerk in a wholesale house. Will work for small wages. Address H. Lawson, 2805 Laclede avenue, city.

YOUNG man of 18 has 3 years' experience in wire works, wishes a situation. Address A. E., this office.

YOUNG man of 18 wishes to learn the grocery business; is living with parents. Can give good references or bonds. Willing to work and understands bookkeeping. Address E. J., this office.

## AGENTS WANTED.

A FEW first-class agents wanted. Call at room 4, corner of Fourth and Locust streets, entrance 414 Locust.

## LEGAL.

### Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Napoleon Willis, by his deed dated November 1, 1872, and duly recorded on page 268, of book No. 12, of the records or Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, conveyed to Henry D. Hatch, as trustee, all that certain parcel of real estate situated in the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being a part of block two (2) of East Kirkwood (a plat of which subdivision is of record in the Recorder's office of said St. Louis county) and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the center of Madison avenue, five hundred and seventy-three (573) feet west of the center line of Holmes avenue, thence east along the center line of Madison avenue one hundred and fourteen feet six inches (114 ft. 6 in.) to the southwest corner of land owned by George Bryant, thence north along said Bryant's west line three hundred and eighty (380) feet to the center of Main street, thence west along the center of Main street one hundred and fourteen feet six inches (114 ft. 6 in.), and thence south three hundred and eighty (380) feet, to the point of beginning; being the same property acquired by the herein conveying party this day, by deed from John W. Sutherland; in trust, however, to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas, by terms of said deed, in case of the death, etc., of said trustee, then the undersigned, the Sheriff of St. Louis county, is authorized to act herein; and whereas, said Henry D. Hatch, trustee, is now dead, and the said Napoleon Willis is now and has been dead for a period of more than twelve months. Now, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, the undersigned will, under the provisions of said deed, offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1881,

for the purpose of said deed.

ROBERT SCHNECKO,
Sheriff St. Louis County.

22W

### Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Stagg, John H. Tracy, the Central Savings Bank, a corporation, Michael H. Phealan, assignee in bankruptcy of the Central Savings Bank, S. S. Porter, trustee, Moses S. Forbes, E. O'Neil, cettui que trust, Hannah Stagg, wife of Henry Stagg Charles H. Davis cestui que trust and E. E. Squier, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2. Two lots in city block No. 2293 on Finney avenue, each being 30 feet in front or width, and 150 feet in depth, and being respectively lots 16 and 17 in survey No 1583.

Number 3. Two lots or tracts of land in city block No. 2294 on Cook avenue, each being 100 feet in front or width and 165 feet in depth, and being respectively (the one) lots 17, 18, 19 and 20, and the other, lots 22, 23, 24 and 21 in survey No. 1561.

Number 4. Two lots on Julia avenue, each lot being 66 feet in front or width and 128 feet in depth, and being lots 1 and 8 respectively in block 13 of the White Place addition to said city.

Number 5. Six lots on Julia avenue, each being 50 feet in front or width and 128 feet in depth, and being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 respectively in block 13 of the White Place addition to said city.

Number 6. Four lots in city block No. 2294 on Page avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 165 feet in depth, being lots 13, 14, 15 and 16 respectively in survey No. 1561.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 26W

### Administrators' Notices.

PARTNERSHIP ESTATE of David Nicholson.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day given bond as required by law in the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, as surviving partner of the late firm of

DAVID NICHOLSON,

which was composed of David Nicholson, now deceased, and the undersigned Peter Nicholson.

All persons having claims against said partnership estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said qualification, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of December, 1880.

PETER NICHOLSON,
Surviving Partner.

22W

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A man who understands the care of fine horses, carriages, etc. J. H. Reel, Belleontaine Road, 10 miles north of city.

WANTED—A boy that has worked in restaurant. 504 Market street.

BOY wanted from 10 to 14 years of age, will have a comfortable home, and receive pay per month. Call at once at 112 N. Thirteenth street.

NO. 1 coachman. Address T. W. Johnston, 806 Fourth st.

A MAN and his wife to work for a family of two for general housework; apply at corner of Third and Missouri avenue, East St. Louis.

FIRST-CLASS man with small capital in a light manufacturing business. A fine opportunity. Address Walter Frost, this office.

GOOD plumbers wanted at 2604 Market street.

SMALL boy to work in coffee house at 517½ Market. Wages $1 50 a week and board.

WANTED—A boy to make himself useful. Call at Gazette office, East St. Louis, Ill.

## BOOKS.

10,000 STANDARD New and Old Books; 6 different Encyclopædias, Law and Medical Books Cheap. Cash paid for Libraries. Drop a note. I will buy or sell. Dan Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

BOOKS New and Old, Bought and Sold. Established 21 years. Any book furnished. S. S. & Religious Books a specialty. Agents wanted. J. W. McIntyre, Pub., 614½ Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street.

## NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau. 10 Spruce street, New York. Send for a circular.

## WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

AN orphan girl 6 to 10 years of age of good parentage for adoption. Call or address No. 1601 North Fifteenth, or 1507 Mulanphy st.

A GOOD second-hand engine and boiler, or a good horse-power at 1317 N. Ninth st.

ROOM-MATE WANTED—A gentleman desires to rent half of pleasant, well furnished front room Half of rent $10. Address J. B., this office.

A RESPONSIBLE family wishes to rent a good piano for three months, perhaps longer; address room 37, McLean's Block.

FURNSHED house wanted by a good tenant; no children; can give the best of references; would board owner. Address Home, this office.

ROOM-MATE wanted for a pleasant room on Fourth street; $6 per month. Address Roommate, this office.

WANTED—To take lessons in clog and reel dancing, and song and dance. Price must be low. Address, stating price, W. G., this office.

WANTED—Some plain sewing done; must be on machine and taken to their house; ref. req. 1424 Washington ave.

WANTED—A small safe, must be cheap. Address 700¾ N. Fifth.

WASHING done at No. 12 South Third street, 3rd floor; satisfaction guaranteed.

## ALL SORTS.

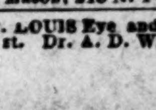
COAL—HALL & CO., 23d and Morgan, the most popular market in the city. Send your postal.



BAUMAN'S Scale Warehouse. Established in 1848. Oldest Established Scale House in the West. 122 and 124 Market street.



The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut St. Loans large and small amounts, builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.



A. BANCHEREL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

NOTICE. All goods and pledges left with J. G. Ross deceased, and remaining on hand up to the 18th of November, have been transferred to S. J. Mason, 213 N. Fifth street.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

# TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

# UNION DEPOT.

(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

**CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.**

| Trains. | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago Morning Express... | * 7:40 a. m. | *8:10 p. m. |
| Kansas City & Jacksonville.. | *8:45 a. m. | *7:05 p. m. |
| Springfield & Jack'ville Ac.. | * 4:50 p. m. | *10:35a. m. |
| Chicago Lightning Express.. | † 8:00 p. m. | † 7:50 a. m. |
| Kansas City Lightning Ex... | † 8:50 p. m. | † 6:50 a. m. |

**CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R.** Burlington Route.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express.. | *9:22 a. m. | *5:17 p. m. |
| Omaha Night Express...... | ‡7:47 p. m. | ‡8:20 a. m. |
| Peoria & Chicago Express | 7:47 p. m. | 8:20 p. m. |

**CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago Day Express...... | *8:00 a. m. | *9:00 p. m. |
| Chicago Night Express...... | †7:00 p. m. | †7:30 a. m. |

**CAIRO SHORT LINE.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cairo Mail and St. L. Ex.... | * 7:45 a. m. | *9:45 a. m. |
| Lightning Express.......... | *4:10 p. m. | *7:05 p. m. |
| New Orleans Ex & Fast Mail | *8:50 p. m. | †10:40 p. m. |

**ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Belleville Accommodation.. | 8:15 a. m. | 8:05 a. m. |
| | 11:00 a. m. | 10:40 a. m. |
| | 2:40 p. m. | 2:05 p. m. |
| | 5:35 p. m. | 5:10 p. m. |
| Sunday.............. | 8:45 a. m. | 8:35 a. m. |
| | 6:05 p. m. | 5:40 p. m. |

**INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day Express.............. | * 7:10 a. m. | * 6:45 p. m. |
| New York Express......... | †6:35 p. m. | † 8:00 a. m. |
| Accommodation........... | * 4:45 p. m. | * 9:35 a. m. |

**LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILWAY—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nashville Mail (except Sunday)........ | 9:00 p. m. | 7:20 a. m. |
| Mascoutah Ac (daily except Sunday)........ | 10:00 a. m. | 1:10 p. m. |
| Nashville Ex. (Daily)........ | 7:45 a. m. | 7:50 p. m. |

**ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day Express.............. | * 8:00 a. m. | * 7:55 p. m. |
| Chicago Express........... | † 7:00 p. m. | † 7:30 a. m. |

**MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Texas Express............ | † 9:00 a. m. | †6:00 p. m. |
| Kansas Express........... | † 8:40 p. m. | †6:30 a. m. |

**OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Accommodation........... | * 6:40 a. m. | *8:15 p. m. |
| Fast Express............. | † 8:10 a. m. | †7:25 p. m. |
| Salem Accommodation..... | * 5:05 p. m. | *8:40 a. m. |
| Night Express............ | † 6:50 p. m. | *7:20 a. m. |
| Pacific Express........... | † | †8:20 a. m. |

**MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day Express.............. | † 9:00 am | † 6:00 pm |
| Fast Line................ | † 8:40 pm | 6:30 am |
| Local Passenger........... | * 7:00 am | * 6:32 pm |
| Washington.............. | * 4:55 pm | * 8:25 am |
| Pacific.................. | † 8:50 pm | * 6:38 am |
| Pacific (Sunday only)....... | 8:25 am | 6:38 am |
| Kirkwood............... | * 8:08 am | * 7:20 am |
| Kirkwood............... | * 10:00 am | * 10:53 pm |
| Kirkwood............... | * 8:25 pm | * 10.50 am |
| Kirkwood (Sunday only)..... | 1:08 pm | 10:08 am |
| Kirkwood............... | * 6:20 pm | * 12:42 pm |
| Kirkwood............... | * 11:20 pm | * 5:15 pm |

**KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS R. R.** (St. L., K. and N. W. Railway)

| | |
|---|---|
| Depart—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday. .... | 9:00 a. m. |
| Depart—Keokuk Night Express, ex. Sat... | 8:25 p. m. |
| Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Saturday..... | 6:30 a. m. |
| Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday..... | 6:05 p. m. |

**ST. LOUIS BRIDGE CO. AND TUNNEL R. R.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock Yard Accommodation.... | *6:20 a. m. | *4:40 p. m. |
| Stock Yard Accommodation.... | *5:05 p. m. | *6:40 p. m. |

**WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY.** WESTERN DIVISION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mail and Express........... | * 9:00 a. m. | * 6:05 p. m. |
| Rosedale Ac............... | * 8:50 a. m. | *10:50 a. m. |
| Ferguson Ac............... | ! 9:00 a. m. | !10:50 a. m. |
| Rosedale Ac............... | * 3:00 p. m. | * 4:00 p. m. |
| Ferguson Ac............... | * 4:20 p. m. | * 8:15 a. m. |
| Ferguson Ac............... | * 6:40 p. m. | * 6:20 p. m. |
| Kansas and Colorado Ex..... | * 8:25 p. m. | * 6:30 a. m. |
| St. Paul Ex............... | * 8:25 p. m. | * 6:30 a. m. |
| Pacific Ex................ | * 8:10 p. m. | † 7:45 a. m. |

BIDDLE STREET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Warrenton Ac.............. | * 4:30 p. m. | *10:10 a. m. |
| St. Charles Ac............. | * 6:15 p. m. | * 8:15 a. m. |

EASTERN DIVISION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Through Express........... | 7:50 a. m. | 7:50 p. m. |
| Boston Express............ | 6:40 p. m. | 8:20 a. m. |
| Decatur Accommodation.... | 4:35 p. m. | 10:50 a. m. |

CHICAGO DIVISION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Through Express........... | 7:50 a. m. | 7:25 a. m. |
| Through Express........... | 8:15 p. m. | 7:50 p. m. |

**ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Kan. and Tex. Ex ........... | †8:50 p. m. | †6:40 a. m. |
| Rolla Accommodation........ | *7:00 a. m. | *6:33 p. m. |

**ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.**

On and after May, 9, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| St. Louis Union Depot. | | |
| Arkansas & Texas Express.. | † 9:00 a. m. | † 6:55 a. m. |
| Mobile & N. O. Express..... | † 8:30 p. m. | * 6:25 a. m. |
| Nashville & Atlanta Express | * 9:50 a. m. | * 1:55 p. m. |
| Arkansas and Texas Ex. | † 9:00 p. m. | † 5:45 p. m. |
| Plum Street Depot. | | |
| DeSoto Accommodation..... | * 4:50 p. m. | * 8:30 a. m. |

Week Day Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 7:42, 8:35, 10:26; p. m.: 12:05, 1:50, 3:10, 4:15, 4:50, 5:23, 6:30, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 7:38, 8:30, 8:53, 10:23 p. m.: 12:02, 1:40, 3:07, 4:11, 4:40, 5:18, 6:27 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

Sunday Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 8:55, 10:58; p. m.: 1:40, 2:55, 5:10, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 8:50, 10:53; p. m.: 1:38, 2:45, 5:00, 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

**VANDALIA LINE.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day Express.............. | † 8:00 a. m. | 7:30 a. m. |
| Mail and Accommodation... | * 8:00 p. m. | * 5:00 p. m. |
| Highland Accommodation... | * 6:00 p. m. | *8:20 a. m. |
| Fast Line................. | † 7:00 p. m. | *7:55 p. m. |

**WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.**

Depot on Olive street, one block west of Grand ave.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00, 4:35, 6:10 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:00, 9:40, 11:10 a. m.; 2:40, 4:10, 5:45, p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:15, 2:35, 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19 3:29, 4:59, 6:19 p. m.

*Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday.
†Daily. †Except Monday.
‡Monday. !Sunday only.

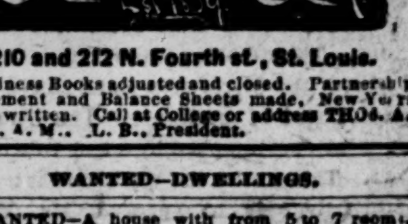

A. F. BROWN. P. SULLIVAN.

**ANDREW F. BROWN & CO., BOARDING, SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,**

**105 S. Eleventh, Cor. Walnut.**

We have just received a large supply of undertaking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.

**105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.**




**210 and 212 N. Fourth st., St. Louis.**

Business Books adjusted and closed. Partnership Settlement and Balance Sheets made. New Years Cards written. Call at College or address THOS. A. RICE, A. M., LL. B., President.


## WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—A house with from 5 to 7 rooms, water and gas; a good neighborhood, south of Russell avenue, north of Arsenal street, west of Carondelet avenue, east of McNair avenue. Address P. J. P., this office.

## PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

JANUARY 1, 1881.—Mr. Harold H. Tittmann has this day been admitted as a member of our firm. The name and style of the firm will remain unchanged. METHUDY & MEYER.

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch

111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

JOSEPH PULITZER,
PROPRIETOR.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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| One year, postage paid | $9 00 |
| Six months | 4 50 |
| One month (delivered by carrier) | 85 |
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THE WEEKLY.

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Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

Correspondence and news are always desired, but letters must be brief and must have the genuine name of the author to be considered.

Postmasters and agents may retain ten per cent of all subscriptions at above rates.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed,

POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth Street.


AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Grand English Opera.
OLYMPIC—Minnie Palmer.
POPE'S—Big Four Minstrels. 232

**The POST-DISPATCH has the largest BONA FIDE circulation ever attained by any afternoon paper in St. Louis; it has a larger city circulation than any morning paper in St. Louis** (except one); **it sells ten times as many copies on the streets, by newsboys, than all other afternoon papers combined, and its cash receipts for circulation by carriers are also ten times as large.**

A FIRE in a tenement house in New York this morning destroyed nine lives.

THE Chauvin claim seems to be as much of a puzzle as the ownership of the St. Louis *Times*.

BOSS MCLAUGHLIN has been overthrown in Brooklyn, and a similar fate awaits some gentlemen of the same kidney in St. Louis.

TWO Massachusetts railroads have agreed to stop issuing passes to shippers of freight. At least two Massachusetts railroads will not be compelled to add rolling stock to their freight department this year.

CONGRESS will get to work again to-morrow. It is to be hoped that under the benign influence of Christmas turkey and generous wine some of the legislative bullies will fight a regular prize-fight immediately after roll-call, by way of adding spice to the proceedings.

WE are beginning to take stock in Mother Shipton's prophecy that the year 1881 will witness the close of things terrestrial. The old conventional plan of destroying the world by fire seems to have been abandoned, however, and there is evidently a scheme on foot now to freeze it out.

THE afternoon papers of this city are discussing the Chinese question from an entirely new standpoint.—[Globe-Democrat.

We embrace this opportunity to call attention to the fact that there is really but one afternoon paper in St. Louis. The giving away of "gutter-snipes" and handbills does not come under the head of journalism.

IT is proposed to have girls employed as pages in the Ohio Legislature at its coming session. Deacon Smith should at once open the batteries of the Cincinnati *Gazette* upon this scheme of demoralization. An Ohio Legislature is a lazy, worthless affair at best, and if the time of the members is to be taken up in gabbling with pretty girl pages no public business will be transacted.

MR. ABRAHAM ROTHSCHILD, the Ohio man who was recently vindicated by a Texas jury, has arrived at home and has had a first-class reception at the hands of his friends and admirers. If Miss Bessie Moore, the young lady who committed suicide in order to throw a suspicion of murder on her interesting traveling companion, has any relatives, they will probably be sued now by the Rothchilds for damages.

AN effort is being made in Washington to induce Senator Conkling to kill Donn Piatt on account of frivolous remarks made in his paper last Sunday anent the Conkling-Sprague *liaison*. This would be a delightful episode to begin the New Year with, but Mr. Conkling's extreme caution in matters involving murder leads us to believe that Donn Piatt was never freer from the arm of the assassin than he is at this moment.

IN the preliminary caucus for the selection of officers for the Pennsylvania Legislature last night, the real strength of the two Senatorial candidates was brought out. The question was whether the Grow men or the Oliver men should have the organization of the House. The friends of the latter triumphed by a test vote of 69 to 51. This settles the question that Henry S. Oliver is to succeed Mr. Wallace (Dem.) in the Senate. Some time ago we predicted that Oliver would secure the prize. He represents the money power and has been from the start the favorite of the Camerons. Galusha A. Grow is one of the stalwarts of Pennsylvania and has a large following, but the result shows that the power of the Cameron dynasty, which has existed for nearly a half century, is still unbroken. In the language of Cataline, "this day's work will breed proscription," though.

AFTER squandering several millions on a new capitol at Albany, which was to have been built of marble and granite, but which contains a large proportion of soft sandstone, the tax-payers find that their Legislature is in danger of being "squashed" some day like rats in a primitive trap. The architect affirms that the building will last a long time, but we advise the backwoods statesman when he arises to address the House in relation to his new road bill to put on his soft, oratorical pedal. An outburst of misguided eloquence might bring the dome rattling about his head.

UNCLE JOHN ROBINSON, the veteran circus man, recently told Deacon Smith, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, that Cincinnati was the wickedest town in the country and the worst place in the world to raise a family. Uncle John has traveled extensively, and it is generally believed that he is not the least bit Puritanical in his notions. He should come to St. Louis and look around a few days before making his verdict final. Our distinguished fellow-townsman, Mr. J. M. Thompson, who recently erected the Alhambra Theater for the moral Esher Brothers, could give him some points, no doubt, on the tendency of our city toward social demoralization.

## THE UNION DEPOT.

If more ludicrous, yet completely overwhelming evidence, about the greedy, shameless disregard of obligations by corporations—who, according to Blackstone, have no souls—has ever been presented in this city than that laid before the readers of the POST-DISPATCH in another column, on the subject of the Union Depot, we should very much like to hear of it.

When the, most valuable, franchise of the Union Depot Company was granted by the city, the company said, black on white, that "all it asked was permission to spend *millions* of dollars" on permanent improvements. When it received the charter its own engineers and directory considered carefully written estimates in which the union depot *building* alone figured at "*one million dollars.*" Yet when, after years of disregarded obligation and broken promise, an officer of the company is politely asked for information as to the reason why the cheap temporary sheds, built at a trifling cost, should remain where the promised million-dollar building should stand, that officer indulges in the language of a coarse blackguard, abuses the city and its people, says that the depot now is too good for St. Louis and threatens with its removal to East St. Louis!

Of course we do not make the whole company responsible for conduct so transparently idiotic and ungentlemanly. We have no desire to be unjust to the company, and cheerfully recognize the fact that, unsuitable as the present arrangements are, they are sublime compared with the old way of crossing the river on ferry-boats. We will go still further and concede that so far as the mere running in and out of trains is concerned the management is excellent. We have no feeling or prejudice in the matter at all. It is simply a question of facts, facts that are both plain and unquestionable. The Depot Company has a most valuable franchise. It is making enormous dividends. It is a very close corporation. Its franchise is growing more valuable every day. It was obtained years ago, upon the distinct promise that a suitable and permanent depot should be erected. The company itself estimated the cost of such a building at $1,000,000. Years have gone by. The sheds temporarily erected still remain. They are scandalously unsuitable. People arriving or departing are compelled to run in pelting rain or the heaviest snow storm in open air, sometimes the distance of more than a block or two. In weather like the present, the depot simply becomes a disgrace to any city that tolerates it.

All we ask is that the depot company shall carry out its promise, erect a decent building, or at least put the arriving trains under cover or roof. If it will carry out its obligations it may enjoy its dividends without molestation or envy. If it does not, if it should tolerate and endorse the superb asininity and insolence of its secretary, if it should continue to disregard its obligation, it may find that the officials and judges of this city and State are not yet as completely under the influence of the corporations as they are in the East, and that a franchise forfeited in fact may be declared forfeited by law.

### Rare Sense.

From this Morning's Republican.

The main purpose of the expensive bridges the city has constructed and contemplates constructing across the Missouri Pacific and Wabash Railway tracks is to secure absolute safety for people crossing the tracks, but it is questionable whether, as things are, the bridges we have are not more dangerous than the crossings on a level with the tracks. The bridges are pertectly safe for pedestrians, but they are not safe for those who drive over. The tracks below, with the frequently passing engines and trains, are neither obscured from the sight nor shut out from the hearing of horses crossing on the bridges, and the sudden rush of a snorting and hissing engine immediately under a horse is a thousand times more likely to frighten the animal than the same thing passing on a level with him. The Board of Public Improvements would do well to consider if there is not some means by which the railway tracks near to and under the bridges can be hidden from the view of horses passing over. Still more important is it to prevent reckless engineers from discharging steam, blowing whistles, ringing bells and generally turning their engines into the semblance of a noisy demon just escaped from the internal regions when they are passing under these street bridges. This kind of clatter is unnecessary, and there is good reason for believing that this unneeded noise has occasioned many more serious runaways since the bridges were put up than occurred at the same crossings in a like period before there were any bridges.

### Practical Public Service.

From This Morning's Westliche Post.

WHERE ARE THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS?—SEVENTEEN GAMBLING HELLS OPEN EVERY EVENING.

The POST-DISPATCH has proved that in the immediate vicinity of the Court-house seventeen gambling hells are open every evening. It assigned its reporters on the evening of New Year's Day to visit the gaming-houses, and the latter obtained admission to seventeen. In ten keno, in seven faro and roulette were played. Over 400 people were present in the hells. No policeman was to be seen, and none of the establishments were closed before two o'clock in the morning.

These facts prove plainly that the Police Commissioners do not perform their duty. Now and then a raid is made on the gambling hells. The proprietors are arrested, and in the nearest police station give surety for their appearance in the Police Court. That done, they return to their "hells," and in half an hour the game is again in full blast. Next morning the arrested gamblers pay a fine of five or ten dollars in the Police Court, frequently not even this insignificant sum, and then the gambling goes quietly on again.

### Pertinent and Impertinent.

From this Morning's Times.

A terrible onslaught was made upon the faro and keno gamblers of St. Louis by one of our contemporaries yesterday. This is proper enough; but, in the interest of morality, why would it not be well to stop sporting on 'Change? By what process of reasoning do we arrive at the conclusion that it is wrong to bet on the order in which cards will drop out of a box and perfectly proper to bet on the price of wheat and pork from one day to another? Perhaps some scientist who understands spectrum analysis will undertake to investigate this problem.

### [Our Faithful Directory Man.

From the Chicago Times.

The St. Louis directory man has commenced his canvass, and will report about April 1. He may be relied upon to laugh the United States enumerators to scorn, and to prove that the population of St. Louis is just about a million and a half.

### Give Belisaurius a Job.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

The foremost man for Secretary of State in Gen. Garfield's Cabinet is Gen. Grant. He is vualified to fill that place, and he would fill it to the advantage of the country, and to the credit of the Republican party.

### A Failing Frown.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

There is a Wheeler boom for the Senate in New York. There is also a Depew boom. It appears that there are a few men in the northern counties of the State who are not frighened when Conkling frowns.

### Society in the American Par-ee.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

It may not be new, but it is a fact, that under our present city administration the keepers of disreputable houses hold receptions and issue cards of invitation gotten up in the highest style of art.

### That He Will.

From the Chicago Times.

The President should think twice before putting Jay Gould's attorney, Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, upon the supreme bench. But the shame of it is that he will think twice and do it.

### An Artistic Misunderstanding.

ST. LOUIS, January 4, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of last Saturday you published a communication from S. A. Coale, Jr., signed "Pictor," which, purporting to be a criticism of a picture, resolves itself into an abusive attack on myself. It is true the writer does not mention me by name, but nearly every one who is interested in pictures in St. Louis will known whom he intends by his epithets. I presume the scurrilous matter passed into your columns without the usual scrutiny, for I can not think you would, otherwise, have permitted its publication. I do not desire to burden your space with a personal dispute; indeed "Pictor" is too small game to give me much uneasiness. But as you have published his abuse, I ask you in fairness to add the following statement, which will explain its cause.

After about seven years apparent friendship, for some reason utterly unknown to me, Mr. Coale chose to "cut" my acquaintance publicly in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, last August. He followed this up by numerous secret attempts to traduce me among my friends. About a month ago he issued a circular announcing his intention of going into the picture dealing business. On December 13 I received a letter from him of which the following is a copy:

"MR. MILLS—Acting under a misapprehension, I did you a great injustice. All that a man can do who does a wrong is to feel and express sorrow therefor, which I now do. Hoping that this admission and explanation will prove satisfactory to you, I am, truly yours,
S. A. COALE, JR."

To this I replied, respectfully declining a renewal of the acquaintance. I had had enough of the man and his manners.—Respectfully,
GEORGE MILLS.

### Gen. Houser's Oversight.

ST. LOUIS, January 4, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The Globe-Democrat of Sunday, January 2, in its personal column, has an advertisement for three stylish young lady boarders for a well-known house on Eleventh street. I must say that this speaks well for the great and only religious daily paper published in this city. HYPO.

## ABOUT TOWN.

THE Ways and Means Committee of the School Board meets this evening at 7 o'clock.

THE police were paid to-day and all are having a bright new year for two days to come.

A FINE eighteen-carat gold ring was found by a colored man on High street yesterday and reported to Capt. Fox.

THE executive committee of the Seventh Charity Ball will meet to-morrow to hear final reports and straighten accounts.

THE Woman's Board of Missions of the Presbyterian Church held a meeting this afternoon at the Presbyterian rooms.

ABOUT 10 o'clock last night a gasoline lamp exploded in a show window of a millinery store at 1018 Franklin avenue, owned by Rose Nehr. The blaze was extinguished by Officers Martin and O'Sullivan, but not before it had done $300 damage to the stock. Miss Nehr's hands were severely burned.

## GOV. FOSTER'S MESSAGE.

### Meeting of the Ohio Assembly This Morning.

### Several Important Recommendations Made by the Governor.

COLUMBUS, O., January 4.—The General Assembly met this afternoon and listened to the reading of the annual message of Gov. Foster. The message is of the usual length and treats of many topics. Among other things Gov. Foster says: The State funded debt aggregates $6,486,805. and of this amount $4,072,640 is payable after June 30, 1881. On November 15 last there was in the sinking fund $923,761, which will be increased by the February settlements. It is safe to assume that by anticipating the August settlements the debt maturing on July the 1st, next, can be reduced to $3,000,000. In order to pay this debt and comply with the Constitutional requirements the Governor recommends the issue of $3,000,000 in four per cent bonds, interest payable semi-annually $300,000 of which is to mature every six months, commencing the first of next January. These bonds are to be sold at not less than their par value. The Governor states he thinks that the present levy of five-tenths of one mill for the interest and sinking fund purposes will furnish the means to pay these bonds as they mature. A similar method can be adopted when the remaining two and a half millions of State debt matures in 1886, and thus on or before July, 1891 all the debt can be constitutionally paid. The message calls most earnestly upon the assembly to impose restraints upon the alarming tendency toward the increase of local indebtedness. The public works are reported in a prosperous condition, the receipts from tolls and water rents last year having been $286,988 and expenditures some of an unusual character owing to the floods, at $223,624. The message says a marked improvement has taken place in the general tone and efficiency of the National guard, and the recommendation is made that the militia be increased and more liberal appropriations be made for them. In referring to the State charitable institutions, the Governor says he has endeavored to have them run as non-partisan institutions, and that with the one single exception the several boards of directors are made up of three of the dominant and two of the minority party. The Governor says these institutions cannot be properly conducted financially until some uniform system of book-keeping is decided upon. The Governor recommends that an advisory board of pardons be established. He says the State University is increasing its usefulness and preliminary steps have been taken to re-establish a chair of horticulture and botany. The suggestion is also made that an experimental station be established in connection with the university. In referring to the Public Schools the Governor says no additional legislation seems to be required in relation to the graded schools, but the ungraded schools could be materially improved by proper legislation. The recommendation is made that the question of a geological resurvey for economic purposes be carefully considered. The recommendation is made that the Assistant State Mine Inspector be provided for by law, that the salary of Secretary of State be fixed by law, and all fees paid into the Treasury; that the salary of Railroad Commissioner be increased, and that he be authorized to employ a competent engineer. The Governor says the railroads in Ohio have a prosperity never before equaled; that freight rates are not burdensome yet in some localities discrimination in rates is complained of; that the consolidation of and control thus secured by the great trunk lines causes some alarm, especially among agricultural agents, and the recommendation that legislative action be had to prevent exhorbitant rates and unjust discriminations. The Governor recommends the appointment of a commission of five persons, two life and two fire insurance and a commissioner of insurance, who shall report to the Legislature what legislation they may deem necessary upon this subject.

The recommendation is made that mutual aid associations be placed under such control as will at least restrict them to legitimate business. The recommendation is made that steps be taken at once to provide for building a Governor's dwelling-house.

### The Michigan Senatorship.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DETROIT, January 4.—Advices from Lansing, the State capital, this morning say that the Senatorial struggle dwarfs all other matters. Ex-Gov. Bagley, Senator Baldwin and Congressman Conger, with their respective followers, are all on hand and the amount of button-holing and wire-pulling is something awful to contemplate.

Bagley's friends claim forty-five to fifty-five on the first ballot in the caucus which has not yet been called, and in which it requires fifty-nine votes to secure the nomination. Baldwin's friends also claim a lead on the first ballot, while Congers' coherts claim forty votes.

### Preliminary Injunction.

PHILADELPHIA, January 4.—In the United States Circuit Court Judge Butler granted a preliminary injunction restraining the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from interfering with the wires and offices of the W. U. Telegraph Company along the route of the railroad until the case can be fully heard in the same court before Judges McKennan and Butler on the 17th inst.

### A Rejected Lover's Stab.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Barbara Groenthal, a domestic employed at 500 Willoughby avenue, Brooklyn, was stabbed through the heart last evening by James Walsh, a rejected lover, who afterwards tried to drown himself in Gowanus Canal, but was rescued and locked up.

### For Redemption.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—United States 6 per cent bonds of '81, aggregating about $300,000 were received to-day for redemption.

## EAST ST. LOUIS.

A laborer named Thomas Doolan had a very narrow escape from being run over by the Pittsburg passenger train about eight o'clock this morning.

The report of James Shannon, the City Clerk, shows that during the month of December he received $4,077 80 in scrip for licenses, an increase of $41 20 on the month of November. For the last four months the City Clerk has received over $12,000 in scrip in payment for licenses.

Since the cold weather set in the applicants for food and clothing at the police stations have been very numerous. At present the police have no means of supplying those wants, but the chief is endeavoring to raise a scheme which may supply a part of the imperative wants of a few persons who are known to be in very destitute circumstances. The police are to be instructed to receive old clothing and food from persons charitably inclined. All collected are to be distributed among the most needy persons of the city.

### Damage Suit.

In Circuit Court No. 5 the damage suit of Lena Werner against the Citizens' Railway Company, is in progress. The plaintiff is a widow and she asks judgment for $5,000 against the company for the loss of her husband, who was run over on the company's track at Grand avenue and Montgomery street, receiving injuries which resulted in death.

### Death of an Aged Woman.

Mrs. Harriet N. Cooper, a colored woman, died at Cheltenham, January 1, 1881, at the advanced age of 115 years. At the time of her death she weighed over 400 pounds. Mrs. Cooper was the mother of twenty-five children, the youngest of whom is sixty-two years old. Her husband is 101 years old and is still living.

### R. & T. A. Ennis.

With much pleasure we refer to the New Year announcement of this old and well-known firm. Commencing business here in 1859 the Ennis Brothers by their industry, economy and perseverance have steadily advanced in their line of business from small beginnings until the house has become one of the largest and most widely known establishments of the kind in the country. It is of such material as composes this firm that the great Southwest has been built up, and if the debris of the past could be supplanted by such live, active, vigorous workers, we would soon make our city the great commercial metropolis of the country.

Our congratulations are especially extended to Mr. Richard Ennis, the senior of the firm. Two years of actual service as editor and joint proprietor of the Alton Telegraph before coming to St. Louis, and twenty-two years of actual and uninterrupted business relations with our citizens, just closed, during which period he has preserved an unsullied private character as well as given evidence of sterling honesty, perseverance and marked ability to all undertakings, entitle him to rank among the veterans of the press as well as his present line of business.

We wish the firm the same prosperity in the future as they have experienced in the past.

### Not France.

In the description of the gambling houses in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH it was stated that W. C. France ran the establishment located at 208 North Sixth street. This is a mistake. Mr. Francis has no connection with the business, and his old stand is at present manages by Gus Wilson and Boyle.

### High-Toned Burglary.

There is an ugly rumor current in police circles that a young man of highly respectable connections, who was arrested a day or two ago on a charge of burglary, had been released through some undue influence, and the matter was hushed up.

### The Kring Contempt Case.

The Court of Appeals to-day granted further time for the filing of a return in the Jones-Laughlin prohibition matter, the proceeding to restrain Judge Laughlin from acting in the Kring contempt case.

## BELLEVILLE.

Charlie Adams, a three-yar-old son of John Adams, died about 6 o'clock this morning after a protracted illness.

Considernble discontent is being manifested by many of the citizens with the sample of gasoline used for lighting certain portions of the city.

James Peters, from O'Fallon Station, mourns the loss of a spring wagon and a mule. On his way to Belleville he stopped at a saloon to take a drink with a friend. When he returned the wagon and mule was nowhere to be found. Some little boys in the vicinity saw two tramps get in the wagon and drive off.

## THE COMING CATACLYSM.

### The Monstrous Comet that is to Destroy Us All in the Nascent Year.

From the New York World.

Among the dreadful prodigies of the year now opening there is said to be one which, if it shall really come to pass, will eclipse all others, with the solitary exception of the total destruction of the world prophesied by "Mother Shipton." This is nothing less than the falling into the sun of a monstrous comet, the impact of which will so increase the heat of the central luminary that, as some persons think, it will destroy all animal and vegetable life on the earth and render necessary, if our planet is ever to be repeopled, either a long process of evolution from those germs which, as no less an authority than Professor Huxley believes, must at some time in the night of the past have been spontaneously generated, or else a new creative act. There is reason to believe that, even if the predicted comet should impinge upon the sun, this prophecy will not be justified by the event in all its particulars, but still there is no telling; all will depend upon the amount of heat generated by the impact, which in turn will depend upon the size and density of the ominous stranger, and the velocity to which it shall have attained at the moment when it makes its direct attack upon the very pivot and governor of our system of planets.

According to the prediction there is now somewhere in the universe a body—small, perhaps, in size, by reason of its distance from the sun, but almost inconceivably dense by reason of the amount of matter which is crowded within it—which is proceeding directly towards the sun and growing gradually larger as it approaches and is expanded by the heat. It has long been a favorite theory with astronomers that the heat of the sun is kept up, in part at least, by the falling into it of cosmical matter—meteorites and so forth—which it is known must be endlessly gathered from space by the overwhelming attraction of the sun. Space is known, or at least has been said by a great astronomer, to be as full of such bodies (among which comets must be reckoned) as the sea is of fishes. Perhaps, and very probably, the greater amount of solar heat is produced by the contraction of the body of the sun itself as it is cooled by the radiation, but it is generally conceded that at least a good proportion of the heat is produced, as has been said, by the impact of these meteors. Matters like this have been calculated by such physicists as Helzholtz, Clerk-Maxwell and Sir William Thomson, and it has been mathematically demonstrated that sufficient heat might thus be produced to keep the solar system in working order for a time to which the imagination of the last probable man could hardly stretch in its highest flights into the future. The methods by which the sun is supplied with fuel have indeed long been a subject of speculation among physical astronomers, and both Sir Isaac Newton and Buffon, who was something of an astronomer as well as a "naturalist," held the view that the impact of comets might be the sourse of heat—a theory which in essence was first broached in more recent times by Mr. Waterston in 1853. Whatever may be the fact as to whether the solar heat is really kept up in this way, it is demonstrably certain that the impact of a great body, such as the approaching comet is said to be, would certainly produce such a molecular disturbance in the solar system as to occasion great damage to all living bodies which should come under its influence, and that both animals and vegetables would be destroyed by the wholesale.

But the extent of this damage might readily be limited; it is not necessary, and it is not to be deemed likely from what is heard of this comet that it is so vastly large that its impact upon the sun shall give rise to an entire disintegration of the matter of which the earth is composed so that the earth should be reduced to its original elements. Nothing of this sort is threatened, and, however desirable it would be for pessimists like Edouard von Hartman to have the whole human race blotted out at once and forever, it is not at all likely that such a wish could be fulfilled. A reduction of the human race to its final principles might, indeed, be brought about, but hardly more than that. It may as well be taken for granted that whenever the comet which is to produce the threatened results really becomes integrated with the body of the sun, a sufficient amount of heat will be produced to destroy life on those parts of the globe which are immediately exposed to it; but those parts are not all, and geology teaches us, even if we refuse to accept the theory of catastrophe, that at many times there has been something very nearly like a total destruction of organized beings over vast areas. And yet, notwithstanding this, some animals and plants, and some germs and spores have outlived the disaster and have gradually spread their vital influences all over the earth. Certain it is that unless something of this sort had happened the whole habitable portion of the globe would not now be inhabited, as it seems to be. Animals and plants which now are found in the tropics only are represented by remains at the poles, and plants and animals now found as fossils in the far North and the far South are representatives of life which once existed in the tropics. If we of the temperate zones are to be destroyed by the grand cataclasm, it by no means follows that life shall be obliterated everywhere. The long night at the poles forbids such a presumption; whether the great intensification of heat will therefore prevent life at the poles, north and south, whenever the catastrophe shall occur really therefore has but little to do with the preservation of life on the globe. The increment of heat would be sudden, and as the amount of it could hardly be enduring, it is probable that by the time when the polar summer should come its most disastrous effects would have disappeared.

What then will follow? What is the meaning of the old stories which come to us through the mythology of Greece, in some of which the ancestors of the kindly race of men, strong in form and strong in intelligence, were the small and least intelligent of the peoples who dwell on the confines of the earth to the north? Recent investigations seem to show that the people of the world, instead of being found in their primitive state on the "Aryan plateau" really came from further south, and the inference has been drawn that in most ancient times it was the (now) most southern part of the earth—the pole—in which were originated (?) the germs of that civilization by whom to-day we are surrounded. Historically, therefore, we would have good grounds for believing that instead of being indebted to Asiatics for the life we at present lead we owe it to the poles. The careful calculation of Hindoo astronomical tables which had been made when Bayle wrote his "Dictionaire Historique et Critique," and which has since been revised and corrected by Prof. Piazzi Smyth and others, shows with surprising exactness that the legends of the oldest of peoples combined with astronomical events which are recorded in the fables, have a foundation in fact, the fact being that the earth was peopled from the poles. It seems probable, in view of recent investigations, that if such a catastrophe as that with which we are threatened took place ages ago, one of the poles was the only place in which human life could possibly then have existed.

It is, of course, highly probable, and it is certainly possible, that the vaticinations of the Kentucky astronomer who has assured us of the approach of the comet which is to work havoc with the world will not be justified by the event. Still, it may be that they will be fulfilled. In that case, all that the now highly civilized parts of the earth have to expect is the repeopling of the world from the North Pole or the South, and, after all is said, is there not a crying necessity of returning to such principles as here are found? Far to the south is Kerguelen Island with its countless aviaries, and far to the north is the frozen pole with the people living near it engaged simply in keeping soul and body together. Civilization has before now come from similar mustard seeds than these, and there is no reason why it should not come from things like these, providing only a cataclysm is forthcoming.

## THE CZAR AND HIS SON.

### An Interesting, if True, Story of Their Friendly Relations.

St. Petersburg Cor. London Daily News.

It may interest some of your readers to know what are the relations of the Emperor and the Cesarewitch towards each other as shown by public and private incidents. I have already mentioned in previous letters that while there may be difference of opinion between them on certain fundamental points of home politics, the private relations of father and son are of a very cordial nature. It may be that the incidents connected with their visit to the shrine of Our Lady of Kazan, when the Czar arrived in St. Petersburg from Livadia, were intended to dispel some of the unfounded stories in circulation as to their relations; but as the local press is not allowed to narrate such matters it is not generally known that after they had concluded their devotions the Cesarewitch turned toward the Emperor and embraced him. Both then turned towards those assembled in the Cathedral and bowed three times, thus acknowledging jointly the congratulations offered on the Emperor's safe return. I know it may be said this would be only rehearsing a part *coram populo*, but at any rate, it may be regarded as a public refutation of anything like alienation or serious differences. An incident occurred the following day in the Emperor's Cabinet as reported in the city, although perhaps known as yet to a very small number, and was certainly spontaneous and unrehearsed, with two spectators only. M. Abaza, the Finance Minister, having submitted his programme to the Czar, and His Majesty having ascertained the views of the Cesarewitch and Count Melikoff, who were also present, rose from his seat and addressing them, said: "You wish me to sign to-day the measure for the abolition of the salt excise and the reduction of the duty on foreign salt, and the amount of duties are to be replaced from some other sources. I am happy to sign this ukase, and it is the first time I have had the pleasure to abolish a tax" (or words to that effect). Then adding, "Give me the pen," the Emperor forthwith signed the proposals. Then proceeding towards the "ikon" (sacred picture), in one of the angles of the room, he offered up the prayer that God would protect Russia. When the Emperor concluded the Cesarewitch approached him and embraced him as his son, thanking him for signing the ukase, and adding that when he became Emporer he desired to tread in the same direction and to be able to abolish taxes that were onerous. Such are the simple incidents which marked the public and private relations of the Emperor and the Cesarewitch on the day and on the morrow of the former's return. One word on another subject. That a morganatic marriage has taken place between the Czar and the Princess Dolgorouki is a matter of universal belief. And I have already informed your readers that the Cesarewitch and Czarevna had become reconciled to the inevitable before the departure of His Majesty for Livadia at the end of August last. I now learn on good authority that the marriage really took place on October 3 (21st September, O. S.). There will be, I believe, no Imperial rescript or manifesto announcing the marriage to the Russian nation. It is purely of a morganatic, domestic character.

### THE BRITISH LION.

In days of old, the schoolmen raised this question:
Suppose an ass on either quarter saw,
When stirred by any motive to digestion,
Two equal heaps of tinsties or of straw,

Each equally attractive to his vision,
Each equal in its succulence and size;
Could he arrive at grounds for a decision,
Or must he weigh their merits till he dies?

And they inferred that, granting the condition
Of equal appetite and equal claim,
The puzzled beast must die of inanition
Before he could determine on his aim.

Perhaps the quibble of these ancient sages,
Which only served to stir their wits about,
May furnish us, who live in later ages,
A pointed moral from the ass's doubt.

The British ass, set between Whigs and Tories,
Two equal bundles of unwholesome food,
Will die of hunger, certainly, before he's
Able to judge which mess should be eschewed.

—[London Truth.

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

### England.

LONDON, January 4.—The deaths are announced of John Stenhouse, LL. D., F. R. S., the chemist, and John Thomas Towson, the scientific writer on navigation.

RUN ON THE BANK.

LONDON, January 4.—The British steamer Brazilian, Capt. Worthington, from Boston, December 21, for Liverpool, while entering the Mersey during a dense fog at 2 this morning, ran on the Burbo bank and almost immediately parted amidships. She is high and dry at low water. Her cargo of grain is running out on the beach, but the cattle and pigs are being rescued by steam tugs. No person was drowned.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND READING.

LONDON, January 4.—The Messrs. McAlmont write the papers as follows: We learn by letter from Mr. Gowen, the President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company, that he intends to offer for subscription the scheme of deferred bonds without obtaining any previous guarantee and deposit to secure its success. We are the largest share-holders, and think it right to make it known that the plan submitted to the American court was based on a guarantee of its success, to be given by the association or syndicate and secured by the deposit of $2,000,000, and it was only with this condition that the Court approved of the plan. The failure of such an attempt would injure the company, and even only partial success might produce financial entanglement and mischief. We think, moreover, that, as the day for the election of the company's board of directors is at hand and as numerous shareholders, including ourselves, have come to the conclusion that a change is necessary, President Gowen and the present board of directors ought not further to press such important financial operations until after the election.

A FENIAN PROJECT.

LONDON, January 4.—By the direction of the War Office a strict guard is kept over the armories of the Volunteers in consequence of the news of a contemplated Fenian attempt to seize arms. Last night was supposed to be the time appointed for the execution of the project, but no overt act confirming the suspicions has yet come to light.

DIED.

Baron Simon Van Oppenheim, head of the great banking firm of Oppenheim & Sons, is dead.

### Ireland.

DUBLIN, January 4.—The attendance at the trial of the Traversers to-day is scanty and the proceedings monotonous. The sub-constable who took notes at the meeting in Mayo caused much laughter by admitting he had much trouble in transcribing them, and that he had never reported a meeting before. It is said the meeting fixed for Sunday next, near Castlebar, has been prohibited. At a meeting of the corporation a motion by E. Dwyer Gray that a petition be presented by the Lord Mayor of Dublin at the bar of the House of Commons, calling attention to the laws affecting the tenure of the proprietorship of land in Ireland and their effect on the general condition of the country and to the necessity for radical reform in these laws, was unanimously adopted.

### Russia.

TEHERAN, January 4.—A letter from Geok-tepe states the Russians, in their last engagement with the Tekke Turcomans, lost 3,000 men and a great quantity of rifles and ammunition, and that the loss of the Turcomans was slight. A small party of Turcomons have entered the Persian territory. They lost fifteen men in an engagement with the Persian troops.

STARVING.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 4.—The Saratoff Assembly reports that 750,000 peasants are starving in that province. It is stated upwards of a million peasants are in absolute want in Samara.

### Greece.

ATHENS, January 4.—The Foreign Ministers called upon Premier Coumoundouros in regard to the arbitration of the Greek question. The British Minister informed the Premier that England had agreed to the arbitration. The Premier replied that Greece would firmly adhere to the decisions of the Berlin Conference.

### South America.

PANAMA, January 4.—The Star and Herald of the 25th of December says: The foreign fleet will shortly be the most powerful ever seen in the Pacific. H. B. M.'s ship Garnet, recently in the Pacific, is reported in quarantine at Montevideo with the yellow fever on board.

### Egypt.

LONDON, January 4.—Amity is said to be restored between Egypt and Abyssinia, and the roads connecting the two countries ordered reopened.

### Gov. Cornell's Message.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Gov. Cornell's message is long and exhaustive. It opens with thanks for the prosperity in agriculture, commerce and manufactures. He says the financial condition of the State is eminently satisfactory and that the laws for the assessment of property at the basis of taxation should be revised. It is a notorious fact the present laws permit part of the tax-payers to escape their just proportions, while erroneous and unfair burdens are laid on others. The canals carried a largely increased tonnage. Surplus over expenses, $311,118 79; gain in revenue over the previous year, $278,881 82. He refers to public education as having made gratifying progress; calls attention to the defects of the construction of the Assembly Chamber and advises the Legislature to satisfy itself of its safety. The total number of insane shows an alarming increase, and he says the Buffalo asylum has cost on an average of $4,000 to each patient in its construction—an enormous extravagance.

### Message of the Governor of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURGH, PA., January 4.—The Governor's message, sent to the Assembly to-day, recommends the Legislature to take such action as is necessary to impress upon the proposed Centennial observances at Yorktown, the stamp of the sanction of this State, and give to them the promise enthusiastic participation by the people of Pennsylvania. He calls attention to the legislation necessary to the reapportion of the State into Legislative, Judicial and Congressional districts, and also for the bill to refund the public debt to mature in 1882. The estimated revenue for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1881, are $5,404,000, and the estimated expenses of the same period $5,399,988. In the general fund there will be a deficit of $171,100, which, added to the present deficit in the appropriations unpaid of $1,043,000, will leave a deficiency of $1,814,000 to be provided for.

### Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, January 4.—The first biennial session of the Pennsylvania Legislature was held to-day. The Republican caucus nominees elected officers. In the Senate a sensation was caused by E. B. Cox (Dem., from Luzerne) declining to take the iron-clad oath. He made a long statement, showing he had used money in securing his own election and therefore could not conscientiously allow himself to be sworn in.

### The Whittaker Court-Martial.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—An official order appointing the court martial for the trial of Cadet Whittaker was promulgated to-day. The detail for the court is as previously stated. The court is directed to meet in New York City, Army building, January 20, instead of West Point, January 18, as first announced.

### Through a Bridge.

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., January 4.—The engine of the southward bound passenger train on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad went through the bridge over the Ashepoo River, forty-two miles from Charleston. No passengers were hurt. It is reported James Witkerson and two colored firemen were killed.

### Killed at His Misdeeds.

NEW YORK, January 4.—A thief who had robbed the daughter of William P. Sheldon, 44 Remsen street, Brooklyn, of wedding gifts was found unconscious and dying on the parlar floor of an unoccupied house adjoining, having fallen from the roof through the skylight.

### Tennessee Legislature.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NASHVILLE, January 4.—The Senate adjourned at noon for two hours after taking nine ballots for Speaker. On the last ballot, the thirty-third. Morgan, Democrat, led.

In the House the only business transacted was balloting for clerk.

### Killed for Love.

NEW YORK, January 4.—James Walsh, who killed Barbara Growenthal in Brooklyn, last night, says he loved the girl, and her rejection of his suit maddened him. Walsh is now in prison.

### New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 4.—The State Legislature met to-day. Gen. George H. Sharpe, Republican, was re-elected Speaker. Erastus Brooks received the votes of the Democrats.

## THE TIMES IN COURT.

### Proceeding Before Judge Lindley—Application for a Restraining Order.

The Judges of the Circuit Court are manifesting no disposition to wrestle with the complications of the Times. This morning Frank J. Bowman refiled a petition in the clerk's office seeking the appointment of a receiver and order of sale. It was assigned to Room No. 5, but Judge Thayer promptly declined to entertain the matter on the ground that it had not reached his division of the court in the regular order. Proceedings for injunction had been heard in Room No. 4.

It was suggested that Judge Lindley's division was already crowded with business. Judge Thayer said that he would not hear the matter.

When Judge Lindley took his seat at half past ten o'clock, Mr. McKeighan presented Mr. Bowman's application in Room No. 4. Judge Lindley asked the reason that the Times matter again appeared there; he understood that Judge Boyle had the papers in his court.

Mr. McKeighan said that the petition filed and presented in Court No. 3 yesterday had since been dismissed without prejudice, and he held a new petition.

The Court remarked that it was difficult to know what to do in the Times case. If the papers came to room No. 4 in regular order he would see what was to be done about it after the calling of the motion docket, but not before.

The new petition sets forth substantially the matter contained in the bill filed yesterday, particulars of which were given in the POST-DISPATCH. The petitioner, however, alleges that he now controls a majority of the notes secured by the deed of trust upon the TIMES property, an aggregate amount of $28,333. He says that the property is in a bad condition, that the constable is in possession under executions obtained against the Times Company and that the trustee is unable to protect the property. The petitioner asks for the appointment of a receiver, an order for sale, an order restraining the publication of the Times from the office of the POST-DISPATCH, an order upon the receiver to continue in force the contract with the Republican publishers entered into by President Cundiff of the Times Company until a sale of the property shall take place and an order upon the Associated Press to deliver the telegraph dispatches to the parties publishing the Times under that contract. The alleged majority control of the notes by Bowman arises from the fact that Mr. McKeighan, who represents the notes for $5,000 held by the Mastin Bank, is interested with Mr. Bowman on that side of the conflict.

Shortly after noon Judge Lindley announced that he would hear the applicatiod in the matter of the Times.

Mr. McKeighan then read the petition. The contract made by Col. Cundiff in the name of the Times with George Knapp & Co. for the publication of the paper was next read. The agreement bears date December 32, 1880. Col. Cundiff agreed, as President of the Times Company, to pay to George Knapp & Co. the sum of six thousand dollars, in consideration of the continuance of the Times publication at the office of the Republican. The deed is signed: "St. Louis Times, by J. H. R. Cundiff, president; attest, J. H. R. Cundiff, Jr., secretary." The agreement also provided that all moneys received for advertising subscriptions, etc., on account of the Time should be paid to and received by George Knapp & Co. The sum of $6,000 was to be paid to George Knapp & Co. in consideration of the Times' contract with the city of St. Louis for official printing, which was to be carried out in the sheet furnished by George Knapp & Co. An addition below the signature of J. H. R. Cundiff reads:

"I assume payment and obligate myself to pay the sum of $6,000. J. H. R. CUNDIFF."

Mr. Bowman stated that the petition was filed in the interest of the bondholders for the foreclosure of the mortgage; a receiver was wanted for the property, to take care of it and not run it. The restraining order was asked to restrain the publication of the Times from the office of the POST-DISPATCH.

The Court remarked that the "body" of the Times seemed to be in possession of the Constable and the "spirit" down at the Republican office. [Laughter.]

Mr. Bowman said that the bondholders represented in the matter were anxious to foreclose. The trustee had advertised the property for sale, but as he had not sold last month, there was reason to believe that the announced sale would not take place.

The Court asked in relation to the restraining order sought if any authorities had been prepared upon the question of two journals appearing under the same title.

Mr. Bowman said that it was substantially an infringement of trade-mark, hanging to which likewise was the question of the Associated Press privileges.

The court took a recess at 1 o'clock.

## A CONFLICT OF JURISDICTION.

### The State of Missouri and the Federal Government.

Quite an important case was up for hearing before Judge Treat to-day, involving a conflict of jurisdiction between the State of Missouri and the General Government. The facts in the case are about these: Last summer Joseph M. Douglas and Elisha Foote, both non-residents of the State, recovered a judgment in the United States Courts upon a hundred thousand dollars' worth of bonds issued by the Clarksville and Western Railroad Company and guaranteed by the Township of Buffalo, in Pike county, Missouri. Writs of mandamus were issued by the United States Court, compelling the Judges of the County Court of Pike county to levy a tax to pay this bonded indebtedness. After the County Court had made the levy, and just as the Collector was about beginning to force the collection, David A. Bell the Circuit Attorney of Pike county, succeeded in securing an injunction against the Collector in the Pike Circuit Court estopping him from carrying out the order of the United States Circuit Court. The reason for which the injunction was granted was that the levy was against the Constitution of the State of Missouri, and against the special act under which the bonded debt was created, as it provided that the tax should be levied upon real estate alone, and not as the collector was about to do, upon real and personal property too. The injuction was granted and now the bondholding defendants, Douglass and Foote, have once more brought the case up in the United States court. To day Ball, the Pike county Prosecuting Attorney, moved Judge Treat to remand the case to Pike county on the ground that the United States Court has no jurisdiction among other reasons because the State of Missouri is one of the parties. Judge Treat refused to entertain this position and overruled the motion to remand.

## THE EXCHANGE ELECTION.

### A Close Presidential Race Anticipated.

The Merchants' Exchange election to-morrow promises to be one of the most exciting, if not the closest contest ever held by that corporaton. Both the candidates for president are very popular men. Mr. Slayback, or "Charley," as he is familiarly called, with the younger members especially, and Mr. McEnnis with the staid old stand byes of the Exchange. The Legion of Honor, which is largely represented on 'Change, will probably throw their influence for Slayback, who is a prominent officer as well as one of the founders of that society. Col. Alonzo Slayback has been prominent on 'Change within the last couple of days working like a beaver for his brother, and the seductive eloquence with which the Colonel knows so well how to work upon a jury for a client of his has been used with good effect for the cause he now champions. McEnnis has also stripped for the fray, and, instead of standing idly by, and letting his friends do all the work, as was the case last year. When he ran against Alex. Smith, be is now straining every nerve and using all his powers in his own behalf. The friends of the two candidates are leaving no stone unturned to further the interests of their men. Button-holing is now the order of the day.

### A Republican Row.

The Republican Central Committee is said to be just now agitated with charges and counter charges affecting its members. It was known that Mr. William McClellan the committeeman for the Fourth Ward had suddenly resigned his seat in the committee and also his position in the sheriff's office. A POST-DISPATCH reporter was informed by competent authority that the chief trouble with Mr. McClellan grew out of the late election. It is claimed that Mr. McClellan was paid $3 a day to protect Republican registration in the Fourth Ward and that he did not do his duty; also that he neglected to take care of the men at the precinct polling places and charged too much commission for his services. Mr. Metcalfe is also said to hold other affidavits concerning Mr. McClellan in the Fourth Ward, which will be interesting when produced.

It is also whispered that August Hohoff, of the Third Ward, and John Hogan, of the Tenth Ward, are on the mourners' bench in the committee, and a lively time is anticipated at the meeting next Friday night.

### Corporation Elections.

At the election for three directors of the Bank of Commerce this morning Messrs. W. H. Thompson, C. W. Chadbourne and C. B. Burnham received a unanimous vote of the stockholders.

The stockholders of the New Orleans and St. Louis Transportation Company elected the following directory for the ensuing year this morning: John Jackson, B. M. Lewis, Web. M. Samuels, Henry Lourey, N. G. Laramore, John C. Gault and A. A. Talmage.

The Mohr & Mohr Company, creditors of Bowman & Bleyer, entered an attachment suit this morning against that firm to recover the amount of $1,648 73. The proceeding was in progress before the filing of the deed of assignment in the Recorder's office.

AN attachment suit was filed to-day by Warner & Pearman against Robt. A. Campbell, lumber merchant, to recover the sum of $1,584 72.

CINCINNATI, January 4.—River 9 feet 2 inches and rising. Closed. Thermometer 23 degrees.

W. C. LITTLE. G. R. WEBER.

**WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,**
**Bankers and Brokers,**
**218 N. Third St., St. Louis,**
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

## MONEY.

### Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, January 4, noon.—Money loaning at 6 per cent on call; prime mercantile paper 5@6. Bar silver 111⅞. Exchange quoted at 98⅜ for 60 days, and 99⅜ for demand. Governments quiet and steady; '81 reg. 101⅛; '81 coupons 101⅛; new 5s reg. 100⅞; new 5s coupons 101⅛; new 4½s reg. 111⅞; new 4½s coupons 111⅞; new 4s reg. 112⅛; new 4s coupons 112⅛. State securities dull and nominal. Railroad bonds are inactive. Since 11 o'clock stock market has been feverish and unsettled, general tendency being toward lower range of quotations and at noon had reached ¼ to 2⅛ per cent, the latter in Western Union.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rock Island | 125⅛ | prfd | 111 |
| Panama | 212@220 | W., St. L. & Pacific | 43⅛ |
| Fort Wayne | 127 | prfd | 82⅞ |
| Pittsburg | 132 | Hannibal & St. Joseph | 45 |
| Illinois Central | 124½ | pfd | 101 |
| C., B. & Q. | 179⅛ | Iron Mountain | 52¼ |
| prfd | .... | St. L. & San Fran. | 44⅛ |
| Chicago & Alton | 150 | prfd | 63⅝ |
| Chi'go & A pfd | 158 | first prfd | 99¼ |
| N. Y. Central | 148⅛ | C., St. L. & N. O. | 40 |
| Harlem | †200 | Kansas & Texas | 41 |
| Lake Shore | 127⅜ | Union Pacific | 108⅛ |
| Canada Southern | 70⅛ | prfd | .... |
| Michigan Central | 121 | Central Pacific | 90 |
| Erie | 47⅜ | Texas Pacific | 42 |
| Erie, preferred | 89 | Northern Pacific | 33⅜ |
| Northwestern | 123½ | Northern Pacific, pfd | 65½ |
| Northwestern, pfd | 140 | Louisville & N. | 88 |
| St. Paul | 109⅞ | Nashville & Chat. | 69¼ |
| St. Paul, pfd | 122 | L. & N. A. | 58@61 |
| St. Paul & Minnesota | .... | Houston & Tex. | 70 |
| St. Paul & Sioux City | .... | Denver & R. Grande | 83⅜ |
| St. P. & S. C. prfd | .... | St. Paul & Omaha | 45⅛ |
| Del. & Lack. | 107⅛ | prfd | 95¼ |
| Morris & Essex | 119 | Boston Air Line, pfd | .... |
| Del. & Hudson | 89⅞ | Oregon Navigation | .... |
| N. J. Central | 82⅛ | Montauk Coal | .... |
| Reading | 52⅜ | Pittsburg, T. & B. | 35¼ |
| Ohio | 86½ | Memphis & C. | 43 |
| Ohio, preferred | 99⅜ | American Union | .... |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 23⅛ | Western Union | 82⅜ |
| first prfd | 8½3 | A. & P. Telegraph | 33⅛ |
| second prfd | 25 | Pacific Mail | 46 |
| Mobile & Ohio | 21⅛ | Little Pittsburg | .... |
| Cleveland & Col. | 94 | Adams | 120 |
| C., C. & I. C. | 19⅝ | Fargo | 112 |
| Ohio Central | 28⅜ | American | 63 |
| Erie & Western | 39 | United States | 52 |
| Peoria, D. and E. | 27⅜ | Canton | .... |
| Ind., B. and W. | 52 | Boston Water Power | .... |
| Ont. & Western | .... | Boston Land | .... |
| Mar. and Cin. | .... | Canton | .... |
| 1st prfd | 9 | Consol. Coal | .... |
| 2d prfd | 5⅛ | Quicksilver | 12 |
| B., C. R. & N. | 74 | pref | 50 |
| A. & T. H. | 40⅛ | Central Arizona | ... |

*Bid †Offered.

## COMMERCE.

### Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending Tuesday, January 3, 1881, and corresponding day in 1880, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

| ARTICLES | Receipts by River and Rail. 1880. | 1879. | Shipments by Rail. 1880. | 1879. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Apples, brls | 53 | 15 | ...... | 191 |
| Barley, sacks | ...... | ...... | 615 | ...... |
| Barley, in blk, bu. | 9,500 | 8,000 | ...... | 410 |
| Butter, lbs | 14,575 | 4,548 | 1,770 | 3,855 |
| Corn, sacks | ...... | ...... | 279 | 495 |
| Corn, in bulk, bu | 19,000 | 32,850 | 10,518 | 17,571 |
| Eggs, pkgs | 50 | 93 | ...... | ...... |
| Flour, brls | 3,707 | 2,793 | 7,345 | 6,076 |
| Hay, tons | 280 | 292 | 276 | 25 |
| Hides, lbs | 87,766 | 47,567 | 133,300 | 70,130 |
| Lard, lbs | 1,515 | 180 | 636,460 | 10,450 |
| Lead, pigs | 900 | 900 | 920 | 630 |
| Oats, sks | 196 | ...... | 433 | 200 |
| Oats, in bulk | 10,400 | 11,250 | ...... | ...... |
| Pork, brls | 80 | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Hams, lbs | ...... | 30,000 | 55,521 | 26,548 |
| Meats, lbs | 100,000 | 81,260 | 191,560 | 713,850 |
| Potatoes, sks, brls | 8 | 150 | ...... | 1,200 |
| Potatoes, bulk | ...... | 400 | ...... | 1,563 |
| Rye, sacks | ...... | 87 | ...... | ...... |
| Rye, in bulk | 500 | 450 | ...... | 2,573 |
| Tallow, lbs | 10,435 | 35,513 | 1,378 | ...... |
| Tobacco, hhds | 38 | 22 | ...... | 101 |
| Wheat, sacks | 200 | 22 | ...... | 215 |
| Wheat, in bulk | 9,000 | 10,625 | 8,228 | 3,275 |
| Whisky, brls | ...... | ...... | 217 | 141 |

### The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour very quiet and easy. There was noticeable, however, a large inquiry on foreign account for choice and fancy, though no trades resulted. We quote: Fancy $5 02@5 40; choice $4 80@5 05; family $4 55@4 70; xxx $4 25@4 55; xx $3 55@3 70; x $3 20@3 40; superfine $3 05@3 15; fine $2 65@2 90.

Wheat—A weak and lower market ruled most of the time, but nearing the close a stronger tone set in that carried prices up a notch. Grades sold readily to millers, speculators and exporters, being especially sought for at the close. New—No 1 red sold at 99@99¼, No. 2 red at 98⅜@98¾c, No. 4 at 90c. Old—No. 2 red at 98⅜@98¾c, No. 3 red at 96⅛@96⅜c, No. 2 Med. at 98⅜c, No. 3 do at 93⅜c. Futures were active, but unsettled, closing ½@1¼c below yesterday. January sold at 99c, closing at 98⅜c bid; February at $1 01⅛@1 01⅜, closing at $1 01⅛; March at $1 03⅜@1 04⅜, closing at the top; April at 95⅜@95⅜c, closing at 96c bid; May at $1 07⅛.

Corn—Weakened under declining markets elsewhere, as also affected by wheat losing in value. Grades were in demand at the lower rates, speculators taking No. 2 mixed at 38⅜ and order dealers No. 2 white mixed at 38⅛@¾, and rejected at 34⅜@¼, latter at 34½; for rejected white mixed 38 was bid. In futures there was only moderate trading, with a generally weak market, closing at ⅛@½ lower. January sold at 39@38⅜, closing at 38⅜; February at 39½@39; March 39⅛@39⅜; April at 40; May at 41@¼, closing at 41⅛.

Oats—Lower and depressed by the decline in wheat and corn and unfavorable advices. Grade No. 2 was in good request from speculators and order and feeding buyers at 30¼@30½, closing at 30½; No. 2 white brought 32¼ and rejected was salable at 29½. Futures were quiet and weak, February selling at 32⅛ and May at 35⅜, but 35¼ the best bid for latter late, when 30⅜ was bid for January.

Barley—Hardly a buyer present and market dull and nominal. Sellers held at steady rates. We quote: Rejected 40@50c; No. 3 60@70c; prime 75@85c; choice 90@95c; fancy $1@1 05; Canada $1@1 25.

Rye—Grade No. 2 in order demand at 85c this and 86c east side, but held higher; rejected dull—an indifferent bid of 80c.

Hay—Scarce, firm and in demand, the inquiry coming more particularly for choice, little of which was offered. We quote: Prairie $9 00@12 50; mixed $12@13 50; prime timothy $14 50@15 50; choice do $16@16 50; fancy do $17@17 50.

Millfeed—Good Southern order demand and sacked bran at mill sold quick at 56@57, and f. o. b. at 67; East side receipts very dull.

Provisions generally weaker. Mess pork sold actively for February at $12 57½ and for March at $12 70, but cash dull and nominal at $12 50; for January $12 40 bid. Lard sold packed at 8¼c. Loose dry salt clear ribs brought 6½; shoulders quotable at 4, long clear at 6.40 and short clear at 6 70. Nothing was done in bacon, which was nominal at about 5¼@¾ for shoulders, 7⅛ for clear ribs, 7⅛@⅜ for short clear. Tallow 5⅛@⅜c, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 9@10c. Grease, 4@4½c for brown, 4⅜@5⅛c for yellow, 5⅛@6c for white. Beef—Extra mess $12 per brl; prime mess $9 50 per brl; family $7 per half-brl; dried 9@10c per lb. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt $1 25@1 30 per brl for lake, and $1 15 for Ohio River; $1 20@1 25 per sack for G. A.

AFTERNOON CALL.

Wheat—Higher. February $1 02@1 02½, March $1 04⅜@104½; bids of 99 cash, 99⅛ January, $1 06 April, $1 06⅛ May.

Corn—Stronger. May at 41⅛@¼; bids of 38⅛ cash and January, 38⅜@⅛ February, 39⅛ March, 40 April.

Oats—Better. May at 35⅛; bids of 30⅛ cash and January, 32½ February, 32⅛ March.

### The Cotton Market.

Spots firm at ⅛c advance, and sales of 1,380 bales. New York 1-16c up, and steady at the advance. Good demand in Liverpool freely met.

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Stocks to-day | 45,899 |
| Same day last year | 73,458 |

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

| Date. | Receipts, bales. | Shipments, bales. |
|---|---|---|
| To-day | 2,498 | 3,801 |
| Same day last year | 2,186 | 3,027 |
| Total for season to date | 216,839 | 181,198 |
| Same time last year | 351,848 | 277,362 |

### Miscellaneous.

LEAD—soft Mo. held at $4 25.

HIGHWINES—Steady at $1 11.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $6 50 for patent, $6@6 25 for Eastern, $5 50 for Western.

RYE FLOUR—$4 90@5 20 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 10@2 15 del.

BUCKWHEAT—Quote at 60@65.

TOBACCO—We quote. Inferior to common dark lugs $3 25@3 75; fair to good dark lugs $3 80@4; fair to good bright lugs $4 50@6 50; inferior and nondescript dark leaf $4 25@4 75; common dark leaf $5@5 75; low medium to medium dark leaf $6@7; low medium to medium red leaf $7@8 50; factory dried shipping leaf $5 50@7 50; good to fine bright leaf $9 50@12; medium half bright wrapping leaf $12@18; medium bright wrapping leaf $20@30; good to fine bright wrapping leaf $40@60. No sales; dead dull; no demand.

HEMP—We quote undressed hemp, $110@140; dressed hemp, $160@200; shorts $140@160; break tow, $60 per ton.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; Jute bagging at 10⅛@10⅜, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 9⅛@10⅛. Hemp twine 14⅛@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 65@1 75 ℔ bundle.

## LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1880.

| | Receipts. 1881. | 1880. | Shipments. 1881. | 1880. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cattle | 896 | 1,629 | 87 | 202 |
| Hogs | 7,632 | 4,514 | 374 | 2,301 |
| Sheep | 401 | 244 | .... | 150 |

CATTLE—The decline in prices upon which we commented yesterday was brought about by the unexpected influx of cattle in large quantities. For a long time receipts have been so small as to be almost insignificant and the natural consequence was that when the supply suddenly grew liberal values fell. To-day's market was steady for shipping cattle, which found ready takers. Butcher cattle, which we quoted yesterday as off 25 per cent, were a shade stronger and in active demand. A few lots of fair to good native stockers sold at good prices. The supply was very moderate and the indications were that the pens would be cleared by noon, the market closing active and firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice native steers | $5 40@5 80 |
| Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs | 4 80@5 30 |
| Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350 lbs | 4 25@4 75 |
| Common to good grass steers | 3 00@4 10 |
| Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, nominal | 3 00@3 50 |
| Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 980, nominal | 2 25@3 25 |
| Good to prime native cows and heifers | 3 00@4 00 |
| Common to fair native cows | 2 25@2 80 |
| Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers | 3 25@3 75 |
| Fair to good Colorado steers | 3 75@4 25 |

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

| No. | | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 61 | native steers | 1,446 | $5 40 |
| 14 | native steers | 1,235 | 4 60 |
| 35 | native steers | 1,365 | 5 20 |
| 15 | native steers | 1,554 | 5 40 |
| 20 | butcher steers | 857 | 3 50 |
| 20 | butcher steers | 1,085 | 4 00 |
| 21 | butcher steers | 510 | 3 65 |
| 23 | southwest steers | 897 | 3 50 |
| 20 | southwest steers | 860 | 3 30 |
| 20 | southwest steers | 1,001 | 3 90 |
| 24 | southwest steers | 913 | 3 70 |
| 20 | southwest steers | 1,03 | 3 80 |
| 2? | southwest steers | 890 | 3 45 |
| 16 | southwest steers | 954 | 3 80 |
| 19 | butcher steers | 1,013 | 3 50 |
| 10 | native stockers | 982 | 3 50 |
| 10 | native stockers | 887 | 3 20 |

HOGS—The feeling in the hog market this morning was not a very pleasant one. The supply was moderately liberal and nobody was operating. The packing-house buyers still hold off, and up to nearly noon the shippers were without grades. It is impossible to fix values or approximate quotations since there is literally nothing doing; but whatever may be done this afternoon, it is certain that sales will be effected only at a decline, and probably a marked decline from yesterday's prices. Just before noon a bunch of 47 hogs averaging 267 lbs sold for $5 per cwt. They were an exceptionally fine lot of fancy butcher hogs, shipped by Mr. G. W. Reed, of Jersey county, Ill., and sold by Daly, Miller & Co.

SHEEP—Local buyers are in need of good choice muttons, and since they cannot get them in sufficient number, common sheep are taken at fair values. The present supply is utterly inadequate to supply the demand, which is very active. St. Louis just now offers a good market to shippers of choice sheep.

Quote: Choice to fancy sheep, $5 25@5 75; good to choice natives, $4 50@5 25; common to good natives, $3 50@4 50.

### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Flour dull and strongly in buyers' favor. Receipts, 30,055 brls; round hoop Ohio $4 30@5; choice do $5 10@6 75; superfine Western $3 25@3 85; common to good extra do $4 25@4 75; choice do do $4 80@6 75; choice white wheat do $5@6. Wheat heavy; 1@1½c lower; 16,000 bu No. 2 white May at $1 17⅛@$1 17½; 8,000 bu No. 2 red January $1 16⅞; 248,000 bu do February $1 18⅜@1 19⅜; 56,000 bu do March $1 20⅜@1 20⅞; 16,000 bu do May $1 20⅞@1 21. Corn about ½c lower and dull; mixed Western spot 53⅛@57; do futures 55⅜@58. Oats heavy; ¼@½ lower; Western 43@48. Beef unchanged and quiet; new plain mess $8 50; new extra do $9 50. Pork dull and nominal; old mess $12 75. Lard lower and weak; steam-rendered 8.90c. Butter quiet and unchanged; Ohio 13@27. Cheese firm; 7@13¼ for poor to fancy. Sugar firm and fair demand, Molasses firm and quiet, Petroleum dull and nominal. Rice fairly active. Coffee, good demand and firm. Freights quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine strong at 47½@48. Rosin firm at $1 80@1 90. Tallow steady at 6@6½ for Western. Eggs firm at 30@36 fair to choice.

CHICAGO, January 7.—Wheat unsettled and lower; 95⅝ cash; 96¼ February; 97⅞ bid March. Corn weak and lower; 36⅜ cash; 36⅜ February; 41⅞ May. Oats weak; 30⅛ cash; 30⅞ February; 35⅛ May. Rye 86. Barley $1 13½. Whisky at $1 11. Pork slow and lower; $12 35 cash; $12 52½ February; $12 72½ March. Lard weak and lower.

MILWAUKEE, January 4.—Wheat declined 1½@3c; noon board dull; $1 05 for hard, 99 No. 1; 98⅛ No. 2 hard; 95½ No. 2 and January; 96⅛ February; 97⅞ March; 82 No. 3; 74 No. 4; rejected nominal; receipts, 83,000; shipments, 6,000. Coarse grains lower. Corn 36½c for No. 2. Oats 30c for No. 2. Rye 87c for No. 1. Barley 87c for No. 2.

NEW YORK, January 4.—Cotton—Quiet; sales, 269 bales; middling uplands, 12; middling Orleans, 12¼. Futures quiet; January 12.02; February 12.19; March 12.38; April 12.52; May 12.65; June 12.74.

TOLEDO, January 4.—Wheat dull; No. 2 red Wabash cash or January $1 01½; February $1 04; March $1 06⅞; April $1 08⅛. Corn dull; No. 2 cash 39⅛; rejected 38⅛. Oats, nothing doing.

BUFFALO, January 4.—Wheat entirely neglected and nominal. Corn quiet and steady; 7 cars new on track at 49⅛. Oats quiet; car mixed 40; 2 cars white 41@42. Rye and barley neglected.

### Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, 3:30 p. m., January 4.—Bacon—Cumberland cut dull at 40s; shoulders dull at 26s 6d. Beef—Extra India mess steady at 92s. Beef—Prime mess steady at 75s. Lard—Prime Western firmer; 46s 9d. Cheese—American choice steady at 66s. Wheat—Spring No. 2 dull at 9s 7d; wheat—No. 1 white dull at 9s 7d. Wheat—Winter Western dull 9s 9d; wheat—winter new Southern 9s 10d. Corn—Mixed steady at 5s 4d. Turpentine at London steady at 35s 3d.

### LEGAL.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
Philipp F. Stifel
vs.
Virginia S. Brown and George C. Brown, her husband.

Case No. 23, November Issues 1880—Before Justice Patrick McCann, of the Fifth Justice's District, City of St. Louis, Mo.

The defendants in the above entitled cause, to-wit: Virginia S. Brown and George C. Brown, her husband, having been returned "not found" by Constable James Carten, of the Fifth District of the city of St. Louis, Mo., to whom the summons in the above entitled case had been issued, and it appearing from plaintiff's affidavit that the aforesaid defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri, it is therefore, on motion of plaintiffs, ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a special judgment in favor of Philipp F. Stifel, the plaintiff herein, for the sum of seventy dollars ($70) with interest thereon from December 2, 1878, at the rate of 15 per cent per annum, by reason of three (3) special tax bills (numbered respectively 12,676, 12,677, 12,678) issued by the President of the Board of Public Improvements of the city of St. Louis against the following described real estate, situate and lying in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots Nos. 27, 28 and 29 in city block No. 2552, said ground having an aggregate front of eighty (80) feet by a depth of 127.50 feet, bounded north by alley, east by Brown, south by Alberta street and west by Voepel.

And unless they be and appear before the above named Justice Patrick McCann, duly elected for and residing within the Fifth Justice's District, composed of the First and Seventeenth Wards of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1881, at the hour of 7 o'clock a. m., at his office, on the northwest corner of Fifth and Chestnut streets, in the aforesaid Fifth District, then and there to answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the aforesaid city of St. Louis, Mo.

Given under my hand this 3d day of January, A. D. 1881.

PATRICK McCANN,
Justice of the Peace Fifth District, St. Louis, Mo.
F. W. GERIKE, Clerk. 27W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution and decree issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Robert M. Bevin, James T. Bevin, Mary Alice Bevin, Eliza A. Jackson, formerly Eliza A. Bevin, and wife of Robert A. Jackson, and Robert A. Jackson, heirs of Wm. T. Bevin, deceased, are plaintiffs, and Robert W. Powell, John F. Lee, Jr., and Thomas Ward McManus are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate and all the right, title and interests of the plaintiffs therein, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with lien herein, and described in said execution and decree as follows, to-wit:

A certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, beginning at a point on the south front line of Chestnut street, distant eastwardly one hundred and sixty-nine (169) feet from the intersection of said south line with the east line of Twenty-first street, thence westwardly along said south line fifty six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence southwardly and parallel with Twenty-first street seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to an alley, thence eastwardly along the north line of said alley fifty-six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence northwardly with the same parallel as before seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to the point of beginning, bounded on the north by Chestnut street, on the south by said alley, on the east by property lately belonging to James H. Lucas, deceased, and on the west by Charles H. Turner.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property and all of said plaintiffs' interests therein charged with said lien herein, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 24W

A Superb Picture of the Great American

**BI--ASS--POLITI--CUSS**

as it appeared when loose in New York recently, is on free exhibition—in the interest of the public—at the office of this paper, and at every post-office in the United States. Call and examine it. You may never have another opportunity and it may do you good.

PERSONAL—Will Mr. L., who gave me a ride in October from Washington avenue through Forest Park, and who wished the acquaintance of a lady so peculiarly situated, send his address to Dallas Storking, this office.

PERSONAL.—Lilly darling come back, all is forgiven; you know we cannot live apart. See address in this morning's Globe-Democrat. Edgar.

ON December 31, black Newfoundland dog six months old. Reward will be paid if returned to 1113 North Market st.

COOK wanted and a boy to take care of horse. Apply 3660 Finney avenue.

## MERCHANTS' TICKET.

**Election Wednesday, the 5th.**

*FOR PRESIDENT:*

**MICHAEL McENNIS,**
of Francis Whittaker & Sons.

*FOR VICE-PRESIDENTS:*

**A. T. HARLOW,**
of Harlow, Spencer & Co.

**JOHN N. BOOTH,**
of J. W. Booth & Sons.

*FOR DIRECTORS:*

**ALEX. H. SMITH,**
of Empire Mill Co.

**A. N. CRAIG,**
of Henry Ames & Co.

**D. R. FRANCIS.**

**CONRAD FATH,**
of Fath, Ewald & Co.

**GEO. M. FLANAGAN,**
of Flanagans & Richardson.

*COMMITTEE OF APPEALS:*

**W. S. HUMPHREYS,**
of W. S. Humphreys & Co.

**MATHIAS BACKER,**
of Fusz & Backer.

**A. O. GRUBB,**
of Cole Bros.

**E. H. BARNES,**
of Barnes Brothers.

**WALLACE DELAFIELD,**
of Delafield & Snow.

**ANTON GRIESEDICK,**

**W. H. PULSIFER,**
of St. Louis White Lead and Oil Co.

**JAMES MEAGHER,**
of James Meagher & Co.

**JAS. J. SYLVESTER,**
of Anthracite Coal Ass'n.

**MARCUS BERNHEIMER,**
of Scharff & Bernheimer.

**J. C. MacGINNETIE,**
of J. C. MacGinnetie & Co.

**R. J. WHITTLEDGE,**
of Missouri River Pkt Co.

*COMMITTTEE OF ASBITRATION:*

**ROBT. NIGGEMAN,**
of D. J. Bushnell & Co.

**L. S. BAUR,**
of Baur & Bohle.

**STEPHEN PRICE,**
of W. M. Price & Co.

**G. E. WETZEL,**
of G. E. Wetzel & Co.

**C. H. ALBERS,**
of C. H. Albers & Co.

**M. D. HELTZELL,**
of M. D. Heltzell & Co.

**E. E. SAMUEL,**
of E. M. Samuel & Sons.

**J. W. ELWELL,**
of J. W. Elwell & Co.

**BEN. W. CLARK,**
of Clark & Stuyvesant.

**L. V. CARTAN,**
of L. V. Cartan & Co.

### AMUSEMENTS.

**POPE'S | BIG 4 MINSTRELS!**
Monday, January 3.
Every Evening, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, Matinee prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.
MORTON & HOMER'S ORIGINAL
**BIG — 4 — BIG**
**MINSTRELS.**
10 End Men 10. 8 Song and Dance Artists 8. 10 Great Comedians 10. Magnificent Orchestra! Elegant Quintet!
☞ Monday, January 10—H. Jarrett's Cinderella, or the Glass Slipper.

**OLYMPIC THEATER.**
Monday and Tuesday Evenings, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
**MINNIE PALMER!**
**OUR BOARDING SCHOOL.**
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights, First production in this city of Minnie Palmer's new play, entitled
PIGEON; THE TORMENT.
SUNDAY, January 9.—Hearne's "Hearts of Oak."

**GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.**
STRAKOSCH AND HESS
**GRAND ENGLISH OPERA.**
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, JANUARY 4,
**IL TROVATORE.**
OSTAVA TORRIANI..............LEONORA,
Annandale, Byron, Carlton, Arcone.
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, AT 7:30 P. M.,
**MEFISTOFELE**
MARIE ROZE—Margherita and Helen of Troy.
Thursday..............CARMEN.
Friday..............WILLIAM TELL.
Saturday..............GRAND FAREWELL MATINEE.
Saturday Night..............BOHEMIAN GIRL.
Admission, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra; gallery, 50 cents.
Monday, January 10—Fun on the Bristol.

**MASQUERADE ON ICE**
**AT THE RINK.**
**THIRTEENTH AND LOCUST,**
**Thursday, January 6, 1881.**
ADMISSION..............FIFTY CENTS.

E. F. OSBORN, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, 602 and 604 Washington avenue, opp. Lindell Hotel.

### TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A good German girl as cook; no washing. Apply at John Bosse's, on Main street opposite the Market House, Carondelet.

WANTED—Situation by a competent and experienced analytical chemist, in a manufacturing establishment; best references. Address Chemist, 22 South Tenth street.

WANTED—Two girls to work in restaurant; call at 117 North Sixth street.

WANTED—Situation by a young man; can make himself useful in a laundry. Address Laundry, this office.

## LEGAL.

### Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.
Tuesday, November 23, 1880.
Frank B. Peyinghaus
vs.
Anna R. Peyinghaus.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is a non resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that said defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, abandoned plaintiff without just cause or provocation and has remained away since the 15th day of October, 1879.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of November, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 88Q

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.
Friday, December 3, 1880.
Nancy J. Young
vs.
Joseph C. Young.

It appearing from the petition herein duly verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant has been addicted to habitual drunkenness and absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 4th day of December, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 87Q

### Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of the West St. Louis Savings Bank.—In the Circuit Court in the city of St. Louis, Missouri.—The undersigned, assignees of the West St. Louis Savings Bank, hereby give notice that they will on Monday, January 24, 1881, beginning at 12 o'clock noon, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, sell all the uncollected bills receivable, bonds, books and other assets of said bank, including bonds of Bates county, Missouri, of the face value of $10.000 all as described in schedule attached to the petition of the undersigned, filed in said Circuit Court on December 20, 1880, upon which petition an order to sell said assets was made by said Court, on said day last named, in room No. 3 of said Court. And the undersigned, assignees of said bank, do also give notice that on the first day of the next February term, 1881 (being February 7, 1881), we will file in said Circuit Court, in room No. 5 thereof, a final and full settlement report and account of said assignment, and pray for an allowance for our services and the discharge of the undersigned from said trust.

CHAUNCEY F. SHULTZ,
EDWARD WELLHAUSEN,
Assignees of West St. Louis Savings Bank.
HITCHCOCK, LUBKE & PLAYER, Attorneys.
St. Louis, Dec. 20, 1880. 53V

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—The creditors of Henry Grey are hereby notified to appear at my office, No. 417 N. Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo., and prove up their claims on the first day of February, 1881.
8W EDGAR D. TILTON, Assignee.

NOTICE OF SALE.—By order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, dated December 24, 1880, I will on the

7TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 o'clock p. m. at the Merchants' Exchange in said city offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder 520 shares of the capital stock of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company, for the purposes set forth in said order.
JAMES WARD, Trustee.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on the 17th day of December, 1880, as guardian of the person and estate of Reinhard Kayser, who was heretofore by due and regular proceedings had in and by said court declared to be a person of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs.
ALEXANDER H. KAYSER,
Guardian of R. Kayser.
St. Louis, December 28, 1880. 2W

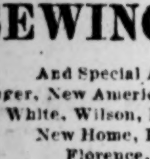

# DR. WHITTIER

**617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.**

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

**MARRIAGE** 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES. **GUIDE!**

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis. Mo.



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# SEWING MACHINES

And Special Agent for the following: Singer, New American, Automatic, St. John, White, Wilson, Davis, Crown, Whitney, New Home, Domestic, Grover & Baker, Florence, Wheeler & Wilson, Hewe, and Wardwell. All of which I am prepared to furnish at Wholesale and Retail, and Parts, Repairs, Needles and Supplies for all.

L. L. RICHMOND,

311 and 313 Locust St.

New Machines, $20 to $35. Rebuilt, $7 50 to $15.

# Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does no effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us or Meyer Bros. & Co., wholesale druggists, St. Louis.
JOHN C. WEST & CO., Sole Proprietors.
181 and 183 W. Madison st., Chicago, Ill.
Sold by all Druggists.




Large consumers and families promptly supplied with this desirable coal at very low prices. 720 Chestnut st., near Polytechnic Building. Henry F. Harrington, Manager.


## LEGAL.

### Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed in favor of Henrietta Stamm, and against Carl Stamm, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant Carl Stamm in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot in city block 3055 (known also as block 26 of Eiler's survey), being 25 feet front on Main street by a depth westwardly of 138 feet and 5 inches, bounded on the east by Main street, south by property of Joseph Debigarre, west by alley, and north by property of Caspar Thery.

Lot in city block 369 (known also as block 70 of Julia C. Soulard's second addition to the city of St. Louis) being the south part of lot number five (5), fronting sixteen feet and four inches (16' 4") on Seventh street, by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140) to an alley, bounded west by Seventh street, south by property of John C. Degenhardt, east by alley, and north by property of Henry G. Soulard, August Eyerman lessee.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Carl Stamm, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 22, 1880. 71V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed wherein Catharine D. Wainright, Lorenz Lampel and Ellis Wainright are plaintiffs, and Maria Breen and William Keating are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered nineteen, in block number five, in Lamonte addition to the City of St. Louis, a plat whereof is filed in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis County (now city); said lot contains a front of twenty-five feet on Chouteau avenue, by a depth of one hundred and seventeen feet six inches to a line.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON.
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 9, 1880. 2R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term 1881 of said court, and to me directed, wherein Frederick Schmidt is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Neumann, alias Elizabeth Newmann, Charles Newmann, husband of said Elizabeth, and Joseph Ferguson, her trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, of the defendant Elizabetha Newmann, alias Elizabeth Newmann, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and chargeable with and bound for the payment of the debt, interest and costs in this suit, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain piece or parcel of ground lying and being in the State of Missouri, in the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground situated in said city on the north side of West Brooklyn street, commencing at a point seventy-one and one-half feet west of north Tenth street, thence westwardly along the northern line of West Brooklyn street twenty feet, more or less, to a lot formerly belonging to Joseph H. Locke, thence northwardly along the eastern line of said last named lot to an alley, thence eastwardly along said alley twenty feet, thence in a straight line to point of beginning, bounded south by West Brooklyn street, west by said lot of Locke, north by an alley, east by ground formerly owned by Shue, and being the same property conveyed to A. M. Bissell and wife in trust for said Elizabeth, in trust for the sole and separate use and benefit for said Elizabeth.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, being the separate estate of said Elizabeth Newmann to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON.
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 85V

### Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of John F. Beimdieck, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN F. BEIMDIECK,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 29th day of December, 1880.
ELIZABETH M. BEIMDIECK,
11W Executrix.

ESTATE of George Schweigler, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE SCHWEIGLER,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 27th day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of December, 1880.
ERNEST OBERBECK,
Administrator of the estate of George Schweigler, deceased. 5W

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

JOHN HENRY WULF,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March A. D. 1880.

THOMAS RYAN,
Administrator of the Estate of John Henry Wulf, deceased. 1W

ESTATE of Charles Knower, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

CHARLES KNOWER,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 20th day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 20th day of December, 1880.
ANDREW LESLIE,
51V Administrator.

ESTATE of Robert Thornburgh, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

ROBERT THORNBURGH,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 17th day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within one year after the date of the letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and that if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the time of this publication they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of December, 1880.
WILLIAM H. THORNBURGH,
50V Executor.

ESTATE of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

ARTHUR B. ABERCROMBIE,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the — day of November, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1880.
CHAS. NAGEL,
Administrator of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased, 85Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

MARY LUERDING,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of February next.

JOHN D. VORTMANN,
Administrator of the Estate of Mary Luerding, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1880. 86Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given all creditors and others interested in the estate of

OWEN FINNEGAN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the March term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1881.

MICHAEL FINNEGAN,
Administrator of Owen Finnegan, deceased.
St. Louis, December 14, 1880. 51R

## LEGAL.

### Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Daniel Breen (now dead over nine months) and Maria, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the seventh day of April, A. D. 1878, and recorded in book 595 (595), at page 27, of the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot number (19) nineteen in block number (5) five of La Mont's addition to the city of St. Louis, and in block number 1815 of said city; having a front of twenty-five feet on the southern line of Chouteau avenue by a depth southwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and seventeen feet and six inches (117½ feet); which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes, fully described in said deed: and whereas, one of said notes is past due and remains unpaid. Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and under and by virtue of the provisions of said deed, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

FRIDAY, the 14TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881.

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, offer the above described property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purpose of paying said notes and satisfying this trust.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1880. 83R
G. PITMAN SMITH, Attorney for cestui que trust.

### Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Joseph Weber and against Dominick Spelman, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

The following described lot, to-wit: Number 6, in city block No. 1,240, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of 16th street, by a depth westwardly of 140 feet and — inches, more or less, to an alley; bounded north by O'Reilly, east by 16th street, south by McChesney and west by an alley.

And I will on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with lien of special tax bill, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON.
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 13 1880. 52R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Levy Stern, and against James L. Patterson, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant, James L. Patterson, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

1. Lots 10 and 29 in block 7 of Bucas and Hunt's addition to Cote Brilliante, said lot 10 having front of fifty feet on Wells avenue, and said lot 29 having a front of 50 feet on the St. Charles Rock road.

2. Lots 13 and 30 in block 9 of the same addition, said lot 13 fronting 50 feet on Florence avenue, and said lot 30 fronting 50 feet on Miller avenue.

3. Lots 1 and 41 in block 13 of same addition, said lot 1 fronting 64 feet 5⅜ inches on Miller avenue, and said lot 41 fronting 50 feet on Wells avenue.

4. A lot in block 504 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at the southeast corner of said block, and running thence northwardly along the western line of Twelfth street 22 feet 11 inches, thence west and parallel with Pine street one hundred feet, more or less, to an alley; thence south along and with the eastern line of said alley 22 feet 11 inches to Pine street, and thence east along and with the north line of Pine street 100 feet to the beginning point.

5. The undivided one-sixth of a lot in block 99 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the western line of Fourth street 28 feet seven inches north of the southeast corner of said block, and running thence north along and with the western line of Fourth street 28 feet 6 inches, thence westwardly and parallel with Olive street 134 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Fourth street 28 feet 6 inches, and thence eastwardly in a straight line to the point of beginning.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881.

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named James L. Patterson, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1880. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Hennessy and Duff, a firm composed of Thomas J. Hennessy and Charles Duff, to the use of Julius Shields, assignee, and against Abraham Shields and B. Laibold, security, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate of John W. Beaumont, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A two-story brick building known and designated as house No 2619 Gravois Road, in the City and County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and situated on the following described premises, to-wit: A certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the City and County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows: Being the eastern twenty feet, more or less, of lot number eight of John D. Dagget's second addition to the City of St. Louis; being in block 2071 of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 20 feet, more or less, on the north line of Gravois Road, by a depth of the same width of 127 feet and 6 inches to an alley.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in he afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis,
St. Louis, Mo., December 9, 1880. 1R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein John A. Watson is plaintiff, and John G. Priest, Robert A. Bakewell, Ringrose J Watson, Felton P. Watson and Auguste L. Priest are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said special execution as follows, to-wit:

Situated in United States survey No. 2033, in the county of St. Louis, and being an undivided one-half of lots numbered one and two, described and laid down in the report and plat "B" thereto of the commissions in partition in the case of Ringrose J. Watson, by guardian, against John A. Watson and others, as of the record of said report and plat in book 358, page 353 and following, in the Recorder's office of St Louis, and comprising sixty-eight and sixty-two hundredths acres, more or less, excepting first as and for said three and four-sevenths acres (3 4-7) the following seven and one-seventh (7 1-7) acres of average quality and value of the whole lands in the said lots one and two, plat B, described as follows: Commencing at a stake where the northern line of Page or Cook avenue intersects the western line of the land taken and condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company by proceedings in the Circuit Court of St. Louis, case 36,345, and running thence north 74° 31' west along the northern line of Page or Cook avenue 186 feet 1½ inches to a stake, thence north 0° 29' east 778 7-12 feet to a stake, thence south 89° 31' east 237 feet 7¾ inches to the intersection with the western line of land condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway as aforesaid, thence along the western line of said land south 7° 45' east 205 feet 0 inches to a stake, thence south 52° 45 seconds east 141 feet 5 inches to a stake, thence south 7° 45' east 623 feet 3½ inches to the place of beginning, and excepting also the aforesaid right of way through said lots one and two, plat B taken as aforesaid for the said St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company, and excepting also lots numbered 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15 and 16, in block 14 of plaintiff's subdivision of said partition, lot one, plat B, as recorded in said Recorder's office in plat book 9, page 80.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 23, 1880. 75V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of W. B. Homer, executor of Samuel F. Green, to use of C. N. Cosant, assignee, and against C. C. Logan, Everett W. Pattison and R. M. Funkhouser, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of Everett W. Pattison, one of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 114, 115, 116, 117 and 118, of Daniel D. Page's western addition to the City of St. Louis, in city block No. 1049, of said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Everett W. Pattison, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 22, 1880. 74V

## LEGAL.

### Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Giese (single), by his certain deed of trust dated 12th day of July, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 554, page 28, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of ground, together with the improvements erected thereon, situated, lying and being lots numbered thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) of block number one (1) of the subdivision of the northwest quarter of block number sixty-three (63) of the St. Louis Commons; said lots having an aggregate front of forty-five (45) feet on the east line of Wisconsin avenue and running back eastwardly in depth one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash for the purposes of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 68V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John Sheily, by his certain deed of trust dated July 25, 1873, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 479, page 279, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lot numbered nine (9) in block ten (10) of Labadie and Lynch's addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which said addition is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the west line of Sophia street, and with that width running one hundred and twenty-four feet ten and one-half inches westwardly to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded on the east by Sophia street, on the north by lot No. eight (8), on the south by lot No. ten (10), and on the west by said alley; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes fully described in said deed of trust; and whereas all of said notes have become due, and some remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer for sale the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

SATURDAY, THE 22ND DAY OF JANUARY, A.D. 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

D. H. NAYLOR,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Dec. 22, 1880. 67V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Julia Meier (a widow), by her certain deed of trust dated 4th day of June, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 474, page 140, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of ground, together with the improvements erected thereon, lying and being in Wiebert's addition, in block No 55 of the St. Louis Commons, to-wit: Lots number one (1) and two (2) in city block No. 1505; said lots having an aggregate front of fifty-five (55) feet on the south line of Wyoming street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; also, lots number twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) of said addition and in same block, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the east line of Minnesota avenue, by a depth of one hundred and thirty (130) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

69V AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the principal note described and secured by deed of trust executed by Timothy Clancy and Mary Clancy, his wife, on the second day of September, A. D. 1880, and of record at page 308, book 635, in Recorder's office for city of St. Louis, Mo., public notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D., 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash the leasehold to me conveyed by said deed and therein described as follows to-wit:

All of the unexpired term of the following described leasehold, together with the improvements thereon, to wit:

Lot thirteen (13) of lot six (6), allotted to Mary Ann Biddle in the partition among the heirs of Ann Biddle and granted and devised to Michael Delaney by Anne E. Biddle by indenture of lease dated August 11, 1874, in city block 2304 and transferred to said Clancy by deed of Michael Delaney, recorded in book 513, page 28, St. Louis city records.

HENRY M. BERRY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 66V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed of trust dated December 5, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book No. 601, at page No. 366, Phebe Bawkins (a widow, now deceased), Sarah J. Perks and Elizabeth M. Dunn conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described tract or parcel of land lying, being and situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: That certain piece or parcel of ground, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, lying, being and situate in said city, and being the east one-half of lot numbered thirteen (13) of Rundlett's addition to said city of St Louis as per plat duly recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, being in city block number two hundred and fifteen (215) and commencing at a point on the southern line of Spruce street, distant 300 feet and 6 inches more or less from the western line of Twelfth street, thence running southwardly and parallel to Twelfth street one hundred and forty-six feet and six inches (146 feet 6 inches) to a point, thence westwardly and parallel to south line of Spruce street thirty feet (30), thence northwardly one hundred and forty-six feet and six inches (146 feet 6 inches) to the south line of Spruce street, thence eastwardly along said south line of Spruce street thirty feet (30) to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal and one interest note therein described; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the provisions therein, will on

FRIDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and interest and the cost and expense of executing this trust.

ARTHUR J. JENNINGS,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1880. 4M

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Pursuant to the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust executed by Leopold Steinberger and wife to the undersigned, Ferdinand Singer, as trustee, dated May 8th, 1875, recorded in book No 517, page 304, of the records of the Recorder's office of the former county, now city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, notice is hereby given that on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of twelve o'clock at noon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, I will sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number fourteen (14) of George H. Crossman's subdivision of city block No. 482 east of said city of St. Louis, including all improvements thereon, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth of 129 feet 5½ inches to an alley 15 feet wide. Bounded north by lot No. 13, south by lot No. 15, west by said alley and east by Grattan street, all as per plat of said subdivision of record in the Recorder's office aforesaid.

FERDINAND SINGER, Trustee.
St. Louis, December 24, 1880. 85V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Martin Connelly and Bridget Connelly, his wife, by their deed of trust dated July 12, 1878, and recorded in book 593, page 393, the record of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to Robert S. Voorhis, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 5 in block No. 1683 of said city of St. Louis, according to a plat recorded on page 20 of plat book No. 5 in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in said city, having a front on O'Fallon street of twenty-five feet, by a depth southwardly of eighty-five feet, bounded north by O'Fallon street, east by lot No. 6, south by an alley and west by lot No. 4, being the same property acquired by parties of the first part of Gerard B. Allen and Oliver D. Filley and wife, by deed dated 5 September, 1865, and recorded in book 307, page 378, in said Recorder's office. Now, under a provision of said deed, that in case of death, refusal to act or other legal incapacity of the said Robert S. Voorhis, trustee, to execute the provisions of said deed in case of non-payment of said notes, then the acting Sheriff of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, as his successor in this trust, may proceed to execute the same, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes, and whereas the said Robert S. Voorhis has refused to act in the premises. Therefore, in accordance to the terms of said deed of trust, I, Isaac M. Mason, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, will offer said described property at public vendue or outcry at the Court-house door, at the east front, in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON.
KERR, GIBSON & KERR, attorneys.
St. Louis, December 20, 1880. 41V

## LEGAL.

### Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, B. Maziere Chambers and Marie C., his wife, by deed dated on the first day of December, 1877, and recorded on page 458 of book 1 of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned all those certain tracts or parcels of land situate in the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block number twenty-six of the commons of Carondelet, south of the River des Peres, in the Township of Carondelet, containing twenty-five acres and thirty-eight hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by a road, on the east by the Le May road, on the south by land now or formerly of Thurl, and on the west by land of Jochum. Also a parcel of land in sections seventeen and twenty, township forty-five north, range six east, in Central Township, containing thirty-one acres and thirty-eight hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by land of Margaret F. Smith, on the east by land of John H. Gay, on the south by land of Jeremiah W. Clemens, and on the west by the Lay road. Also a parcel of land in the St. Ferdinand common fields in township 47, north range 6 east, in St. Ferdinand township, containing forty-two acres and forty-five hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by a road forty feet wide, on the east by land of Eliza B. Hudson, on the south by land of Octavia Boyce estate and on the west by land of Annie B. Thatcher. Also a lot of ground in the town of St. Ferdinand, it being the southeast quarter of block number thirty-two, containing one hundred and sixty feet and five inches fronting on north line of Washington street by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and sixty feet and five inches, bounded on the north by land of Moritz, on the east by St. Pierre street, on the south by said Washington street and on the east by land of Moritz, and in the township of St. Ferdinand. Also a parcel of land in St. Ferdinand township in section 12, township 46, range 6 east, containing one acre and fifteen hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by land of the St. Louis University and the St Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, on the east by said railway company, on the south by said section line and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. Also a parcel of land in United States survey number three hundred and ninety-three in the township of St Ferdinand, in township 46 north, range 7 east, containing seventy-one acres and forty three hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by other land of said parties of the first part, on the east by land of Benjamin F. Thomas, on the south by land of the St. Louis University, and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. Also, a parcel of land in St. Ferdinand township, in section 7, township 46, range 7, and in section 12, township 46, range 6, containing thirty-eight acres and sixty-seven hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by Chambers road, on the east by land of Benjamin F. Thomas, on the south by other land of said parties of the first part, and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. The two last described parcels of land forming one tract, and the late homestead of the said parties of the first part. Also, the undivided one-half of a parcel of land in the township of St Ferdinand, in section 13, township 46, range 6, containing eighty-two acres and sixty-nine hundredths of an acre, excepting one acre and one hundred and sixty-eight thousandths of a triangular shape, which was hitherto conveyed off the northeast corner of said tract of land by Arson Lapham to said B. Maziere Chambers, by deed dated January 5, 1871; the said tract of land being known as lot number three of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of said section thirteen, and lot number four in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of the same section, township and range, and being the same acquired by the said B. Maziere Chambers and Charles Green of George F. Meyers by deed dated April 14, 1871, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county (now city) of St. Louis, in book 429, page 8; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed specified.

Now, in default of payment of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house of and in said county of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

SOLON HUMPHREYS, as Trustee.
St. Louis, December 24, 1880. 96V

TRUSTEES' SALE—By virtue of the provisions of a deed of trust from Edward Rothwell and Sarah Rothwell, his wife, dated the 26th day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, formerly of the county, now of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 512, page 363, as default has been made in the payment of several notes secured by said deed of trust and in the payment of taxes therein covenanted to be paid; we, the undersigned trustees, at the request of the legal holders of said notes, will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

sell at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, lying in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: First, a tract of land in section thirty-six (36), township forty-six (46), range five (5) east, beginning at a stake in the southwest corner of this tract, running thence northwardly twelve chains and forty-three links (12.43 chs) to a stake, thence with the northern line of said section thirty-six (36), thence eastwardly fifteen (15) chains and four (4) links to a stake, thence southwardly twelve chains and fifty-three links (12.53 chs.) to a stake, thence westwardly fourteen chains and eighteen links (14.18 chs.) to the place of beginning, and being the most northern portion of the east half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) of said section thirty-six (36), township forty-six (46), range five (5); being the same land described in deeds recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county in book 268, page 398, and in book 443, page 418, and containing seventeen acres more or less. 2. A tract of land in township forty-six (46), range (5), and in survey 3042, and being the whole tract of land described in the deed from Jacob W. Hawkins and Elenor V., his wife, recorded in said Recorder's office in book 346, page 479, less the tract conveyed by said Rothwell and wife to Thomas Walters, recorded in said office in book 362, page 17, containing four acres more or less, and adjoining on the east the land above described.

JOHN F. LEE, JR.,
ARTHUR LEE,
16V Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, James A. Reavis, by his certain deed of trust dated the first day of November, 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Vernon county, in book L, page 402, conveyed to the undersigned, Henry W. Hough, the following described real estate, situated in the county of Vernon, State of Missouri, viz.: Lot number six, northeast quarter section five, township thirty-four, range twenty-nine, and lot number five northwest quarter section four, township thirty-four, range twenty-nine; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of five certain promissory notes in said deed described; and, whereas, the principal of said notes has become due and is unpaid; now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the front door of the Court-house in the town of Nevada City, in the county of Vernon, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881.

between the hours of nine in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said notes, together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.

HENRY W. HOUGH,
Trustee.
Dated this 20th day of November, 1880. 52V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael Graber, now over nine months deceased, by his deed of trust dated December 16, 1879, and duly recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book 618, page 509, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri to wit: Twenty-four (24) feet front on Kosciusko street, by one hundred and forty-five (145) feet in depth westwardly, bounded east by Kosciusko street, south by Hoffmann, west by alley, north by O'Hare et al., being lot number one hundred and seventeen of block four in Lesperance addition to the city of St. Louis, said block number four being city block seven hundred and twenty two, having been heretofore acquired of John Schuyler and Catherine, his wife, by deed dated January 4, 1851, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book Q 5, page 422, and of Francis Wm. Schneider and Eva Catherine, his wife, by deed dated July 12, 1858, recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St Louis, book 204, page 404; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas said note and the interest thereon is due and remains unpaid, now therefore at the request of the legal holders of said note and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I the undersigned trustee will on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property above described to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said note and interest and the costs and expenses of this trust.

MICHAEL BEST.
Trustee.
St. Louis December 22, 1880. 70V

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust from Bernard Rose, of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, in deed book No. 610, at page 41?, I, the undersigned trustee in said deed, give hereby public notice that on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881.

and between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, I will sell at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following real estate conveyed to me in said deed, viz.: A parcel of land in the Grand Prairie Common Fields of St. Louis, containing one acre and thirty-seven and two-thirds hundredths of an acre (1 37⅔-100 ac.), designated as lot No. 8 in the report of the commissioners in partition in the case of Joseph S. Hull vs. Louisa B. Hull and William C. Hull in the St. Louis Land Court in the year 1856, reference being hereby made to the plat of the subdivision in said partition in surveys Nos. 1,591 and 3,305, said plat being on file in said Recorder's office, said lot No. 8 having a front of two hundred and twenty-seven (227) feet and four (4) inches on the south line of Moore street and a depth southwardly of that width of two hundred and sixty-four (264) feet, and is bounded north by Moore street, east by lot No. 7 of said subdivision, south by land allotted by said commissioners in said partition case to Julia Moore and west by lot No. 9 of said subdivision.

MORRIS LIPPSTADT.
As Trustee.
St. Louis, December 14, 1880. 56R

## LEGAL.

### Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, B. Maziere Chambers and Marie C., his wife, by their deed, dated on the first day of December, 1877, and recorded on page 530 of book 583 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned all those certain pieces and parcels of land, situate in said city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block number fifteen of the said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-five feet in front on Front street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet three and a quarter inches to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by said Front street, on the south by land of Catherine Cates, and on the west by said alley, the northern line of said lot being one hundred and sixty-six feet and eight inches southward of and parallel to Morgan street; also a lot of ground in block number nineteen of the city of St. Louis, fronting thirty-one feet one inch and a half on Main street and running back one hundred and seventy-five feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Benjamin F. Thomas, and on the west by Main street, being lot number seven on plat A in the third report of the commissioners in the partition of the estate of John Mullanphy, deceased. Also a lot of ground in block number thirty of said city of St. Louis, containing sixteen feet in front on Main or First street, by a depth of seventy-six feet, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by said First street, on the south by Olive street and on the west by land of William S. Harney. Also a lot of ground in block number thirty-seven of the said city of St. Louis, fronting eighteen feet ten inches on Main street and running back one hundred and fifty-one feet and five inches, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by Main street, on the south by lot of James Clemens, Jr., and on the west by an alley, being lot number three on plat D, in the fourth report of said commissioners. Also a lot of ground in block number seventy-two, east fronting twenty-eight feet on Collins street and running back one hundred and nine feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Octavia Boyce estate and on the west by Collins street, being lot number six on plat "D" in the first report of said commissioners. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and sixty-five of said city of St. Louis, containing eighty-six feet in front on Fifteenth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded on the north by an alley fifteen feet wide, on the east by said alley twenty feet wide, on the south by a lot of Thomas B. Chambers and on the west by Fifteenth street, the southern line of said lot being two hundred and four feet and ten inches, northward of and parallel to Biddle street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and seventy-three of said city of St. Louis, containing forty-two feet and nine inches in front on O'Fallon street by a depth of ninety-two feet and three inches, subject to a private alley four feet and three inches in width at the north end thereof; bounded on the north by a lot of Catharine L. Boland, on the east by Fourteenth street, on the south by O'Fallon street and on the west by a lot of Mary C. Larkin; the western line of said lot to be co-incident with the center of the partition wall. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and seventy-nine of said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-seven feet and five inches in front on Ninth street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Helen J. Clemens, on the east by said alley, on the south by land of Peter R. Henrick and on the west by said Ninth street, the southern line of said lot being one hundred and eleven feet and eight inches northward of and parallel to O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and eighty-one of said city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-seven feet and six inches on Seventh street and running back one hundred and twenty-five feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of James B. Clemens and on the west by Seventh street, the southern line thereof being distant eighty-four feet and three inches, northward of and parallel to O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and eighty-two of said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-seven feet and four inches in front on Sixth street, by a depth of about ninety-three feet on an average, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of James B. Shields and on the west by said Sixth street, the southern line of said lot being two hundred and twenty feet eleven inches northward of the north line of O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number six hundred and eighteen of said city of St. Louis, containing six feet and one inch in front on Eighteenth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Lewis W. Cordes, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of S. L. M. Barlow and on the west by said Eighteenth street, the northern line of said lot being forty feet northward of and parallel to Mullanphy street. Also a lot of ground in block number eleven of the commons of St. Louis, and in block number thirteen hundred and six of said city of St. Louis, containing one hundred and two feet and one inch in front on Russell avenue by a depth of three hundred feet, bounded on the north by land of Eliza B. Hudson, on the east by Minnesota avenue, on the south by Russell avenue and on the west by land of Octavia Boyce estate. Also a lot of ground in block number sixteen hundred and eighty-one of said city of St. Louis, containing fifty five feet in front on Biddle street by a depth of ninety feet to an alley, bounded on the north by said alley, on the east by the land of Richard Brown, on the south by said Biddle street and on the west by land of Margaret and John Sluggett, the eastern line of said lot being two hundred and three feet and ten inches westward of the west line of Twenty-first street, and being the eastern five feet of lot No. 5 and the whole of lots numbers 6 and 7 of Piect and others Addition. Also a lot of ground in United States survey number two hundred and eighty-six and in block number seventeen hundred and eighty-three of said city of St. Louis, containing one hundred and sixty-two feet and eight inches in front on Third street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches to an alley, bounded on the north by S. Ange Addition, on the east by said alley, on the south by Clemens street and on the west by said Third street. And also a tract of land in United States survey number eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and in said city of St. Louis, in township 46 north, range 7 east, containing fifteen acres, bounded on the east by land of Ellen La Motte on the south by a private road thirty feet wide, on the west by land of Margaret Smith and on the north by land of Clemens; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed specified; now, in default of payment of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of

MONDAY, JANUARY 17TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

SOLON HUMPHREYS,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, December 21, 1880. 95V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, David H. Evans and Julia Evans, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 14th day of September, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, in book 642, page 128, did convey unto the undersigned, Edmond A. B. Garesche, as trustee, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots numbered ten (10) and twenty-one (21) in block four (4) of Dunnica's subdivision in U. S survey nineteen hundred and thirty-eight (1938) of the Prairie Des Noyes common fields, having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Dunnica avenue and fifty (50) feet on the north line of Block street by a depth of three hundred and twenty-six (326) feet, bounded east by lots numbered nine and twenty-two (9 and 22) and west by lots numbered eleven and twenty (11 and 20) of said block. Also lot number twenty-eight (28) in block number ten (10) of Dunnica's subdivision in U. S. survey number nineteen hundred and thirty-eight (1938) of the Prairie Des Noyes common fields, having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Chippewa street by a depth southwardly of one hundred and sixty-three feet (163), bounded east by lot number twenty-nine (29) and west by lot number twenty-seven of said block, north by Chippewa street.

Also lot number thirty-five (35) of Dunnica's subdivision of the south half of block number seventy-one (71) of Dellard's survey of the city commons, being in city block number twenty-five hundred and seventy-six (2576), having an aggregate front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Barnum street by a depth southwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet (125) to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, bounded west by lot number thirty-six (36) of said block, north by Barnum street and south by alley, being the same property acquired by the parties of the first part from Leon B. Paulette by deed dated the second day of February, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis in book 636, page 630; which said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and whereas said note for the sum of three hundred and thirty-eight dollars, payable sixty days after date, has long since become due and is wholly unpaid, together with interest thereon from the date thereof. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will, on

FRIDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of that day, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, in order to pay said note and the expenses of this trust.

EDMOND A. B. GARESCHE.
17R Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles Ochs (now more than nine months deceased) and Catharine, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 24th day of February, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 495, page 92, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 1128 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block number eight (8) of East Union addition, said lot having a width of twenty-five feet (25 ft.) by a depth on its east line of about one hundred and forty feet, and on its west line of about one hundred and forty-eight feet (148 ft.), bounded north by an alley fifteen feet wide, east by lot No. 13, south by Wright street, and west by lot No. 15 of said block; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

THURSDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 13, 1880. 40R

THE COMMITTEE C[...]

Proceedings of the Ar[...] ocratic Mee[...]

At the adjourned meetin[...] of representative Democra[...] following gentlemen were [...] Committee of Seventy:

Col. T. T. Gantt, Col. D[...] Dr. J. H. Leslie, David J. [...] Lackland, Judge C. S. Hay[...] Williams, Dan. Cahill, F[...] Lutz, George N. Truesdale[...] mack, J. C. Normile, [...] Frank Clement, Philip Sto[...] A. A. Mellier, Arthur Le[...] kamp, Frank Ring, Dr. J[...] Druhe, Dr. H. E. [...] J. Rich, Robert Kelleh[...] John Dockery, Gerhard B[...] Holland, Wm. McCabe, Ja[...] C. Moore, Given Campbe[...] L. J. Clarke, P. D. Cord[...] James McGrath, W. F. Cr[...] gher, Col. Thos. Richeson, [...] Kennard, S. C. Bann, S[...] Cameron, J. H. McNamara[...] ciscus, John H. Terry, J[...] Minch, John J. Schultz[...] S. D. McCormick, Wallace [...] Connor, Michael Heller, [...] Pierre Chouteau, Fred. G[...] Becherer, Dr. S. C. Marti[...] burgh, B. S. Saville, Edwi[...] Robinson, Patrick Degnan[...] Chas. McLaren.

Mr. Mellier likewise sub[...] ing report:

Mr. Chairman: At our las[...] suance of a resolution a co[...] pointed by yourself to sugg[...] seventy representative Dem[...] general executive c omm[...] ment, vested with plenary [...] necessary and appropriate [...] the purposes and objects of[...]

In compliance with the a[...] your committee has take[...] make out such a list of well[...] Democrats, men who are p[...] all party cliques, and who [...] with perfect fairness and in[...] no friends to reward or ene[...]

In looking over this exten[...] city, embracing as it does tw[...] with a legal registered vot[...] your committee was confro[...] vast array of good and true [...] pathy with the work of ref[...] the restricted number [...] general committee, [...] had, necessarily to be o[...] would like to have had [...] these labors. We have th[...] liberty outside of the or[...] creating the committee of s[...] names of the following gen[...] auxiliary body, to whom we[...] apply for aid, cou[...] vice, and whose nam[...] in the community are su[...] confidence:

Albert Todd, Edwin [...] Gates, John R. Lionberger[...] ard B. Allen, Hy. S. Tur[...] Jones, Peter L. Foy, A. [...] W. McPheeters, Joseph [...] Alex. H. Smith, J. D. S. D[...] lor, Isaac S. Taylor, Cha[...] Michael McEnnis, Richard [...] Bauer, George J. Barnett, [...] clay, R. J. Lackland, Dr[...] Shields, P. C. Murphy, Ge[...] Thomas Foley, Samuel Cu[...] Wright, Isaac M. Veitch.

The chairman named as [...] man of the committee of se[...] Bent, and for temporary s[...] C. Bain.

Capt. Bent upon taking t[...] mal notice to the committe[...] the Armory Hall on Thu[...] 7:30 o'clock for consultatio[...]

### GOSSIP FROM TH[...]

The Race for the Spe[...] torial Ta[...]

Special Correspondence of the [...]

JEFFERSON CITY, Janua[...] proved an exceedingly liv[...] half of the members hav[...] about a hundred hungry o[...] most life is shown at th[...] Senator Cockrell has parlo[...] Geo. Wilson parlor No. 11[...] rived this morning and ha[...] ually thronged with the m[...] rybody is for Cockrell. W[...] to-night with a large dele[...] not an Allen man [...] It may be that M[...] that all his efforts in that o[...] futile and has abandone[...] race. That, however, w[...] attention at present is the [...] ship of the House. Hon. [...] Randolph, has parlor 14 a[...] friends in an elegant man[...] is estimated at about fort[...] ballot while Mr. Bashaw cl[...] Sam Major, also a candida[...] has strength enough [...] if encessary, while D[...] Madrid, thinks he can hav[...] to pull himself through. [...] Buchanan, to-day withdr[...] and his strength will be[...] Wiley and Bashaw. Some[...] committed on this questio[...] strongly that they desire [...] for their votes a place up[...] tees. To-morrow will lik[...] be between Messrs. Wile[...] others probably only hang[...] they may do to the mo[...] Hon. Charley Mansur is he[...] probably be the next Insu[...] er, as everybody and his [...] ing for him with a vim.

The St. Louis delegation [...] to-night. James Carroll [...] of the Third District, are a[...] will be a caucus of the del[...] night, when, most probab[...] Johnson will be made cha[...] tion will likely support Wi[...] Hawley for Chief Clerk. J[...] fight for the Speakership [...] he thinks some of taking t[...] self, while Judge Waitin[...] chair with more grace tha[...] ent candidates. On W[...] the members and [...] caucus upon the organiza[...] latest arrivals at the Madi[...] J. E. Lincoln, of the Centr[...] retary Walker, Hon. Sam[...] Sam. Davis, E. A. Donela[...] Hubbel, Springfield, Sena[...] W. Gilson, F. H. Ketch[...] J. R. Wisdom, Hannibal, [...] Hall, Senators Caldwell, [...] Rowse and Pehle, and Fi[...] tenden's private secretary[...]

### CONDENSED TE[...]

Snow-storms are raging[...]

Officer Ennis, of Cinc[...] nearly to death by roughs[...]

A woman named Kate [...] man in Chicago Sunday n[...] up.

The Legislatures of T[...] vania, California and [...] Monday.

Abe Rothschild, the T[...] congratulated at his home[...] day night.

Johnny Evans, aged [...] Martin Dorp in a quar[...] Monday night.

The Rappahannock Riv[...] A fuel famine is antic[...] burg, Va., in consequenc[...]

Highwaymen are holdi[...] New Orleans. A large n[...] ans have been stopped re[...]

James Walsh, aged ni[...] mira Gronthal, aged seve[...] Monday night, because s[...] him.

Copper has been discov[...] the big Wichita in Tex[...] of miners are already en[...] the ore.

The proprietors of Tru[...]

## THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

### Proceedings of the Armory Hall Democratic Meeting.

At the adjourned meeting at Armory Hall of representative Democrats last evening the following gentlemen were announced as the Committee of Seventy:

Col. T. T. Gantt, Col. D. H. Armstrong, Dr. J. H. Leslie, David J. Hayden, Wm. H. Lackland, Judge C. S. Hayden, Henry W. Williams, Dan Cahill, Fred. Arendes, Dr. Lutz, George N. Truesdale, S. C. McCormack, J. C. Normile, M. Helmbacher, Frank Clement, Philip Stock, P. Pauly, Sr., A. A. Mellier, Arthur Lee, Wm. E. Kortkamp, Frank Ring, Dr. J. J. Kane, Wm. Drube, Dr. H. E. Ahlbrandt, J. J. Rich, Robert Kelleher, M. McKeag, John Dockery, Gerhard Brueggemann, Dr. Holland, Wm. McCabe, James Duross, Jas. C. Moore, Given Campbell, James Luthy, L. J. Clarke, P. D. Cordell, Max. Tamm, James McGrath, W. F. Crow, John P. Boecher, Col. Thos. Richeson, F. A. Drew, S. M. Kennard, S. C. Bann, Silas Bent, Angus Cameron, J. H. McNamara, James M. Franciscus, John H. Terry, John Green, Levy Minch, John J. Schultz, A. R. Taylor, S. D. McCormick, Wallace Delafield, P. P. Connor, Michael Heller, C. C. Hartung, Pierre Chouteau, Fred. Gottschalk, Frank Becherer, Dr. S. C. Martin, Wm. A. Thornburgh, B. S. Saville, Edwin Matthews, A. S. Robinson, Patrick Degnan, M. A. Wolff and Chas. McLaren.

Mr. Mellier likewise submitted the following report:

Mr. Chairman: At our last meeting, in pursuance of a resolution a committee was appointed by yourself to suggest the names of seventy representative Democrats to act as a general executive committee of arrangement, vested with plenary power to use all necessary and appropriate means to carry out the purposes and objects of this body.

In compliance with the above resolution, your committee has taken great pains to make out such a list of well known and tried Democrats, men who are perfectly free from all party cliques, and who can afford to act with perfect fairness and impartiality, having no friends to reward or enemies to punish.

In looking over this extensive field of our city, embracing as it does twenty-eight wards, with a legal registered vote of over 60,000, your committee was confronted with such a vast array of good and true Democrats in sympathy with the work of reform that, owing to the restricted number required on this general committee, many names had necessarily to be omitted whom we would like to have had with us to share in these labors. We have therefore taken the liberty outside of the original resolution creating the committee of seventy to offer the names of the following gentlemen to act as an auxiliary body, to whom we can at all times apply for aid, counsel and advice, and whose names and positions in the community are such as to inspire confidence:

Albert Todd, Edwin Harrison, Saml. Gates, John R. Lionberger, J. O'Neil, Gerard B. Allen, Hy. S. Turner, Horatio M. Jones, Peter L. Foy, A. C. Dyas, Dr. W. McPheeters, Joseph Garneau, Sr., Alex. H. Smith, J. D. S. Dryden, O. P. Saylor, Isaac S. Taylor, Charles P. Chouteau, Michael McEnnis, Richard Ennis, Dr. Louis Bauer, George J. Barnett, D. Robert Barclay, R. J. Lackland, Dr. Johnson, John Shields, P. C. Murphy, George H. Goddard, Thomas Foley, Samuel Cupples, Daniel T. Wright, Isaac M. Veitch.

The chairman named as temporary chairman of the committee of seventy Capt. Silas Bent, and for temporary secretary, Samuel C. Bain.

Capt. Bent upon taking the chair gave formal notice to the committee to assemble at the Armory Hall on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock for consultation.

## GOSSIP FROM THE CAPITAL.

### The Race for the Speakership—Senatorial Talk.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, January 3.—To-day has proved an exceedingly lively one, fully one-half of the members having arrived, and about a hundred hungry office-seekers. The most life is shown at the Madison. Here Senator Cockrell has parlor No. 13, and Hon. Geo. Wilson parlor No. 11. The former arrived this morning and has his room continually thronged with the multitude, for everybody is for Cockrell. Wilson will be here to-night with a large delegation, but there is not an Allen man to be found. It may be that Mr. Allen sees that all his efforts in that direction will prove futile and has abandoned the Senatorial race. That, however, which excites most attention at present is the race for Speakership of the House. Hon. Frank P. Wiley, of Randolph, has parlor 14 and is receiving his friends in an elegant manner. His strength is estimated at about forty-five on the first ballot while Mr. Bashaw claims forty. Hon. Sam Major, also a candidate for this place, has strength enough to elect Wiley if encessary, while Dawson, of New Madrid, thinks he can have strength enough to pull himself through. Dr. Donelan, of Buchanan, to-day withdrew from the race, and his strength will be divided between Wiley and Bashaw. Some members are non-committed on this question, while it is hinted strongly that they desire as a consideration for their votes a place upon certain committees. To-morrow will likely show the race to be between Messrs. Wiley and Bashaw, the others probably only hanging on for any good they may do to the most forward horse. Hon. Charley Mansur is here, and will most probably be the next Insurance Commissioner, as everybody and his friends are working for him with a vim.

The St. Louis delegation is expected here to-night. James Carroll and Judge Walton, of the Third District, are already here. There will be a caucus of the delegation to-morrow night, when, most probably, Hon. Chas. P. Johnson will be made chairman. The delegation will likely support Wiley for Speaker and Hawley for Chief Clerk. Jas. Carroll says the fight for the Speakership is not settled yet, as he thinks some of taking the place for himself, while Judge Waltin says he can fill the chair with more grace than any of the present candidates. On Wednesday evening the members and Senators will caucus upon the organization. Among the latest arrivals at the Madison are to be seen: J. E. Lincoln, of the Central Committee, Secretary Walker, Hon. Sam. Boyd, of Marshall, Sam. Davis, E. A. Donelan, St. Joe, Martin Hubbel, Springfield, Senator Mackey, George W. Gilson, F. H. Ketchum, St. Louis, and J. R. Wisdom, Hannibal, Gov. Willard P. Hall, Senators Caldwell, Heaston, Perkins, Rowse and Pehle, and Fine Farr, Gov. Crittenden's private secretary.

## CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Snow-storms are raging in Western Texas.

Officer Ennis, of Cincinnati, was beaten nearly to death by roughs Monday afternoon.

A woman named Kate Higgins robbed a man in Chicago Sunday night by holding him up.

The Legislatures of Tennessee, Pennsylvania, California and Nevada assembled Monday.

Abe Rothschild, the Texas murderer, was congratulated at his home in Cincinnati Monday night.

Johnny Evans, aged 14, fatally stabbed Martin Dorp in a quarrel at Philadelphia, Monday night.

The Rappahannock River is closed with ice. A fuel famine is anticipated at Fredericksburg, Va., in consequence.

Highwaymen are holding high carnival at New Orleans. A large number of pedestrians have been stopped recently and robbed.

James Walsh, aged nineteen, killed Barbara Gronthal, aged seventeen, at Brooklyn, Monday night, because she refused to marry him.

Copper has been discovered in the breaks of the big Wichita in Texas. Large numbers of miners are already engaged in taking out the ore.

The proprietors of Truth write to Garfield and acknowledge the forgery of the Morey letter and claim that they have the evidence to convict the forger.

Young Jim Fair, the son of the bonanza king, takes a dear actress and starts for Paris. The most interesting part of the whole affair is that $2,500,000 of the old man's money goes with him.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### Grand Opera-House.

The Strakosch and Hess English Opera Company successfully inaugurated the season here with an excellent presentation of Verdi's grand work "Aida" at the Grand Opera-house last evening. It was cast as follows: Aida, Marie Roze; Amneris, Miss Annandale; Rhadames, Mr. Byron; Amonasro, Mr. Carleton; Ramphis, Mr. Conly; the King, Mr. H. Peakes; Messenger, Mr. Tilla. Placed upon the stage with all the resources of a brilliant organization, new and beautiful scenery specially prepared for the opera, which above all other, calls for grand and massive spectacular effect, rich costumes, a large and powerful orchestra and a superb chorus, the musical public had every reason to be satisfied with the opening performance. There was a large and fashionable audience representing much of the city's musical culture present, and the reception, while not enthusiastic at the outset, was pronounced in favor of the company as the beauties of the work found expression during the evening. A hearty compliment was bestowed upon Marie Roze, who scored an artistic triumph in the title-role. "Aida" has never had a better dramatic interpretation, while the sweetness and power and beauty of Roze's voice appealed with force to a critical house. Renewed expressions of satisfaction rewarded the artiste at the close of the first and fourth acts, and she retired with a profusion of floral tributes. Perhaps the best effort of the evening was the sextet chorus, which had to be repeated. The house warmed to enthusiasm at the magnificent vocal expression of the principal artists throughout the act. Miss Annandale made a most favorable impression as Amneris. Mr. Byron was suffering from a cold but he managed to sustain the role of Rhadames with infinite credit. His solo "Celestial Aida," was much appreciated. Mr. Conly fully sustained his reputation as a magnificent basso. The orchestration throughout was faultless. All the work of the chorus elicited satisfaction. This evening "Il Trovatore" will be the selection. Torriani, Barton, Byron and Carleton.

### Olympic.

Minnie Palmer and company appeared last evening at the Olympic in the musical, farcical oddity entitled "The Boarding School." The bright little actress renewed her acquaintance with a St. Louis audience and was well received. The piece abounds in mirth and melody and the little artiste is well supported.

### Pope's.

There was a large audience at Pope's last evening greeting the Big Four Minstrels, who presented an excellent bill. This organization is one of the best on the boards, and, moreover, pains are taken to furnish only bright and new creations of minstrel talent.

## GEN. GRANT'S FRIEND.

### Two Stories of the Famous Tom Ochiltree, Esq., of Texas.

From the Chicago Times.

Jem Mace, the celebrated English prize-fighter, now in Australia, once spent a winter in New Orleans. He used to amuse himself and his admirers by betting the drinks with them that they could not hit him—they to do their best to hit him and he simply to ward off the blows. Tom Ochiltree, of Texas, who has gained considerable reputation from his intimacy with Gen. Grant, and perhaps even more reputation from the fast running horse which was named after him, happened to be in New Orleans during the winter. Some of Ochiltree's friends told him of Mace's favorite bet. Ochiltree is a short, thick-set, powerfully built man. His hair is just red enough to indicate a fiery temper. As soon as he was told of Mace's bet he fired up and said he would bet the crowd a champagne supper that he could hit Jem Mace. The bet, of course, was taken at once, and the whole party started out in search of Mace. He was easily found in a neighboring drinking-saloon. Mace was standing at the bar in the act of taking a drink. Ochiltree stepped quietly up beside him and hit him suddenly a stinging blow on the cheek. Mace quietly placed his glass on the bar, and, scarcely moving his body, brought his right hand up and struck Ochiltree a fearful blow just under one ear. Ochiltree immediately fell to the floor in a heap. His friends rushed to him, gathered him up and carried him to the nearest hotel. Doctors were sent for in a great hurry, and after two or three hours of hard work they succeeded in bringing Ochiltree back to this earth. He was confined to his room in the hotel for three weeks, however. When he finally reappeared he was forced to furnish the champagne supper. Some of his friends said to him: "What in the world made you such a blanked fool as to hit Jem Mace?" "Why," said Ochiltree, "I thought I would just tap him without his knowledge and would then explain to him."

Among the numerous good stories told at Ochiltree's expense is the following: He had just arrived in New York one winter from Europe and was fairly resplendent in a new overcoat and a very elegant sealskin cap. He was talking with some friends in a hotel lobby, and one of them expressed great admiration for Ochiltree's cap. "Why, there's quite a little history connected with that cap," said Ochiltree; "that was given me by a French countess. Such a dear little creature, so bewitchingly handsome, and charming in every way. Well, I met her while in Paris, and she fell in love with me at once, and while I was there I saw a great deal of her. She made me several very handsome presents, which I will show you some time, and among them was this hat."

One of his friends, who had become quite interested in the hat by this time, took it off Ochiltree's head, and there, pasted in the top of it, was a trade-mark, with "Knox, Hatter," printed on it. "Look here, Tom," cried his friend, "how is this? Here is 'Knox, Hatter,' in the top of your hat." Ochiltree did not allow himself to be disconcerted by any little trade-mark, so answered very promptly: "Why, just as we were coming into the dock, the other morning, my cap blew off into the water, and was recovered by a small boy who stood on the dock and saw the accident. I took it up to Knox to have it repaired, and they have had the blanked impudence up there to paste in one of their labels. I hadn't noticed it before."

### A Rich Man's Son.

From a San Francisco Special Dispatch, Jan. 3.

The San Francisco Chronicle to-day gives the following outlines of the latest sensation and scandal on the Slope: Jimmy F. was the son of a mining magnate. After sowing a fair crop of wild oats, and when his father offered him $2,500,000 in Fovernment bonds, Jimmy settled down. Just then there arrived from Australia a fair young creature named Eva Ellwood. She had been traveling with an actor who had taken from her $1,500, spent it and cast her adrift. She returned and Jimmy F. saw her and adored her. They prepared to fly to Paris. He called her Pete, and so she became known among sports. In her hilarity over the prospects she told it at a cafe, and it came to the ears of the old man. He went to withdraw the bonds from the credit of Jimmy, but Jimmy had been there before him and was gone. Pete followed, and it is supposed the two are on their journey to the wicked city. The Chronicle does not say who the mining magnate is, only that he is one of the richest.

**Oysters, Little Neck Clams, Meats, Fish, Game and Clam Chowder**

are on hand daily at Milford's Elegant Oyster House, 114 North Fifth street. Ladies' Dining Room on second floor now open

## ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

### Country Produce.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Fancy, 32, (regular brands held higher) choice 28@30; seconds 25@26. Dairy—Fancy 25; choice 23@24; prime 18@21; low grade 12@15; and near-by make 11@16, top rate for fancy. Roll—12@16c for near-by; 18@20c for Northern.

EGGS Sales of guaranteed at 32@33 in cases.

POULTRY—Dressed—Turkeys—rough 9@10, choice to fancy 10½@11; geese $2 to $5 ℔ doz, ducks $1 50@3; chicken $1 to $2 25 for thin rough to fancy.

GAME—Sales: Quail $1 00@1 10; grouse $5; pheasant $5; duck—Teal and grey $2 00; mixed $1 75; mallard $2 75; wild turkeys 40@75c apiece; wild pigeon 45c; squirrel 60@75c; rabbit 60c@$1 10; jack rabbit $3 25. Deer—Carcasses 5@6; venison saddles without skins, 7@10c. skins on 10½@11c—foregoing for Western, Minnesota 12; possum 10@25c; bear carcasses 12½@13; antelope do 12½@13; buffalo hams 11.

OYSTERS—Select 35, triangle and medium 25, xxx 15 ℔ can.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 47; medium 44@46; dingy and low 40@43. Unwashed—Combing 28@29; coarse 25@27; choice medium 27@28; low do 24@25; fine merino (light) 23@24; heavy do 17@19; burry black and cotted 5@15 ℔ ℔ less; Southern burry 13@14.

FURS—We quote: Western (Southern 15@25 per cent less): Raccoon—No. 1, 75; No. 2, 45@50; No. 3, 30@35; No. 4, 15. Mink—No. 1, 60; No. 2, 40; No. 3, 25; No. 4, 10. Skunk—Black, 65@75; short stripe 45; narrow stripe, 30; white stripe, 10@15. Cat—Pole, 5@10; wild, 15@20; house, 5@10. Fox—Gray, 65; red, $1. Otter, 50 to $6; Beaver, 50 to $1 75 ℔ ℔. Bear, $2 to $7; badger- 20@50. 'Possum, 8@12½. Muskrat 5@10.

HIDES—Quote: No. 1 green salted 8¾@9; damaged do 7¾@8; partly cured 7½; dam. do 6½; bulls and stags—green salted 6½@7; green 6@6½; green salted calf 13; No. 1 dry salted 14; damaged do 12½; No. 1 dry flint 18; No. 2 do 15. Branded 10 ℔ cent. off from price of No. 1.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 46@47, outside for small sks; No. 2 do 37@42; mixed 30@35; old 15@30; chicken 5@10. Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

DEERSKINS—We quote: Selections 45@47½; No. 1, 33@43; salted 30@35; damaged 25@30; green salted 20.

FLAXSEED—Quote at $1 12 on basis of pure.

APPLES—We quote: Winesap $1 75@2 15; Baldwin $2 50; Willow Twig and Ben Davis $2 25@2 50; genetin $1 50@2 00—all to be free from frost and in well filled barrels; frozen $1@1 50.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@$1 25; dry 35@65 according to the amount of wool on them; Green salted shearlings 25@35; Dry flint do 5@15; bug eaten unsalable.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $4 80@5; timothy at $2@2 35, millet 50@55; red top 38@40.

PECANS—We quote: Western 5½; Texas 7½@7¾.

WALNUTS—30 ℔ bu for choice.

PEANUTS—Quote: red 2@2½; white 2½@3½.

CHESTNUTS—4½@5 per ℔.

CASTOR BEANS—$1 20 bid for prime.

HICKORY NUTS—Sales of small shellbarks 70@85, and large at 35@45 ℔ bu.

HAZELNUTS—1½ ℔ lb.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 11@12; Western part skims 8@9; hard 3@5.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears $4@4 50: plums $1 75@2; quinces $2 25 ℔ box; Malaga grapes $10 50 ℔ brl, $4@4 50 ℔ keg.

CIDER—Selling at 12½ per gallon.

SORGHUM—Fermented 20@25, choice 35.

VEALS—Carcasses 6@7 live at 5@6 ℔ ℔.

DRESSED HOGS—Quote at 4½@4¾, top rate for extra large.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable at $1 25@1 40 for medium Western, $1 60@1 75 for do navy stained and dirty at 50@75c as in quality; hand picked Eastern medium $1 80@1 85 from store; do navy $1 90@2.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed 2½@2¾.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 40@1 50, top rate for choice, Seneca 40@45; blue flag 4½; blood roots 3@4, golden seal 5@6½; snake 9@10; black 4½; May apple 2½.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 2; fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 38@40; country 32@33; city oak 40; country do 35. Pork brls 90@95 del; lard tierces $1 15@1 25 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@95; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

HONEY—Dark comb 14@16; fancy bright 17@19; strained and extracted 11@13 in pkgs, 9@10 in brls.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ℔ 100 ℔s: Wrought $1 15, heavy cast 85c; stove 65; plows 75; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$12@15; dry buffalo $16.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Louisiana oranges $3 50@4 50 for dark, $6@6 50 for bright ℔ brl; valencia $7 ℔ case. Lemons $5 for Messina, $4@4 50 for Malaga ℔ box; cocoanuts $40 ℔ 1,000. Bananas $2@3 50 per bunch on orders.

TURNIPS—$1 75 ℔ brl on orders.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $6 25@50; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50; pork brl $12@13; lard tierce do $12@14; cask $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5½@5¾; hard do 6@6½. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hhd $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@20.

HEMP SEED Quotable at $1 40 for prime.

HOPS—We quote New York, new, at 23@26. No Western in market.

BEETS—Home-grown sell on orders at $1 75 ℔ brl.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—dark 3@3¼, fair 3½, choice 3¾, fancy 3¾@4. Peaches—mixed 5@5½, small halves 5½, choice halves 5¾, fancy do 6.

CELERY—Short 20; choice long 40@55.

POPCORN—Small white 1½@1¾, large do 1.

POTATOES—Quote Western sound stock ℔ bu—55@60 for rose and flukes, 60@70 for peer-peachblow less and Northern, 60 for bottom rose—frosted much lower; Eastern 5@10c ℔ bu higher.

ONIONS—$3 50@4—top rate for choice.

CRANBERRIES—Choice $7@8.

CARROTS—Choice Northern $1 75 ℔ brl on orders.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $5 00 ℔ brl.

RUTABAGAS—On orders, $1 75 ℔ brl, loose at 40.

CABBAGE—On orders at $3 to $5 ℔ crate.

SWEET POTATOES—$1 25@1 50 to 1 75 ℔ brl on orders as in kind.

SAUR KRAUT—City on orders—brls $9 50, half-brls $5 00; country $5 50@6 from first hands.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 80; coal oil $1 25.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—$1 75@1 80 ℔ bu for choice.

### Dry Goods.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

DENIMS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amoskeag | 17 | Warren AXA | 15 |
| Clark's | 16 | " BB | 14 |
| Boston | 9 | " CC | 13 |
| Belmont xx | 15 | Belmont CCC | 12½ |
| " BBB | 18½ | " AAA | 14½ |

CHEVIOTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| American | 11½ | River Mills | 8½ |
| Ontario | 10 | Rugby | 8 |
| Cumberland | 9 | Bates | 11 |

BLEACHED COTTON.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Androscoggin, L | 10 | New York Mills | 12½ |
| Bleachdale | 6½ | Linwood 4-4 | 9½ |
| Chapman | 7½ | Lonsdale 4-4 | 10 |
| Davol | 11 | Fruit de Loom 4-4 | 10½ |
| Fairmount | 7½ | " 7-8 | 9½ |
| Gilt-edge | 7½ | Hills 4-4 | 10 |
| Hero | 8½ | " 7-8 | 9 |
| Knights' cambric | 10 | Hope 4-4 | 8½ |
| Langdon, G. B. | 12 | Whittensville L 4-4 | 9 |
| " 76 | 10 | " 7-8 | 8 |

TWEEDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pedestrian | 16½ | Crosbyville | 37½ |
| Kansas | 20 | C. G. | 37½ |
| Bois de Boulogne | 20 | Clifton | 50 |
| Allens Cubans | 20 | Manchester | 55 |
| Hawthorne | 30 | Licester | 57½ |

BROWN SHEETINGS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atlantic, A 4-4 | 8½ | Hoosier, 4-4 | 6¾ |
| " H 4-4 | 8 | Indian Head, 4-4 | 8½ |
| " LL 4-4 | 7 | " 7-8 | 7½ |
| " V 7-8 | 7¼ | Indian Stand'd, A 4-4 | 8½ |
| Aquawan, F 4-4 | 6¾ | " B 4-4 | 8 |
| Augusta, 4-4 | 7½ | " C 4-4 | 7½ |
| " 7-8 | 6¾ | Lawrence, LL, 4-4 | 7 |
| " 3-4 | 5½ | Middlesex, A 4-4 | 4½ |
| Belmont, 4-4 | 8 | Mathews, A 4-4 | 7½ |
| Cherokee, 4-4 | 6 | St. Louis, 4-4 | 8½ |
| Great Western, 4-4 | 8 | Trion, AAA 4-4 | — |
| Graniteville, AA 4-4 | — | Richmond, R 4-4 | 6½ |
| " EE 4-4 | — | Sea Island, 4-4 | 6½ |
| " LL 4-4 | — | | |

TICKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amoskeag D | 13 | Connestoga X | 11 |
| " ACA | 17½ | " AA | 12 |
| " A | 16 | " CCA | 14 |
| " B | 15 | " CT | 15 |
| " C | 14 | " Extra | 17½ |
| Lancaster | 17 | Ocean | 8 |

BROWN DUCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston S. O. | 10½ | Savage, fancy | 15 |
| " XX | 13 | Buckingham, fancy | 16 |
| " AAA | 15 | Waltham | 10 |
| Belmont 10 | 11½ | Belmont 20 | 12½ |
| " 30 | 14 | | |

JEANS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Palestro | 10 | Iowa | 30 |
| Rarus | 13½ | Kansas, 10 oz | 35 |
| Pride of the South | 15 | Huge Doeskins | 35 |
| Calcutta | 17½ | 5 Leaf Ky | 37½ |
| Neosho | 18 | Bourbon | 40 |
| Uncle Sam, Doeskin | 20 | Live Oak Buckskin | 35 |
| Provident | 20 | Ermine Doeskin | 45 |
| Nan-King Tricot | 20 | Pioneer | 45 |
| Rockbridge | 25 | Humboldt Doeskin | 45 |
| Pacific R. R. | 30 | Arragon | 57½ |

PRINTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gordon | 6 | Merrimack fancy | 7 |
| Dunnel | 6½ | " shirtings | 6½ |
| Albion solids | 6 | Sprague's shirtings | 6 |
| Allens | 6½ | Freeman, fancy | — |
| Arnold's fancy | 7 | Bristol | 6½ |
| American fancy | 6½ | Simpson's | 7 |
| Hamilton | 7 | Windsor | 7 |
| Cocheco fancy | 7 | Richmond | 6½ |
| Southbridge | 6½ | Cocheco robes | 7½ |
| Hartel | 6½ | Pacific robes | 7 |
| Mallory pink | 7 | Oriental robes | 7 |
| Sprague's's fancy | 6½ | Durham | 5½ |

GINGHAMS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amoskeag | 10 | Glasgow | 9½ |
| " dress styles | 12½ | Berkshire | 9 |

CAMBRIC.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3-4 flat | 6 | High colors 1c higher. | |
| Paper | 8½ | | |

FLANNELS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Raftsman | 25 | Goldminers | 22½ |
| Lumberman's | 25 | Explorers | 20 |
| Blue Ridge | 22½ | | |

Lath ... 40

Lath and shingles extra dry.

### Metals.

COKE TIN PLATE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| IC, 10x20 | $10 00 | IC, 10x14 | $6 00 |
| IC. 10x14 | 6 00 | | |

ROOFING TIN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| IC, 14x20 | $6 50 | IC, 20x28 | 13 50 |
| IX, 14x20 | 8 50 | IX, 20x28 | $17 50 |

CHARCOAL TIN PLATE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| IC, 10x14 | $7 00 | IX, 14x20 | $9 00 |
| IC, 12x12 | 7 00 | IXX, 14x20 | 11 00 |
| IC, 14x20 | 7 00 | IXXX, 14x20 | 13 00 |
| IX, 10x14 | 9 00 | IXXXX, 14x20 | 15 00 |
| IX, 12x12 | 9 00 | IX, 20x28 | 19 00 |

SOLDER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1, ℔ ℔ | 14 | Charter Oak, ℔ ℔ | 16 |

SOFT LEAD.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pig Lead, large | 5 | Bar Lead | 6 |

BLOCK TIN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Large pigs | 24 | Small pigs | 25 |
| Bar Tin | 26 | | |

BABBITT METAL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 | 18 | No. 2 | 14 |
| No. 3 | 10 | No. 4 | 8 |

SHEET ZINC.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 600 ℔ casks | 8 | 100 ℔ casks | 8½ |
| 250 " | 8¼ | Single sheets | 8¾ |

BROOM WIRE.

Nos. 18 to 22, ℔ ℔ ... 11

BESSEMER STEEL BALING WIRE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 9, ℔ 100 ℔s | 5 50 | No. 10 and 11 | 6 00 |
| No. 12 | 6 50 | No. 14 | 7 25 |

BRAZIER'S RODS.

8-16 ... per lb. 5½ | ½ ... per lb. 4½

GALVANIZED WIRE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 7, 8 and 9 | 10 | No. 10 to 11 | 11 |
| No. 12 | 11½ | | |

Discount — per cent.

STEEL FENCE WIRE.

Always put up in 100 ℔ bundles.

| | |
|---|---|
| Nos. 7, 8 and 9 fence, per ℔ net | 4 |
| Nos. 10 to 11, grape trellis, per ℔ net | 5½ |
| No. 12 " " net | 5¾ |

SHEET IRON.

Charter Oak Iron.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 24, 24 and 30 in. wide, 100, in. long, ℔ ℔ | 5.10 |
| No. 26, 24 and 30 " 100. " " | 5.30 |
| No. 27, 24 and 30 " 100. " " | 5 50 |

CHARCOAL SHEET IRON.

No. 26 ... per lb. 710. No. 27 ... per lb. 7.3

COPPER.

PLANISHED COPPER—BOILER SIZES.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 7, 14 oz., 14x49; 7, Large, 14x52 ... per lb. | 38 |
| 8, 14 oz., 14x56; 9, 16 oz., 14x61 ... Nickel plated, ℔ ℔ | 48 |
| Tinning per sheet, 6 and 7 | 12 |
| " " 8 and 9 | 15 |
| PLANISHED COPPER, 14x48, 14 and 16 oz ℔ ℔ | 36 |
| Tinning, per sheet | 10 |
| BRAZIER'S COPPER, 30x60. 8 and 9 ℔ sheets, ℔ ℔ | 32 |
| 10 and 13 ℔ sheets, ℔ ℔ | 30 |
| 14 to 60 ℔ sheets, ℔ ℔ | 28 |
| SHEATHING COPPER, Tinned, 14x48. 14 and 16 oz., ℔ ℔ | 28 |
| Tinning, per sheet | 10 |
| Reservoir copper, 16x60 and 20x60 ℔ ℔ | 30 |
| Tinning, per sheet | 25 |
| COPPER BOTTOMS, ℔ ℔ | 32 |
| Oval Flat Copper Bottoms, ℔ ℔ | 32 |
| Metallic Bottoms, ℔ ℔ | 22 |
| GUTTER COPPER, 20x72. 10 to 13 ℔, ℔ ℔ | 30 |
| 14 ℔ ℔ ℔ | 28 |
| Soldering Coppers, ℔ ℔ | 30 |
| Soldering Copper Handles, ℔ doz | 50 |
| BRASS KETTLES, 7 to 13 inches, ℔ ℔ | 35 |
| " " 14 inches and over, ℔ ℔ | 38 |
| Sad Irons, ℔ ℔ | 3½ |
| Resin, ℔ ℔ | 5 |
| Resin, ℔ brl | $4 50 |

GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

(Moorhead & Co.'s Juniata.)

| Per lb. | | Per lb. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 18 to 20 | 12 | No. 22 to 24 | 13 |
| No. 26 | 14 | No. 27 | 15 |
| No. 28 | 16 | | |

Discount 30 per cent.

FENCE STAPLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Per keg | 5 |
| Per lb | 5½ |
| No. 12 coppered | 8 |
| Stretchers ... per doz. | $2 00 |

BRASS AND COPPER WIRE.

| | Brass Spring | Copper |
|---|---|---|
| No. 6 to 20, net per lb | 35 | 43 |
| 21 " " | 38 | 46 |
| 22 " " | 39 | 47 |

RUSSIA SHEET IRON.

Genuine.

Nos. 8, 9, and 10 ... Per lb. 16c

BRIGHT MARKET WIRE.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nos. | 0 6 | 7, 8, 9 | 10, 11 | 12 | 13, 14 |
| | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11½ | 12½ |
| No | 15, 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| | 14 | 15 | 16 | 19 | 20 |

AMERICAN PLANISHED RUSSIA.

| Per lb. | | Per lb. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 23 | 12 | No. 24 to 27A | 12 |
| No. 24 to 27B | 10½ | | |

BOILED IRON.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 18 to 20, ℔ ℔ | 3 90 | No. 26, ℔ ℔ | 4.13 |
| No. 22 to 24, ℔ ℔ | 4 10 | No. 27, ℔ ℔ | 4.50 |

ST. LOUIS BARBED WIRE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Twisted 7½ Galvanized | 9 |
| Clothes line wire, doz. rolls | $3 50 |

### Lumber Market.

WHITE PINE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Clear Tank stuff, rough, | | 2½ to 4 in | $55 00 |
| 1st and 2d clear, | " | 1¼ to 2 in | 47 00 |
| " " | " | 1 in | 47 00 |
| 3rd | " " | 1¼ to 2 in | 41 00 |
| " | " " | 1 in | 40 00 |
| " | " " | 7 to 9 in | 35 00 |
| A Select | " | 1¼ to 2 in | 36 00 |
| " | " | 1 in (10 in. and over) | 33 00 |
| " | " | 7 to 9 in | 29 00 |
| B Select, | " | 1 in $24; 1¼ to 2 in | 27 50 |
| Clear Frames | " | 2x6 and 2x8 | 32 00 |
| Select " | " | " " | 27 50 |
| Clear and Select | " | 2x4 | 25 00 |
| A Stock, 12 in. | " | 12 to 20 ft | 37 50 |
| B " | " | 12 to 20 ft | 36 00 |
| C " | " | 18 to 20 ft | 29 00 |
| D " | " | 20, 12, 14 and 16 ft | 17 00 |
| D " | " | 18 ft | 17 00 |
| A " 10 in. | " | 12 to 16 ft | 36 00 |
| B " | " | 12 to 16 ft | 32 00 |
| D " | " | 12 to 16 ft | 16 50 |
| A Box | " | 12 ft | 41 00 |
| B " | " | 12 to 18 ft | 39 00 |
| C " | " | 12 to 16 ft | 29 00 |
| D " | " | 12 to 20 ft | 18 00 |
| Flooring D and M clear 4 in | | | 37 00 |
| " clear and 1st com. 4 in | | | 35 00 |
| " 2nd com. 4 in | | | 33 00 |
| " 3rd com. 4 in | | | 23 00 |
| " 4th com. 4 in | | | 17 00 |
| Siding, 1st and 2d clear | | | 21 00 |
| Siding, clear & 1st com | | | 18 75 |
| Siding, 2nd com | | | 17 75 |
| Siding, 3d com | | | 13 50 |
| Siding, 4th com | | | 9 50 |
| Ceiling, ¾ in., clear | | | 22 00 |
| Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 1st com | | | 19 75 |
| Ceiling, ¾ in., 2d com | | | 18 75 |
| Ceiling, ¾ in., 3d com | | | 14 50 |
| Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 1st com., 4 or 6 inches | | | 25 00 |
| Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 2d com., 4 or 6 inches | | | 23 00 |
| Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 3d com., 4 or 6 inches | | | 19 00 |
| Ceiling, ⅝ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inches | | | 32 00 |
| Ceiling, ⅝ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inches | | | 29 00 |

COMMON LUMBER.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 boards 10 & 20 feet | $16 00 |
| No 1 boards 14, 16 & 18 ft | 15 50 |
| 12-in. boards (Nos. 1 & 2), 12 to 16 feet | 14 50 |
| No. 2 boards, 10 & 20 ft | 13 50 |
| No. 2 boards, 12 to 18 ft | 13 50 |
| Cull boards or sheathing | 11 00 |
| No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 16 ft | 15 50 |
| No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft | 15 00 |
| No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft | 13 50 |
| Cull fencing | 11 00 |
| Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under | 13 50 |
| Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under | 14 00 |
| Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under | 14 50 |
| Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under | $18 00@19 00 |
| Joists, 26 ft., 2x12 & under | 26 00 |
| Joists, 28 & 30 ft., 2x12 & under | 22 00@24 00 |
| Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft | 13 50 |
| Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft | 13 50 |
| Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 18 ft | 14 00 |
| Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16 ft | 13 50 |
| Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft | 14 00 |
| Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 ft | 18 00 |
| Large timbers at special prices. | |
| Grub and No. 2 joists, 10 to 16 ft | 11 00 |
| Grub and No. 2 joists, 18 to 20 ft | 11 50 |
| Grub and No. 2 joists, 22 ft. (mixed widths) | 11 50 |
| No. 2 scantling, 12 ft | 11 50 |
| No. 2 scantling, 14 & 16 ft | 11 50 |
| No. 2 scantling, 18 & 20 ft | 12 00 |

YELLOW PINE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1st and 2d cl. flooring (count), 4 in | $32 50 |
| Star flooring (count), 4 in | 30 00 |
| Common flooring (count), 4 in | 20 00 |
| 1st and 2d cl. flooring, mixed widths (tape) | 35 00 |
| Star flooring, mixed widths (tape) | 30 00 |
| Common flooring, mixed widths (tape) | 20 00 |
| 1¼ in. 1st & 2d cl. flooring mixed widths (tape) | 35 00 |
| 1¼ in. common flooring mixed widths (tape) | 20 00 |
| 1 inch 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S | 35 00 |
| 1¼ & 1½ 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S | 37 50 |

POPLAR AND ASH.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1st Siding | — |
| 2nd Siding | — |
| 1st Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in | — |
| 2nd Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in | — |
| 1st Ceiling, ⅝ in | 27 00 |
| 1st Box boards, rough, 14 and 16 ft | 35 00 |
| 2nd (select) Box boards, rough, 14, 16 ft | 28 00 |
| 1st Box boards, rough, picked widths | — |
| 2nd Box boards, rough, picked widths | — |
| Common boards, rough | 20 00 |
| 1st Panel, S 1 S, ⅝ in | 28 00 |
| 2nd Panel, S 1 S, ⅝ in | — |

| | |
|---|---|
| Ash Flooring, 4 inch, $40; 6 inch | 38 00 |
| Ash Flooring, common, 4 and 6 inch | 20 00 |

RED CEDAR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sawed Posts (quartered), No 1 | 30 |
| Sawed Posts, square, 8 ft. 4x4 35c; 6x6 | 85 |
| Sawed Timbers, 10 to 16 ft B. M. | $35 00 |

SHINGLES AND LATH.

| | Car Load. |
|---|---|
| Eau Claire & Meridean, extra clear, dry | $3 15 |
| Eau Claire & Meridean, shaded A, green | 2 00 |
| Eau Claire & Meredian, No. 1 | 95 |
| Duncan & Taylor, extra choice | 3 00 |
| Choice "A" McCartney | 2 90 |
| Good * No. 1 (S. & B.) | 1 20 |
| Badger Common No. 1 | 95 |

### Drugs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alum | 4@5 | Ipecac | 1 50 |
| Aloes, cape | 17@25 | Indigo | 90@$1 |
| Acid, tartaric | 55 | Jalap | 40@45 |
| Balsam copaiva | 65 | Logwood | 4@5 |
| Blue mass | 45 | Lunar caustic | 90 |
| Borax, ref | 14@15 | Liquorice | 35@40 |
| Blue vitriol | 10@12 | Madder | 13 |
| Calomel Amer | 65 | Magnesia carb | 35@40 |
| Do English | 1 20 | Morphine | 4 75 |
| Camphor | 30 | Oil Bergamot | 3@3 25 |
| Cream tartar | 25@45 | Opium | 7 25 |
| Cantharides | 1 35@40 | Oil lemon | 3 25 |
| Chloroform | 90 | Peruvian bark | 35@2 00 |
| Copperas | 2½@3 | Quinine | 2 75 |
| Epsom salts | 3@3½ | Rhubarb | 1 00 |
| Glue | 15@25 | Salsoda | 2½@3 |
| Gum arabic | 25@60 | Soda, bicarb | 4@5 |
| Iodine | 4 00 | Salt petre | 6@16 |
| Iodide potassium | 3 00 | | |

### Oils, Leads, Etc.

LEADS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Strictly pure white, less than 500 lbs | 9 |
| Strictly pure white, over 500 lbs | 8¾ |
| Red lead and litharge, less than 500 lbs | 7½ |
| Red lead and litharge, over 500 lbs | 7 |

OILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Linseed, raw | 55 | Coal oil, 110° | 15½ |
| " boiled | 58 | " 150° | 19½ |
| Lard oil, extra | 75@— | " 175° | 25 |
| Castor oil | 10@— | Lubricating | 20@25 |
| Neat's foot | 65@75 | Whale oil | 65@75 |
| Bank oil | 50@55 | Turpentine | 48 |

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

### Stockholders Meeting.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY Company, St. Louis, December 29, 1880.—By order of the Board of Directors of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, a special meeting of the stockholders of said company is called and will be held at its general office on the corner of Walnut and Fifth streets in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on Tuesday the first day of March, A. D., 1881, at nine (9) o'clock in the morning of that day for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposed issue by said company of its consolidated mortgage bonds to an amount not exceeding thirty millions of dollars, bearing interest at not exceeding six(6) per cent per annum and running not less than thirty years, as its Board of Directors may hereafter determine; said bonds to be secured by a mortgage covering all the lines of railroad now owned by said company and the franchises and property appertaining thereto, and also all the interest of said company, now owned or hereafter to be acquired, in any or all of the lines of railroad now leased to or operated by it, or which may be hereafter leased to or constructed or operated by it and the franchises and property pertaining thereto, or so much and such parts thereof as its Directors may determine; and which said bonds are to be used, so far as necessary, to retire or provide for all the bonded indebtedness for which said company is now liable, at such times and on such terms as the Board may direct, and after reserving sufficient for such purposes, the residue shall be used for the construction, acquisition or equipment or for aiding in the construction, acquisition or equipment of additional lines of railroad connecting with lines now owned or operated by it, and to the improvement and equipment of any lines of road now or hereafter to be operated by it in such manner and to such extent as its Board of Directors may determine.

E. F. WINSLOW, President.

4 W

## ELECTION NOTICES.

ST. LOUIS NATIONAL BANK.—The regular annual election of nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 11, 1881, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p. m., at the banking rooms.

J. NICKERSON, Cashier.

December 11, 1880.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bell Telephone Company of Missouri, for the election of five directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the company's office, 417 Olive street, room 18, on Monday, January 10, 1881. Polls will be open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 1 o'clock p. m.

[Signed] H. H. ELDRED, President.

[Attest] E. A. SMITH, Secretary.

December 15, 1880.

OFFICE OF KEOKUK NORTHERN LINE PKT. CO., ST. LOUIS, December 21, 1880.

THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Co. will be held at the company's office in St. Louis, Wednesday, January 19, 1881, from 9 a. m. until one (1) o'clock p. m., for the election of nine (9) Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them.

D. HUNKINS, Pres.

F. L. JOHNSTON, Sec'y.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Office St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, southeast corner of Seventh and Locust streets. St. Louis, January 3, 1881. The annual meeting of the members of this company will be held at their office on Monday, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., to receive reports and to elect three Directors. Polls open till 1 o'clock p. m.

JOHN J. SUTTER, Secretary.

THE VALLEY NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, December 28, 1880.

THE regular annual election for eleven Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held on Tuesday, January 25, 1881, at the banking rooms.

Polls open from 12 m. until 2 p. m.

G. H. GODDARD, Cashier.

THE president having failed to give the notice as required by the by-laws, election notice is hereby given that an annual meeting of stockholders of the St. Louis Polytechnic Iron Works for the election of three directors will be held at the company's office, room 17, in the house on the northwest corner of Third and Pine streets, St. Louis city, on Monday, January 10, 1881, from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

B. A. HILL, Treasurer and stockholder.

WM. PRESTON HILL, Secretary and stockholder.

St. Louis, Mo., December 24, 1880.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Office of Hughes Riding Plow Company.—Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of three Directors, to serve for the coming year, will be held at the office of the company, at No. 901 North Main street, St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, January 4, 1881, from 9 to 12 a. m.

J. T. DOWDALL, President.

E. N. DOWDALL, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS STONEWARE CO.—The regular annual election for three (3) Directors of this company will be held on Monday, January 17, 1881, at the office, 708 Locust street. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

LEVIN W. STEWART, Sec'y.

January 1, 1881.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of this company that the annual election of directors will be held at the office of the company, in the Equitable Building, northeast cor. Sixth and Locust streets, St. Louis, on the 11th day of January, 1881, at 9 o'clock a. m.

S. W. McMUNN, President.

ALBERT BLAIR, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Peckham Iron Co., for the election of seven directors, will be held at the office of the company, No. 317 Chamber of Commerce building, on Monday, the 10th day of January, 1881, at 9 a. m. of said day.

S. B. KELLOGG, Secretary.

St. Louis, Mo. December 31, 1880.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL ASSOCIATION, ST. LOUIS, December 30, 1880.

THE regular annual election for twenty one directors of this Association to serve during the ensuing year will be held Saturday, January 8, at their office, 718 Chestnut street.

Polls open from 10 a. m. to 1 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. GREEN, Pres.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the St. Louis Times, a corporation, for the election of officers and directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on Wednesday, the 12th day of January, 1881.

[Signed] B. M. CHAMBERS, Shareholder.

W. H. KERNEY, Shareholder.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills Company. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of five (5) Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such business as may be brought before it, will be held at the office of the company, corner of Main and Cherry streets, on Monday, January 10, 1881.

Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

M. HELMBACHER, Pres.

G. L. GOETZ, Sec'y.

St. Louis, December 21, 1880.

OFFICE SCHULTZ BELTING COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28, 1880.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of five (5) directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company on Tuesday, January eleventh (11th), 1881. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

JNO. A. J. SCHULTZ, Pres.

ALBERT HEWITT, Sec'y.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, December 8, 1880.

THE regular annual election for nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 11, 1881, at the banking rooms. Polls open from 12 m. until 2 o'clock p. m.

T. A. STODDART, Cashier.

## DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—St. Louis, December 31, 1880.—The Board of Directors of the Mechanics' Bank have declared a dividend of 3 per cent, payable on demand.

R. R. HUTCHINSON, Cashier.

## FORWARD TO 1884!

### Never Despair of the American Republic.

## Prospectus of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the sixth triumph of Radicalism the POST-DISPATCH recognizes the most serious menace to republican institutions that the country has ever known. The Secessionists, under the leadership of Jeff Davis in 1860, sought only to divide the Republic, but the so-called Republican party of to-day, under the control of Conkling, Grant, Logan et al., threatens to destroy it. A great step has been taken in the direction of Centralization. The Republican party stands committed to the Money Power, to the vast Monopolies which foster class legislation and to every element opposed to the interests of the masses. Its compact organization, its late successful struggle in behalf of an unworthy standard-bearer, its sectionalism and its determination to treat as enemies of the country all advocates of a change of administration stamp it at once as a dangerous foe of Liberty. It is the party of Monarchical tendencies and its late triumph bodes no good to our institutions.

The POST-DISPATCH will maintain its position in the ranks of the Opposition. It proposes to battle more vigorously than ever against the party of Grantism and Centralization. This is no time to falter or grow weak. Cowards may skulk and some men who have suffered defeat year after year may lose faith and hope, but the duty of the true Patriot and lover of the Republic was never more clearly defined.

The POST-DISPATCH, while it acknowledges no fealty to men, will continue to preach sound, true Democratic doctrine and opposition to the pernicious tendencies of the Republican party. Its independence, its fearlessness and its honesty of purpose have been thoroughly well established. People who like a newspaper that has courage enough to point out the faults of its party associates and tell the truth though the heavens fall while battling for constitutional government, will never be disappointed in the POST-DISPATCH.

The great Conservative party of the country cannot be annihilated by defeat. The existence of such an organization is necessary to the welfare of the Republic. Garfieldism in 1880 means Grantism and the overthrow of our existing system in 1884. The battle against the Empire and the Oligarchy of wealth must be commenced now. In the front rank of this contest the POST-DISPATCH will be found. It promises not to give over until the principles of self-government are vindicated. The POST-DISPATCH is now acknowledged to be

THE LEADING AFTERNOON JOURNAL OF THE WEST.

Its growth has been steady and legitimate. Its position is assured. Both its circulation and its revenue doubled during the last year. With increased strength its facilities will be increased, and the next year will witness great improvements in its methods and its aims. With the new year its news resources will be greatly strengthened. Its Telegraphic service will be enlarged, its corps of correspondents will be doubled, its mechanical capacity will be improved and every effort that experience can direct or money employ will be made to keep the daily POST-DISPATCH in the front rank of modern American journals.

### The Weekly Post-Dispatch.

is known and read in nearly every State of the Union. It is a handsome eight-page paper, filled with matter carefully prepared, sorted and arranged for the people of the West and South. Its Correspondence, its Stories, its Miscellany, its Editorials, its Agricultural Essays, its news and its Market reports are features commending it to all persons who are unable, by reason of location or condition, to subscribe for an expensive daily paper. It is a complete epitome of the world's doings from week to week, and we have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the best and cheapest newspaper in the land. It should have a place in every workshop and rural home in Missouri and the Southwest.

### RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily, per week | 20 cents. |
| Daily, per month | 85 cents. |
| Daily, three months | $2 50 |
| Daily, six months | 4 50 |
| Daily, per year | 9 00 |

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

### THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS, $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

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No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis

**W. F. LAMBE & CO.,**

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Gas and Steam Fitters,
and Sewer Builders,
NO. 813 MARKET STREET.

**DRUNK AGAIN.** Gentlemen who get sobered up in a few hours with my wonderful and infallible Gold Remedy for drunkenness. Persons diseased from excessive use of alcoholic beverages and opium treated and permanently cured. Book treatise on Gold Cure sent free on application.
P. D. CORDELL,
704 and 706 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

**Anthracite Coal.**

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Lebanon, Ills., Pittsburg and Blossburg Coals.

JAS. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
319 Olive Street.

AGENCY FOR THE LEHIGH VALLEY
ANTHRACITE COAL,
INDIANA BLOCK, CANNEL,
and the best ILLINOIS COALS at the lowest market rates.
THE ST. LOUIS IMPROVED STREET SPRINKLING COMPANY, 722 Olive street.

**13 Pounds** of brown sugar $1; eleven pounds of clarified sugar $1; teas and coffees ten per cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Ten pounds granulated sugar, $1. ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 106 North Fifth street.

Dr. J. Conzelman's Cough Syrup for coughs, colds, croup and all lung affections is unsurpassed, and for whooping cough the specific cure. Sold by Druggists.

## LOCAL NEWS.

DON'T forget the bargains offered by H. D. Mann & Co., 417 and 419 N. Fourth street, in Dress Goods for Holiday Presents. Fifty cent goods for 25c; $1 goods for 50 cents—all wool.

ENGLISH ladies, since using Pozzoni's Complexion Powder, have much improved the toilet.

**Vienna Zwieback.**
Prepared only by Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut. For sale by all grocers.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 North Seventh street.

**DR. E. C. CHASE,**
822 Olive street, .t of best teeth only $8.

**For Sale.**
A most excellent, gentle saddle horse. Has all gaits. Inquire at this office.

### Local Brevities.

Last evening Prof. Rees delivered a lecture on "The Sun." to a good-sized audience at Washington University.

The late contributions to the Parnell defence fund have footed up $200, which will be forwarded to Mr. Parnell to-morrow.

The Bar Association met last night and discussed some amendments and the report of the Committee on Depositions. Resolutions by Messrs. Haeusler and Judson were laid over till the next meeting two weeks hence.

An alarm from box 95 at 11 o'clock last night was caused by fire in National Hall, corner of Broadway and Chambers street. The damage to the building, owned by Feuerbacher & Schlossstein was $500. The Turners lost $300 on their property.

At the meeting of the Academy of Science last night at the Polytechnic Building the following officers were elected: President, Dr. Engelmann; first vice-president, Shafer Smith; second vice-president, M. L. Gray; recording secretary, Prof. F. E. Nipher; corresponding secretary, Nathaniel Holmes; treasurer, Dr. Enno Sander; librarian, F. M. Crunden; curators, Prof. G. Hambach, Prof. W. B. Potter and Dr. D. Evers. Fred Rauschhaupt was elected an associate member.

### Cafe de Cooney.

About a year ago a good-natured little Irishman put in an appearance at the entrance to the Merchants' Exchange Hall carrying a basket of ham sandwiches. The sandwiches were excellent and neatly served, and the basket was rapidly cleaned out. Encouraged by the generous patronage of the Exchange, he came the next day, and continued coming, adding meanwhile to the stock in his basket, until finally a table had to be provided to display his lunch. Then he was allowed a corner near the main entrance in which to have his lunch counter, where, besides sandwiches, he served "mince, apple, cranberry and jamberry poy," milk, coffee, cigars, etc. Another move has now been made by the little Irishman, he having rented the room formerly occupied by E. W. Fox, at the head of the grand stairs, where he will hereafter serve his lunch for the Exchange members. The Cafe de Cooney was formally opened today.

A GENTLEMAN in Warren, Pa., Mr. F. Baltzinger, suffered so with rheumatism that he was unable to put his feet to the floor. A friend recommended St. Jacobs Oil, and twenty minutes after applying it all pain had vanished. The use of less than two bottles performed a perfect cure. He says he would as soon be without bread as St. Jacobs Oil.

**Patent Roller Office Desks.**
Also a large stock of OFFICE DESKS of various styles, and a beautiful stock of BEDROOM, PARLOR and DINING-ROOM SUITS, in new and artistic designs, at
GUERNSEY, JONES & CO.,
800 N. Fourth street, St. Louis.

### Impaled on a Meat-Hook.

Yesterday Wm. Vetter, clerk at the Broadway store, on Compton and Clark avenues, was hanging up meat on some large hooks, when he met with a painful accident. He used a step-ladder to reach the proper height, and was in the act of hanging up a piece of meat, when the bottom began to slide away. In his excitement he grasped at the framework for support, and his hand struck the spear-pointed hook, which pierced the palm of the hand. It was frightfully torn, as his whole weight was hung by his hand. Before he could extricate himself the flesh in his hand was lacerated so that the blood streamed from the wound.

### City Hall Happenings.

Eleven burial permits were issued up to 12 o'clock to-day.

The committees of the House of Delegates on public improvements and the Mound City extension meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The contract will be awarded for supplying the Poor-house and City Hospital with dry goods this afternoon at the office of the Supply Commissioner.

The Board of Public Improvements held its regular weekly meeting at the City Hall this morning. The usual routine business in relation to opening streets and sewers, making improvements and considering various petitions was transacted.

### Suit Against the Ex-Sheriff.

The suit of Abbie and Frank Kearney against ex Sheriff Finn and his bondsmen is on trial to-day in Circuit Court No. 1. The plaintiffs lost their property, which was sold under a tax judgment, and they allege that the Sheriff made a false return. The service writ was returned "not found." They ask judgment for penalty of bond, $50,000, and damages in the sum of $4,000.

A DOSE in time saves nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

## WONDERFUL.

### The Police Commissioners Can't Gain Admittance to a Hell.

### What Commissioner Moffett Thinks of the Judges—That's Where the Shoe Pinches.

The POST-DISPATCH of yesterday had a long and interesting account of a raid made on the gamblers by POST-DISPATCH reporters on Saturday night. The entire seventeen faro and keno shops were visited and described at length. The Police Commissioners are of opinion that the gambling isn't very open, but the reporters found no difficulty whatever in gaining admission.

Police Commissioner Leslie Moffett was called upon this morning and asked if he had read the article alluded to. Yes, he had. It was interesting reading, but he supposed that it was made up without the visits. He said he himself had never been able to get into a gambling-room in the city, although he had frequently tried. "They won't let me through the first door."

"Don't you think, Mr. Moffett, that gambling is more open and more general now than ever before?"

"No, I don't. It has always been very bad, and there seems to be little possibility of rooting it out. It can't be done. Men have always gambled and they always will. It might with proper legislation be somewhat checked and kept under control."

"What is the trouble, Mr. Moffett? Is it the Commissioners or the police or the law that is at fault?"

"The main trouble is the law. We can't raid them, we dare not batter down their doors nor can we take an implement away from them as we used to. The Supreme Court has so decided and we are powerless. Before a gambling house can be entered a warrant has to be sworn out before the Prosecuting Attorney. If it is necessary to take any of the implements to be used as witnesses, the Prosecuting Attorney takes charge of them and subsequently returns them to the house."

"What would you favor in the way of legislation? Would a heavy license do any good?"

"I can't be sure that it would, but if every Police Commissioner favored a license we would not be allowed to collect it. There are people here in the city who are opposed to a license and they will go to Jefferson City and defeat any move in that direction. I think that gambling should be made a penal offense. It is useless to fine them. The fine is easily paid, but if they had to do a little labor at the Workhouse I think they would quit the business."

"Do you think that the law is well administered on the cases you make out against them?"

"No, sir. I do not. There is where the rottenness is, and you may say that I said so. If you newspaper men want to do some good, just let three or four men be detailed to watch the Four Courts, and there will be less to complain of about the gamblers, the lottery men and the thugs generally. There is a loose screw in the way of the Police Commissioners, which effectually prevents them enforcing even the very poor law that we have. If I could talk to you just to give you private information, and you wouldn't publish what I said, I could open your eyes and convince you that all the rascality in the city isn't in the gambling houses!"

"If gambling could be punished by a commitment to the Work-house, do you think the police judges would put the penalty on?"

"I think Judge Dennison would."

"How about the other?"

"Well I won't say, but you know my opinion."

A call was made upon Commissioner Armstrong. He was at the Four Courts and in fine spirits. No, he hadn't read the POST-DISPATCH article, but he had read in that paper about a raid made a few nights before, in which the reporter claimed to have seen the police fraternizing with the gamblers they had arrested. He wanted to find that reporter by G—— and find out who those officers were and bounce them off the force. He didn't think gambling was any worse now than it had always been. He favored a license himself so as to get a good fat revenue out of them. He himself was unable to gain entrance to the houses, and he didn't make a detective out of himself. He thought that the law was poorly administered around that building.

## A BABY BURNED.

### Fatal Result of a Blaze in an Up-Town Tenement

Shortly after 10 o'clock this morning the cry of fire was raised in an alley in the rear of 1213 North Seventh street. It is a locality densely populated by the poorer class, and there swarmed forth from the tenements throngs of excited people. Smoke and flame were pouring from the windows of a second-story back room in a frame building occupied by the family of Frank Bartley. Those who arrived first found the door fastened and on bursting in saw a sight calculated to unnerve stout hearts. The room is scarcely more than ten feet square. In one corner was the bed, a mass of flames; on the floor lay a child of three years burned beyond all hope, and near by lay a babe of two months in a cradle toward which the devouring element was creeping.

It took the firemen but a few moments to rescue the infant and stamp out the blaze. A hasty examination showed that the older child was beyond earthly salvation. From face to feet the front of its body was burned to a crisp and the skin had sloughed off and hung like the tatters of a garment. The face had a raw, half-cooked appearance. It was something to make those used to hard sights turn away with a sickening feeling.

To a reporter Mrs. Bartley told a pitiful tale. She had gone out for the purpose of visiting a pawn-shop to raise something on her shawl with which to buy bread. Before leaving she had taken the little girl, Annie, aged three, out of the bed, and had placed her in a chair before the fire with her feet on the hearth, telling her not to stir till she got home. The little one had on nothing but a night-dress. This was all the mother knew till word was brought her of the fire. Her theory was that the child must have thrust a stick in the fire and then waved it over her head and around her until the brand touched the bed and ignited it. There was but a narrow space between the chair and the bed, and the theory of the origin of the fire was generally accepted; more so, indeed, than was the woman's story that she had gone out to get bread. The neighbors shook their heads at this and said simply "whisky."

The child died before noon. The body was not even scorched, so prompt was the rescue. Bartley, the husband and father, was working across the river, his wife said, and a messenger was sent to convey the sad tidings. The damage to the furniture and building is not more than $50. The premises belong to Mrs. Lon Sanders.

### A Mishap to Two Ladies.

A horse attached to a buggy, in which Mrs. Maria W. Jones and Mrs. Harriet A. Smith were seated, took fright on Eighth, between Cass avenue and Mullanphy street, yesterday afternoon, and ran away. On Howard street the buggy collided with one of Heller & Hoffman's furniture wagons, and both the ladies were thrown to the ground. Mrs. Jones escaped uninjured, but Mrs. Smith's left hip and shoulder were very severely bruised. They were attended by Dr. McElhenny and taken to their homes on Moore, between O'Fallon and Bryan avenues. The buggy was badly demolished.

## THE SOLONS' START.

### A Train Full of Legislative and Official Talent.

This morning's train on the Missouri Pacific took out a couple of coaches full of prospective legislators and candidates for official positions. Senator Ben Naylor was early on the platform, accompanied by Dan. Able, who can be put down safely as a candidate for something. The St. Louis delegation found further representation in Hugh J. Brady, Richard Wray, James Stanton and James McGarry. Most of the other members from St. Louis went up yesterday. Those who left this morning will be in time to participate in the preliminary caucus to-night. Charles P. Johnson expected to get away this morning, but was delayed.

The train took out Gottschalk, of St. Louis, one of the Senators holding over; Representatives Cox, of Ste. Genevieve, and Berryman, of Iron; Lieut.-Gov. Brokmeyer, whose official life comes to a close with the organization of the Senate; ex-Senator Bob Claiborne, who is bent on having Charles E. Pollack made Chief Clerk of the House; Geo. W. Bauman, who will make himself comfortable in Jefferson for the winter; W. T. Marsh and James Johnson, candidates for the position of official reporter of the Senate; Tom Morris, who wants to be clerk of the St. Louis delegation; Tim Moraghan, who is building the Lucieds and Creve Cœur Railroad, and is going to see Cockrell made Senator; Carney Parsons, one of the penitentiary deputies; Senator Sam Byrnes, of Jefferson county; Senator W. A. Jacobs, who has been spending several days in the city, the guest of Mr. Joseph G. Lodge, the attorney.

The Democratic caucus for permanent organization will be held Wednesday evening, and on Monday the House formally organized. The first ballot for U. S. Senator will be taken on the 18th.

A gentleman whose relations are confidential with Mr. Thomas Allen said to a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning: "Really, Mr. Allen is giving little attention to the Senatorial matter. He has not decided yet to enter the race and will not until his friends have made a canvass of the situation at Jefferson City and tell him there are good prospects for success. I think it very doubtful if Mr. Allen will be put forward at all as a candidate at Jefferson this winter."

## CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

F. W. Mott, former secretary of the Carondelet Home Mutual Insurance Company, this morning turned over all books and papers connected therewith to Chas. W. Hoffmeister, the new secretary.

A novel case for Carondelet has just been settled in Justice Lobsinger's court. Not long since mention was made of the attack upon Constable Sondag by Kate Oberly, when the Constable made a levy upon a horse belonging to Kate, who had some time before purchased the horse, giving her note for the amount, which was not paid. Suit was brought, judgment obtained, and, as she still had the horse, the levy was made and the animal sold. Kate Oberly then made arrangements to take an appeal, employing counsel, claiming that she could hold a certain amount of personal property from exemption. Section 2342, page 391, revised statutes, however, settled the status of the horse, as the judgment was for the purchase money, and not exempt. The appeal was then withdrawn.

### Cockrell Rides With the Boys.

Senator Cockrell went up to Jefferson City Sunday night. At the Union Depot he met a friend, who remarked: "You are going to be early in the fight, Senator?"

"Fight, nothing?" was the light reply, "it's as good as settled now."

Observing the Senator edging toward the front of the train. His friend asked, "Why don't you take the sleeper, Senator?"

Mr. Cockrell shook his head decidedly and said: "No, sir. I don't ride in a sleeper. I go with the boys. That's accommodation enough for me," and he disappeared through the door of the coach abaft the baggage car in an atmosphere of smoke from Keytesville Havanas.

## AN ASSIGNMENT.

### Messrs. Bowman & Bleyer, Wine Merchants Suspend.

An assignment for benefit of creditors was executed this morning by the firm of Bowman & Bleyer, wholesale liquor dealers, Fourth and Walnut streets. The deed is executed in favor of Isidor Bush. It is stated the liabilities amount to $130,000 00. The full value of the estate is sworn to Sam'l Bowman in the sum of $124,919 48; consisting of stock wines and liquors, bills and notes, and open accounts

### The Liberal Literary Club.

The 100th regular meeting of the Liberal Literary Club will be held this evening at Jefferson Hall, corner of Jefferson and Lucas avenues. A large attendance and an excellent programme are assured. The growth of this society has been steady and constant from the opening meeting in the winter of 1877 until the present, and it is confidently believed that its future will be even more prosperous than its past.

### Unfortunate Miss Grover.

Miss Grover, the young lady who exposed her infant to death on a vacant lot in the western part of the city, is still very ill with puerperal fever, and the physician gives little hope of recovery. A police guard is maintained at the house day and night.

## CITY PERSONALS.

"Coast Guard" Landers has walked off with the prize for selling the largest number of Charity Ball tickets in the Central District.

The Allen Senatorial movement is slightly lame. Mr. George Mills who went out to feel the pulse of the country on Mr. Allen's candidacy is hobbling about with a sprained ankle.

Sergeant Frank Watkins, of the Chestnut Street Police Station rejoices in the possession of a horned owl. It was captured by his brother, a farmer near Girard, Kansas, across the Missouri border, the stuffing and mounting would be a credit to any city taxidermist.

Col. Berry Mitchell will deliver his celebrated lecture on "American Statesmen" Thursday evening next, at the rooms corner of Seventh and Olive. Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, at $1 each, by Col. Mitchell. There will be no interruption of the lecture.

It is said that Major John N. Edwards, of the Sedalia Democrat, is about to retire from the management of that paper. The Major is interested in valuable silver mines in Arkansas, and it is presumed that his retirement from the Democrat is to enable him to give all his attention to his mining property in the South.

**Everybody Pleased.**
Everybody who examines or uses the Charter Oak Cook Stove is pleased with its great capacity, superior construction, neat appearance, cleanliness in operation, and the construction of its Reservoir and closet, and say it is unequaled as a perfect Cooking stove.

## NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

Olive Branch Lodge, No. 812, K. of P., installed officers for the ensuing six months last night.

Mrs. Hattie Wood and three small children are in destitute circumstances at Fourteenth and Jefferson streets.

This morning the team of Edward Bermings ran away on Fourteenth and Talcott avenue, damaging the wagon about $15.

## THE COUNTY CONTEST.

### A Delegation of Democrats Support the Claims of Robert G. Coleman.

Among the departures for Jefferson City this morning was a strong Democratic delegation from St. Louis county, going up to press the claims of Robert G. Coleman, who contests the seat of Thomas G. Allen. The latter is a lawyer and lives near Jennings Station. He was the Republican candidate for the State Senate at the late election and on the face of the returns was elected. It is claimed, however, that he was ineligible by reason of not having paid any tax in the county, in accordance with the constitutional provision. Allen asserts that he was a tax-payer in the city, and that meets the requirement.

The gentlemen who accompanied Mr. Coleman to Jefferson this morning were Alfred Carr, Capt. David Clarkson, James McCousland and M. F. Taylor. The last-named gentleman has prepared a brief, copies of which will be placed in the hands of the Senators. It is expected that when the new Senators are sworn in objection will be made to Mr. Allen, and that his case will be referred to a committee before which Mr. Taylor and the other gentlemen who represent the Democratic Central Committee of St. Louis county will appear.

The brief states the contest as follows:

"At the last general election, two persons, to-wit: Robert G. Coleman and Thomas G. Allen, presented themselves to the voters of the Twenty-seventh Senatorial district, composed of St. Louis county, as candidates for a seat in your body as members from said District. Upon a count of the ballots, it appeared that Thos. G. Allen, who was the choice of the Republican party, had received more ballots than his opponent. By authority of Mr Coleman, a protest was entered against the issuance by the County Clerk of a certificate entitling Mr. Allen to a seat in your body, the ground of such protest being that Mr. Allen had not paid a State and county tax within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the State.

"In accordance with this protest, the clerk certified that Mr. Allen exhibited to him a tax collector's receipt for a State and city tax, paid in the city of St. Louis within one year next preceding the last election. It will be assumed, first, that Allen had not paid a tax in the county of St. Louis, which comprised the whole of the district, and second, that a tax paid in the city is, for all the purposes of the law, a 'county' tax.

"Two questions are here presented and submitted for your consideration:

"1. Does the statute, putting the constitutional provision into effect require the payment of a tax within the district from which the Senator claims to come?

"2. The person receiving the highest number of votes not having paid the lawful tax, and being therefore ineligible, will the person having the next highest number of votes be entitled to the seat?"

The affirmative of both of these questions is assumed by Mr. Taylor and supported by copious quotations from the statutes and decisions.

Mr. Joseph A. Brown will joint the county delegation to-night and assist Mr. Taylor in the argument.

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TRADE MARK.



THE GREAT
**GERMAN REMEDY.**
FOR
**RHEUMATISM,**
*Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.*

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of **50 Cents**, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

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**HOSTETTER'S**
CELEBRATED



**STOMACH BITTERS**

Sleep, Appetite and Strength

Return when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is systematically used by a bilious dyspeptic sufferer. Moreover, since the brain sympatizes closely with the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and the bowels, as their derangement is rectified by the action of the Bitters, mental despondency produced by that derangement disappears.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

**TROWSERS**

We are in daily receipt of large invoices of

**Men's and Boys' Pantaloons,**

And persons whose wardrobes require replenishing can find with us an assortment well worthy of their inspection. Attention is invited to the superior cut and finish of these garments, as we believe that they are not equaled in this market.

**F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.**

N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

REGULAR
Merchants' Exchange Ticket
FOR 1881.

ELECTION JANUARY 5, '81

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CHAS. E. SLAYBACK.

For Vice-Presidents:
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For Directors:
ALEX. H. SMITH, C. F. ORTHWEIN,
CONRAD FATH, D. R. FRANCIS.
S. A. BEMIS.

Committee on Appeals:
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JOHN SHIELDS, G. W. CAMPBELL,
R. J. WHITLEDGE, J. C. MacGINNITIE
JAS. L. HUSE, H. F. LANGENBERG
CHAS. L. DEAN, J. C. KLEEKAMP,
J. W. EICKS, M. BERNHEIMER.

Committee on Arbitration:
FRANK RYAN, D. W. CLIFTON,
ED. F. HOPPE, E. W. DONK,
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**TOLU**
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Scientifically prepared of BALSAM TOLU, CRYSTALIZED ROCK CANDY, OLD RYE WHISKY and other Tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of one of our most prominent chemists, Prof. G. A. Mariner, of Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU, ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the Incipient and Advanced Stages.

Used as a Beverage and Appetizer, making a delightful tonic for family use. You will find it pleasant to take, of great service, if weak or debilitated gives Strength, Tone and Activity to the whole human frame.

☞ Put up in Quart size Bottles for Family use. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

**LAWRENCE & MARTIN**
(Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas),
111 Madison Street, Chicago,
Wholesale Agents in St. Louis, RICHARDSON O., and DAVID NICHOLSON.

## DIED.

ALGER—On January 3, at 4 p. m., after a short illness, GENEVIEVE ALGER, aged 19 years 3 months and 26 days.

Funeral takes place from J. M. Ward's (her uncle's) residence, Eleventh and Poplar streets, Wednesday, January 5, at 1:30 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

San Francisco, Cal., papers please copy.

**23D YEAR---ENNIS.**

Manufacturing Stationers, Blank Book Makers, Job Printers, Wholesale Booksellers, 118 and 120 Olive Street.

THANKS.—To our large number of patrons throughout the States of Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, the Indian Territory, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, Tennessee, Kentucky and the Northwest, we return our respectful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended during the past twenty-two years. IN THE FUTURE—Doing business in our own building, especially erected for our line of trade—economy the watchword, one price to all, and that the lowest. Purchasing goods for net cash in foreign and domestic markets, we are consequently enabled to offer everything in our line at prices to defy competition.

**1st ANNUAL CLEARING SALE**
OF THE
ENTIRE STOCK
OF
Fall and Winter
**Boots and Shoes,**
AT THE
**Great Central SHOE STORE,**
**No. 815 N. Fifth St.**
Call Early and Secure
**BARGAINS!**

## LEGAL.

### Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Stagg, Moses S. Forbes, Huntington Smith and John H. Tracy are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. Lots 1 and 8, in block 13, in White Place addition, having each a front width of 66 feet on Julia avenue, by a depth or length each of 128 feet.

Number 2. Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, in block 13 in White Place addition, having each a front width of 50 feet on Julia avenue by a depth or length of 128 feet each.

Number 3. Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, in city block 2294, having each a front width of 25 feet on Cook avenue by a depth or length each of 135 feet.

Number 5. Lots 16 and 17 in city block 2293, having each a front width of 30 feet on Finney avenue by a depth or length each of 150 feet.

Number 9. Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, in city block 2294, having each a front width of 25 feet on Page avenue by a depth or length of 165 feet each.

And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 25w

### Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Jane Eliza Adams, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of
JANE ELIZA ADAMS,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of December, 1880.
MARTHA MULLIGAN,
Administratrix.
HITCHCOCK, LUBKE & PLAYER, Attorneys for Estate. 21W

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of
JOHANNES HECKMANN,
deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden in said city on the first Monday in March, 1881.

JOHN B. SCHELLING,
Executor of Johannes Heckmann, deceased.
St. Louis, January 1, 1881. 20W

ST. LOUIS, December 31, 1880.—The firm of Brown, Dugan & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. D. Newton Brown is authorized to collect all debts due the latter firm and assumes payment of all their liabilities.

D. NEWTON BROWN.
REES W. DUGAN.
JAS. C. DUGAN.

**ARBITER OF FASHIONS. REGULATOR OF PRICES.**



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207 N. FOURTH STREET, NEAR PINE.
**Globe-Democrat Office Opposite Keevil's.**